

Commanding Officer United States Coast Guard YARD 2401 Hawkins Point Road Baltimore, MD 21226 Phone: 410-636-4097 Fax: 410-636-7692

5090 September 28, 2012



CERTIFIED MAIL

Ms. Joan Martin Banks (3HS62) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region III 1650 Arch Street Philadelphia, PA 19103-2029

Dear Ms Banks:

This letter is in response to the April 23, 2012 letter from Ms. Joanne Marinelli, Chief, Cost Recovery Branch, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region III (EPA), to CDR John P. Slaughter, formerly of U.S. Coast Guard Yard, 2401 Hawkins Point Road, Baltimore, Maryland. Enclosed please find a disc containing the United States Coast Guard response. If you have any questions, please contact our counsel, Ms. Ruth Ann Weidel, at 202-372-3749 or email Ruthann.n.Weidel@uscg.mil.

Sincerely,

John F. Barresi

Commander, U. S. Coast Guard

Chief, Facilities Management Department, USCG YARD

By direction of the Commanding Officer

Enclosure

RESPONSE TO EPA QUESTIONS

1. What is the current nature of your activity?

RESPONSE: The Coast Guard Yard is an active ship yard repair facility. In addition to the shipyard, the Yard houses various other Coast Guard (CG) components *e.g.*, CG Cutters and the Surface Forces Logistics Center (SFLC), which stores boat, helicopter and plane replacement parts.

What was the nature of your activity during the period 1960 to 1990? Please describe in detail if the nature of your activity changed from the period 1960 to 1990.

RESPONSE: See above response. Moreover, CG vessels were built, as well as repaired, at the CG Yard until the mid-1980s.

Please provide a detailed explanation of the changes to date.

RESPONSE: The CG Yard functions in essentially the same way currently as it did previously with the exception of the building of vessels. As EPA knows, the Yard is a Superfund site and the CG has remediated, or is currently in the process of remediating, areas of contamination under the aegis of the Maryland Department of the Environment and EPA.

- 2. EPA has obtained information during the course of its investigation indicating that you may have produced waste at Curtis Bay which was disposed of at the Site, and/or disposed of waste at the Site referenced in this letter. Please provide the following information regarding all wastes and by-products produced by you during the period 1960 to 1990:
- a. The nature of each "waste" (as the term "waste" is defined in paragraph 6 of the definitions attached hereto) used including its chemical content, characteristics and physical state (*i.e.*, liquid, solid, gas, or in the form of contaminated rags, cups, containers). Provide chemical analyses and Material Safety Data Sheets ("MSDS").

RESPONSE: The CG has been unable to locate at this point any records relating to such disposal or current CG Yard employees who are aware that any waste from the CG Yard was disposed at the Sauer Dump. See attached documentation, including but not limited to Maryland Annual Hazardous Waste Reports for various years from 1984 to 1990. MSDS sheets for various chemicals that may have resulted in various types of waste streams delineated in these Hazardous Waste Reports are attached.

If these analyses are not available for the period 1960 through 1990, submit analyses for the time period closest to these dates and describe, in detail, any changes in the process (es) in which these wastes were produced that would affect the chemical analyses;

RESPONSE: See response to question 2.a. above.

b. The annual quantity of each "waste" used or generated;

RESPONSE: See attached documentation.

c. The process (es) in which each "waste" was used or the process (es) that generated each;

RESPONSE: See attached documentation. For various wastes in the above Hazardous Waste Reports, the following wastes were generated, and to the best of our current knowledge, this was a result of the below delineated processes:

Alanite – Cleaning of aluminum

Cadmium Chloride – Unknown.

Sodium Hydroxide – Metal cleaning.

Sodium Meta Silicate – Aluminum cleaning.

Sodium Carbonate – Aluminum cleaning.

Diversy – Aluminum cleaning.

Oakite – Metal cleaning.

Pensolve – Unknown.

PCB – Use in Transformers, chromelock for vibration dampening, in some paints.

Mercury – Unknown.

Calcium Hypochlorite – Unknown.

Sulfuric acid – Metal cleaning.

Acetone – Metal cleaning.

Ethylene Glycol – Use of antifreeze in motors/equipment.

Styrene monomer – inhibited – Fiberglassing of boats and boat shafts.

Stoddard solvent (Tetrachloroethane) – Degreasing.

Waste paint/thinners/resins/lead/solvents – Painting operations.

Waste solvent caulk – Sealing seams or holes in boats.

Waste barium oxide – Contained in emergency breathing escape devices.

Zinc Chromate – Prime coat prior to painting.

Polyurathane – Painting

d. The types of containers used to treat, store or dispose of each "waste";

RESPONSE: Waste was most commonly disposed in 55 gallon drums.

and

e. The method of treatment and/or disposal of each "waste."

RESPONSE: Records and investigative studies, previously submitted to EPA as part of the aforementioned delineation of the CG Yard as a SUPERFUND Site, reflect the disposal of wastes referenced therein at the Yard. Due to the voluminous nature of these records, the CG is not reproducing them as part of this Request.

- 3. Provide the names, titles, areas of responsibility, addresses and telephone numbers of all personnel during the period of 1960 to 1990 who may have:
- a. Disposed of or treated "waste" at the Site;

RESPONSE: See below and attached documentation to extent it may be relevant. The CG has been unable to locate at this point any current CG Yard employees who are aware that any waste from the CG Yard was disposed at the Sauer Dump. Employees who may have pertinent information as to this issue include the following:

Current employees:

Dale Brice, former Yard trash truck driver, now forklift operator, Yard Industrial Department,

Former employees:

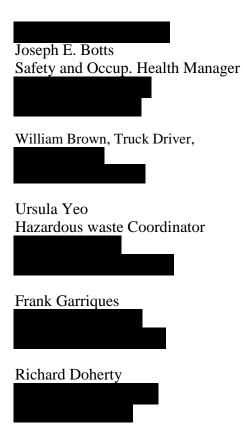
Walter C. Dorsch Jr. Facilities Management

Everett C. Warble Jr.

Safety and Occupational Health Manager

Stanley P. Patro Jr.

Shop Planner



b. Arranged for the disposal or treatment of "waste" at the Site;

RESPONSE: Please refer to response to question 3.a. above.

and

c. Arranged for the transportation of "waste" to the Site (either directly or through transshipment points) for disposal or treatment.

RESPONSE: Please refer to response to question 3.a. above.

4. Describe the methods used by you to dispose and/or treat "waste" during the period 1960 to 1990.

RESPONSE: The CG Yard had an active incinerator on site to burn waste during the period beginning in the 1930s/1940s. It is believed that waste stopped being incinerated sometime during the 1970s based on available information to date. The former incinerator may have continued to be used as a trash transfer station for a period of time after through the 1980s. The former incinerator was torn down in 1996.

The Yard also maintained an area as a "burn pit" to incinerate wastes. Records previously submitted to EPA indicate that waste was dumped in the pit, accelerants were added and the wastes were incinerated.

It also appears that from the 1940s through 2007, the Yard maintained a salvage yard where metals were collected and sorted for recycling and disposal.

The Yard also disposed of some wastes off-site which included the contracting of a hauler or transporter to transport and/or dispose of wastes. See attached documentation.

5. If your response to Question 4 includes the contracting of a hauler or transporter to transport and/or dispose of wastes, explain the arrangements for those transactions and provide documentation that confirms the nature of those transactions.

RESPONSE: See attached documentation.

6. Did your activity make arrangements with any of the following companies: Robb
Tyler, Inc., Browning-Ferris, Lawrence Jendras, Herb Robertson, Modem Trash, Modem,
Inc., North Point Trash Removal, Warren Parker Hauling, Refuse Disposal Inc., F.P.R.
Bohager Company, Donald Siejack, Henry Siejack, Debris Disposal, Cross Efficient
Trash Removal Service, Inc., Jerome Cross, F.A. Sauer & Son, and Modem Trashmoval,
Inc. to transport and/or dispose of wastes?

RESPONSE: Unknown at this point because unable to locate any records. If so, identify:

a. The persons with whom you, or such other persons, made such arrangements;

RESPONSE: Unknown at this point because unable to locate any records.

b. Every date on which such arrangements took place;

RESPONSE: Unknown at this point because unable to locate any records.

c. For each transaction, the nature and quantity of the "waste" including the chemical content, characteristics, physical state (*i.e.*, liquid, solid), and the process for which the substance was used or the process that generated the substance;

RESPONSE: Unknown at this point unable to locate any records.

d. Precise locations at which each "waste" was disposed or treated;

RESPONSE: See prior responses.

e. The persons who selected the Site as the place at which "waste" was disposed or treated;

RESPONSE: Unknown at this point because unable to locate any records...

f. The final disposition of each of the "wastes" involved in such transactions; and

RESPONSE: Unknown at this point because unable to locate any records.

g. The names of employees, officers, owners and agents for each transporter.

RESPONSE: Unknown at this point because unable to locate any records.

7. For each and every instance in which your activity arranged for disposal or treatment of "waste" at the Site identify:

a. The characteristics, physical state (i.e., liquid, solid) and chemical composition of each "waste";

RESPONSE: Unknown at this point because unable to locate any records.

b. The persons who supplied you with "waste" material disposed or otherwise handled by you;

RESPONSE: Unknown at this point because unable to locate any records.

c. How such "wastes" were used, treated, transported, disposed or otherwise handled by you;

RESPONSE: Unknown at this point because unable to locate any records.

d. When and where such "wastes" were used, treated, transported, disposed or otherwise handled by you;

RESPONSE: Unknown at this point because unable to locate any records.

e. The quantity (number of loads, gallons, drums) of the "wastes" which were used, treated, transported, disposed or otherwise handled by you;

RESPONSE: Unknown at this point because unable to locate any records.

and

f. Any billing information and documents (invoices, trip tickets, manifests) in your possession regarding arrangements made with your activity to generate, treat, store, transport or dispose of "wastes" at the Site.

RESPONSE: Unknown at this point because unable to locate any records.

8. Provide the names, titles and areas of responsibility of any persons, including all present and former employees, who may be knowledgeable of your waste disposal practices, whether or not involving disposal at the Site, during the period 1960 to 1990. Include current addresses and dates of birth for former employees.

RESPONSE: Current employees: Dale Brice Former Yard trash truck driver, now forklift operator, Yard Industrial Department, Former Employees: Walter C. Dorsch Jr. Facilities Management William Brown, Truck Driver Retired: November 2011 Everett C. Warble Jr. Safety and Occupational Health Manager Stanley P. Patro Jr. Shop Planner Joseph E. Botts Safety and Occup. Health Manager Ursula Yeo Hazardous waste Coordinator Richard W. Doherty

Frank Garriques

9. Describe any permits or applications and any correspondence between you and any regulatory agencies regarding "wastes" transported to or disposed of at the Site.

RESPONSE: See attached documentation to extent it may be relevant.

10. Provide copies of any correspondence between you and any third party regarding "wastes" transported to or disposed of at the Site.

RESPONSE: See attached to extent they may be relevant.

11. Provide the identity of, and copies of any documents relating to, any other person who generated, treated, stored, transported or disposed, or who arranged for the treatment, storage, disposal or transportation of such "wastes" to the Site.

RESPONSE: See attached documents to the extent they may be relevant.

12. Provide the name, title, address, and telephone number of the person answering these questions on behalf of the respondent.

RESPONSE: Robert A. DeMarco, Yard Environmental Engineer, MS #10, 2401 Hawkins Point Road, Baltimore, MD 21226 (410) 636-7070.

13. For each question, provide the name, title, area of responsibility, current address and telephone number of all persons consulted in the preparation of the answers.

RESPONSE: Ms. Bethany Hill, Environmental Protection Specialist, MS #10, 2401 Hawkins Point Road, Baltimore, MD 21226 (410) 636-7026;

Mr. John Moore, Environmental Protection Specialist, MS #10, 2401 Hawkins Point Road, Baltimore, MD 21226 (410) 636-3775;

CDR John F.Barresi, Facility Management Department, MS #10, 2401 Hawkins Point Road, Baltimore, MD 21226 (410) 636-4097

Walter Misiorek, Chief, Retirement and Benefits Service Center U.S. Coast Guard Office of Civilian Human Resources, CG-1213 2100 2nd St., SW CG-1213, Room 8-0824 Washington, DC 20593-7801, Office: 202-475-5325

Mr. Jerry Davis, NE Branch Chief Civilian Human Resources US Coast Guard Yard MS #4 2401 Hawkins Point Road Baltimore, MD 21226 (410) 636-7094 DHS/OPM personnel. See attached emails.

14. If you have reason to believe that there may be persons able to provide more detailed or complete responses to any question contained herein or who may be able to provide additional responsive documents, provide the names, titles, areas of responsibility, current addresses, and telephone numbers of such persons and describe the additional information or documents they may have.

RESPONSE: See above responses.

15. For each and every question contained herein, if information or documents responsive to this Information Request are not in your possession, custody or control, then provide the names, titles, areas of responsibility, current addresses and telephone numbers of the persons from whom such information or documents may be obtained.

RESPONSE: See above responses.

16. If you have any information about other parties who may have information which may assist the Agency in its investigation of the Site or who may be responsible for the generation of, transportation to or release of contamination at the Site, please provide such information. The information you provide in response to this request should include each party's name, address, type of business and the reasons why you believe the party may have contributed to the contamination at the Site or may have information regarding the Site.

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MARYLAND OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAMS

GENERATOR ANNUAL HAZARDOUS WASTL REPORT

This report is for the calendar year ending December 31. 1984

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XIII. COMMENTS (enter information by section number—see instructions)

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MARYLAND OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAMS Generator Annual Hazardous Waste Report (cont.)

This report is for the calendar year ending December 11, 1984

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U. Upo aps/85

Memorandum



Subject HAZARDOUS WASTE MANIFESTS

Date 4 Feb 1985

. 5100

Reply to 10-120 Atta of Yeo: X324

From Manager, Industrial Operations

To Distribution

.1. The State of Maryland requires a report of hazardous waste generation for each calendar year. This report is now due. Please forward all copies of hazardous waste manifests for calendar year 1984 to Industrial Engineering by February 15, 1985 for inclusion in the report. The manifests will be returned to originators when the report is completed.

2. For future hazardous waste disposal, please note that the pink and green manifest is no longer valid. The new form is EPA Form 8730-22 (7-84) titled Hazardous Waste Manifest. These are available from the Hazardous Waste Coordinator, temporarily Ursula Yeo in Industrial Engineering. Assistance will be provided to properly complete the form.

J. N. PAYNE

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MARYLAND OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAMS

GENERATOR ANNUAL HAZARDOUS WASTE REPORT

This report is for the calendar year anding December 31, 3985

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IX. FACILI	TY'S EPA L.D. NO.	\$\\ 4\\	1910 Russell Street
FMDC	19:80 6 15:15:11:8:9	•	Beltimore Maryland 21230
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	vices Co., Inc FPA ID # T		
	te Oil Co EPA ID # M	DDO 3	0330690 EPA ID # MDD022527584
	lution Services- RPA TD # P	AUXU730	8966230
1 11 1		834	C. EPA Hazardous
mance of E	A Description of Waste	μžQ	(see instructions) D. Amount of Waste
	Hazardous Weste Liquid NOS	11.5	35
32	NA9189-Bilge Water w/chrome Hazardous Waste, Corosive	77.74	40 46 47 89 51 59 and
	Liquid NOS UN1760 (Alemite)	مرد	LII 11 0,0,0,06 6 5,1,5 P
1	Hazardous Waste Liquid NOS NA9189 (CCB770, Pensolve 814	n. 2	0,0,0,7 , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	Hazardous Waste Liquid NOS		0.0.0.2
	Corrosive UN1760 (Cakite) .	01.2	1 8 8 8 4 10 0 10 10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
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XIII. COMMENTS tenter information by section number-see instructional

Page 2 of 6

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MARYLAND OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAMS Generator Annual Hazardous Waste Report (cont.)

This repeat is for the calendar year anding December 11, 1985

Date rec'd:

VII. GENERATOR'S EPA I.D. NO.

GIM(D, 41 6, 90, 310, 71 84 4 11)

IX. FACILITY'S EPA I.D. NO.

1EIN1010-38 10191313108 181

VIII. FACILITY NAME repressly surface as which all waves out this page view stopped.

P.C.B. Incorporated of Missouri

X. FACILITY ADDRESS

2100 Wyandotte Avenue Kansas City Missouri 64108

State of the second of the second

XI. TRANSPORTATION SERVICES USED (to a like scame unit EPA relevation above reporters of all transporters unline appears many week

D&J Transportation Inc. - EPA ID # NYDO88658646 Hazmat Environmental Group - EPA ID # NYD980769947

XII. WA	Si	TE IDENTIFICATION	⊼:	Ċ.	1 C. EPA Hazanduus		₹ ¥
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<u></u>	\$	RQ Waste PCB ORM-E UN2315	j.	5	B. D. J.	0.00.014.70.17.6	P M
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Page 3 of 6

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Generator Annual Hazardous Waste Report (cont.)

They regard to fair the calendar year ending December 11, 1985

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NERATOR'S EPA I.D. NO.

CW 614161310130151814141113

IX. FACILITY'S EPA I.D. NO.

#P.H.D.19.810, 56 19.1413, 81

VIII. FACILITY NAME housely turing as which all support to

Alchem-Tron

X. FACILITY ADDRESS

7415 Bessemer Avenue Cleveland/Ohio 44127

XI. TRANSPORTATION SERVICES USED it is the major and EM alcohol about admires of all transporters solves services made and though the This set type in his amplified and page. Do not report on temperature denotes

XIII. VV Summen #	1 1 1	DENTIFICATION A Dimension of Winds		C EPA Hazardu Warle No.	1 _	. Amount of V	1 3
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1	HAZ	ardous Waste Solid NA9189		0,0,0,7 -, ,		0,02.5	
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Rage 4 of 6

MARYLAND OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAMS Generator Annual Hazardous Waste Report (cont.)

This region is for the calendar year reiding December 11, 1985

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Date	recd:	 	Recd	<u> </u>		

VIII, FACILITY NAME roundy facility is which all marks in

Malone Services Co., Inc.

CALLD K RETATOT STOT SERV

TO X. FACILITY ADDRESS

IX. FACILITY'S EPA I.D. NO.

197 South Street Texas City, Texas 77592

A CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE OF TH

XI. TRANSPORTATION SERVICES USED HAR BURNEY

XII, W. «quance »	ا انت	TE IDENTIFICATION A. Description of Waste		C. EPA Hazarduse Waste No. Issue instructionss D. Amount of Waste	E. Unit of Measure
1 1 1		Hazardous Waste Liquid NOS ORM-A NA9189 (Bilge Water	85	D. D. O. O. O. D. 13.6.6.96	P
1 [t	Į	W/O11 and solvent)			
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MARYLAND OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAMS

Generator Annual Hazardous Waste Report (cont.)

This equal is for the calendar year ending December 11, 1985

Case rec'd: _____ Rec'd by: _____

VII. GENERATOR'S EPA L.D. NO.

CM P 14 16 190 3 0 17 18 14 14 11

IX. FACILITY'S EPA I.D. NO.

[FN 14 1D 10 14 1 98 13 16 16 17 19]

VIII. FACILITY NAME namedy tarillas in saluris all superior of

SCA Chemical Services

X. FACILITY ADDRESS

1550 Balmer Road Model City, New York 14107

XI. TRANSPORTATION SERVICES USED (I'm the name and his abundance conducts of all management where these streets about the name of the conductive design of the second conductive design of the

XII. W	AS	TF IDENTIFICATION			. S
equance #	1 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	A. Description of Wave		C. EPA Hazardous Waste No. (see instructions) D. Amount of Water	K. Conit of
LLL	1	Hazardous Waste Liquid NOS NA9189 OPM-E	1	315 1 18 19 1 182 0,0,0, Q1 2,7,2,6	
1 1 1	[▲	Mazardous Waste Solid NOS Contaminated Empty Drums	1, 1	0,0,0,7,1]
<u> </u>	J	ORV-E	<u> </u>		
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<u>.L.I., L.</u>	111				
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Page 6 p/ 6

FICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL PRC AMS WASTE MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

Hawkins Point Hoad	Zartijon bi anosanji u su	
Street Location of Generator Site:	City	Zip code
(if different from	mailing address	6)
Person:		*
Joseph E. Botts		89-1600 Ext. 209
Name	Teleph	one number
Ulas I Doll	Safety & Oc	oup. Health Manager
Signature		Title .
	*	
1. Separation Is your company's waste coll decrease the volume of hazardous separate from non-hazardous waste	ection system d waste by keepin	esigned to g hazardous waste
-		Yes Ö No □
If yes, has the system been further reduce the amount of haza	rdoue waste?	
	1 .	Yee 🖾 No 🖂
What reduction in volume was	achieved in th	e last year?
approximately fifty (50) percent of the world to be in fact non-hazardous. Much		
2. <u>Substitution</u> Has your company substituted non-hazardous or less hazardous mamount or toxicity of hazardous w	aterial to redu	ce either the
operation?	Yes 🖸	NoM
If ves. when was the substit	ute introduced.	and to what

If yes, when was the substitute introduced, and to what extent has it reduced the toxicity or amount of hazardous waste generated in the last year?

3. Efficiency

Has your company improved the efficiency of operations so as to reduce the amount of hazardous waste generated?

Yes
No
No

If yes, please describe it briefly and state when it was instituted.

What amount of waste reduction was achieved in the last year?

4. Recycling on-site

Does your company's waste reduction program include a hazardous waste recycling operation on-site?

Yes 🗆 No 🖸

If yes, please briefly describe the recycling operation and state when it was instituted.

What amount of waste reduction was achieved in the last year?

5. Treatment on-site

Does your company's hazardous waste reduction program include on site waste treatment which minimizes the toxicity or amount of hazardous waste generated?

Yes 🗆 No 🔯

If yes, please briefly describe the treatment operation and state when it was instituted.

To what extent has the treatment operation reduced toxicity or reduced the amount of hazardous waste generated in the past year?

NOTE: Proposed for 1986 is transformer decontamination project to eliminate PCB waste, a solvent distillation system installation and an oil/water separator installation.

Convending Office U.S. Coast Guard Year Curtis Bay Basimore, MD 21226 Phone: 789-1602

Ext: 320

EL Warble

10-110 5100

13 Jan 1986 6 Har 1986

State of Maryland Waste Management Administration Hazardous Waste Division 201 West Preston Street Baltimore, Maryland 21201

Dear Sir:

In accordance with the state of Maryland regulations dealing with hazardous waste, the enclosed annual report is forwarded for the U.S. Coast Guard YARD, Curtis Bay.

If you have any questions in this matter, please contact me at (301) 789-1600 Ext. 209/320.

Sincerery,

By Direction of the Commanding Officer, YARD

Encl: Annual Hazardous Waste Report

3. 6.

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ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

The COPY

HAZARDOUS WASTE REPORT FOR 1986

GENERATOR ANNUAL HAZARDOUS WASTE REPORT This report is for the calendar year ending December 31, 1986 Read All Instructions Carefully Before Making Any Entries on Form

ı	NON.	RECLI	LATED	STATE	15
¥±	1.46714.	REJU		J 33 T 1 T	-

Complete this section <u>only</u> if you did not generate regulated quantities of hazardous waste at any time during the 1986 calendar year. Circle the <u>one</u> code at right that best describes your status during the entire year (see instructions for explanation of codes).

- Non-handler
- 2 Small Quantity Generator
- Exempt
- Beneficial Use
- Out of Business

. GENERATOR'S EPA I.D. NUMBER	This installation's Non-Regulated Status is Expected to Apply: DFOR 1986 OnlyD Permanently
T/AC FIMIDI4 6 9 0 3 0 7 8 4 4 TT1 13 14 15	
THE STATE OF THE S	C303 ENTRY (OFFICIAL USE ONLY):
I. NAME OF ESTABLISHMENT J!. S . C O A S T G U A R D Y A R I 0	
. ESTABLISHMENT MAILING ADDRESS	Biographic control of the second seco
HAWKIINS POINT ROAD	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
reet or P.O. Box (B A L T I M O R E ,	
5 16 ity or Town	41 42 47 51 State Zip Code
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LOCATION OF ESTABLISHMENT (if different than sec	ction IV above)
SAME	43
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ty or Town	41 42 47 \$1 State Zip Code
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ESTABLISHMENT CONTACT W A R B L E . E V E R E T T C .	1111111
ame (last and first)	
1011-17184-1/610g Ext. 320	•
one No. (area code & no.)	•

Generator ANNUAL Hazardous Waste Report for 1986 (cont.)

This report is for the calendar year ending December 31, 1986

Date re	Date rec'd:Rac'd by:			IX. FACILITY NAME (specify facility to which all wastes on					
VIII. C	EN	IERATOR'S EPA I.D. NO.	,	this page were shipped)					
		41 61 91 01 31 01 71 81 41 41 11 11	,	Chem-Clear of Baltimore, Inc.					
1 2			** ****	XI. FACILITY ADDRESS					
X. FAC	11	ITY'S EPA I.D. NO.	*	1910 Russell Street					
E MI) [[)1918101515151118191 28		Baltimore, MD 21230					
XII. TR	A)	ISPORTATION SERVICES USED	₩ elec ×	C SQLT BLTGTON A CORPATA C C 7 (144-20-47) 17 T C C C C C	•				
		land Liquid Waste MDD 9809							
A	Š.	ican Tank Transport MDD 9810 A Waste Oil MDD 0303	3069	90					
		win Services, Tho: WVII 0873	0363		hage.				
XIII. W	A5	TE IDENTIFICATION	Ā.	C. EPA Hazardous Waste No.	C. Crait of Measure Measure				
equence #	Line	A. Description of Waste	Dis.	(see instructions) D. Amount of Waste	<u></u>				
1 1 1 29 12	ĭ	Hazardous Waste Liquid NOS NA 9189 Water w/Chrome	1,15	D101017 1 1 35 39 42 1 3121 191019	P 60				
1 1 1	2	Hazardous Waste Solid NOS ORM-E NA 9189	1.5	D:0:0:7	P				
	3	Hazardous Waste Liquid NOS ORM-E NA 9189	1,5	D101018	p				
* f	4	Waste Corrosive Material NOS Corrosive Material UN 1760	0,2	Di01012	P				
() I	5	Waste Corrosive Liquid NA 9189 Corrosive Material	0,2	$D_1O_1O_12$	P				
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XIV. COMMENTS (enter information by section number—see instructions)

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Generator ANNUAL Hazardous Waste Report for 1986 (cont.)

This report is for the calendar year ending December 31, 1986

<u> </u>	
Date rec'd:Rec'd by:	IX. FACILITY NAME (specify facility to which all wanter on this page were shipped)
VIII. GENERATOR'S EPA I.D. NO.	i - may hallo anno malibori
GMID141619101310171814141 77	Environmental International Electrical Services, Inc.
A Serve a surrengiage, and chandle deplete and	XI. FACILITY ADDRESS
X. FACILITY'S EPA I.D. NO.	1220 Wyoming Street
(FIMIOID) 918101917131515161	Kansas City, MO 64102
	the contract of the contract o

XII. TRANSPORTATION SERVICES USED

Hazmat Environmental Group NYD 980769947

ХШ. W	AS	TE IDENTIFICATION	ΞP	. C. EPA Hazardous	ा र ^{ाह} क ा रिस	3 2
Sequence #	ž	A. Description of Waste	S i	Waste No.	D. Amount of Waste	ક્રેંકુ માં દે
29 V	-	Waste Polychlorinated Biphenyls (RO-10/4.54) ORM-E UN 2315	115	17 12 14 18 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 121.151015	P 40
l	2	Waste Polychlorinated Biphenyls (RQ-10/4.54) ORM-E UN 2315	1.5	PM 0.0.11 1	112,0	P
	3					
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	5					, ,
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XIV. COMMENTS (anter information by section number—see instructions)

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Page 3 d 5

Generator ANNUAL Hazardous Waste Report for 1986 (cont.)

This report is for the calendar year ending December 31, 1986

Date rec'd:	Rec'd by:	IX. FACILITY NAME (uposity facility to this page were shipped)	which of marks of
VIII. GENERATOR	14A C	Chen Del.	n 48 or 54
- : 4	*** *** ******************************	XI, FACILITY ADDRESS	48 - 67 - 47
X. FACILITY'S EPA	I.D. NO.		
FITINIDIOIOIO	7131715110	1000 Market Street Portland, 'IN 37148	•
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YII TOANCOMETAT	MAN SERVICES I KEN	•	Compression of

D & J Transportation Specialists, Inc. NYD 088658646

XIII. W	AS	TE IDENTIFICATION	\$ april	,	1 1 1 1 Mg	. P.
Sequence #	. E	A. Description of Waste	8		D. Amount of Wasie	E. Cai
29 12	1	Waste Mercury, Metallic . ORM-B, NA 2809	1.4	Di Oi Oi 9 1 1 42 43 46 47 40	1 1 1 1 .9 <u>1</u>	P
	2	Waste Paint Related Material Flammable Liquid NA 1263	0,8	D, 0, 0, 1	8 ر 5 ر 2 ر ، ر 0 ر 3 ر ، ر	P
<u> </u>	3	Waste Adhesive Flammable Liquid UN 1133	0, 8		4,8,2,	P
	4	Waste Oil, Flammable Liquid NOS NA 1270	0,8		6، 4، 0ن ر 3 ر ر ر	Р
	5	Waste Acid Liquid NOS Corrosive Material NA 1760	0.2			P
	6	Waste Oil, NOS Combustible Liquid NA 1270	0, 1	D, O, O, 7 D, O, O, 8	3,811	P
1_1_1_1_	7	Waste Fuel Oil, Combustible Liquid NA 1993 🐰	0, 1	D, O, O, 1	1,4,,0,6,5	P
	_	Hazardous Waste Liquid, NOS ORM-E NA 9189	1,5	Di Oi Oi 7	73.1.2	P
<u> </u>	7	Waste Flammable Liquid, NOS Flammable UN 1993	0, 8		4,.9,4,8	P
	"1	Alkali Corrosive Matl. UN 2795	O _t 2		1 1419 1 12 16 19	P
		Waste Oxidizer, NOS Oxidizer UN 1479	1,6	D ₁ O ₁ O ₁ 3	2,8,2	P
	12	Waste Oxidizer, NOS Oxidizer UN 1479	1,6	D ₁ O ₁ O ₁ 8 D ₁ O ₁ O ₁ 3	7,0	P

Generator ANNUAL Hazardous Waste Report for 1986 (cont.)

This report is for the calendar year ending December 31, 1986

Date n	PC.	d:Rec'd by:		IX. FACILITY NAME		y to which all	Fajiki (
VIII. C	EN	HERATOR'S EPA I.D. NO.		this page were shipped	1		
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						واطهرون الأراب	
XII, TR	A	SPORTATION SERVICES USED			•		er.e .js
א מ		J Transportation Specialists, Inc	^	NYD 088658646		ı. ii .	17.1
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XIII. W	ĄS	TE IDENTIFICATION	55	. C. EPA Hazardous		1	/ B
uence #	2	A. Description of Waste	15 E	Waste No.	D. Amount	of Waste	5
uence «	-	·	M I i	(see instructions)		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	1	Waste Poisonous Liquid . NOS Poison B, UN 2810	118	35 36 39 42		111914	P
12		Waste Flammable Solid NOS	M-JA	D, O, O, 1	51	<u>\$9</u>	
	2	Flammable Solid UN 1325	0;9		1	1,14,0,0	P
	7	Waste Calcium Hypochlorite					<u>;</u>
		Mixture, Oxidizer UN 1748	1,6			4.6	P
	4	Waste Alkaline Corrosive Lqd. NOS Corrosive Material NA 1719	0,2	D ₁ O ₁ O ₁ Z		1 1 12,8	P
	╣	Waste Battery Fluid, Acid	012	D ₁ O ₁ O ₁ O ₂		1 1230	- T. Y. T.
ш.	5	Corrosive Material UN 2796	0,2		. 1 .1 .1 .1	2,3	P
	6	Waste Mercury Compound, Solid	7. 0	4300		7.0	
	4	NOS Poison B, UN 2025 Waste Corrosive Solid, NOS	1,8	D ₁ O ₁ O ₁ O ₁		7.3	P TET
	7	Corrosive Material (N 1759	0,2			1.41015	P
		Waste Acetone Flammable Liquid	<u> </u>	D ₁ O ₁ O ₁ O ₁		1-1-15-15	
-1-4-	_	UN 1090	0,8		_1111	2.1	P
	9	Waste Ethylene Glycol Monoethyl Ether, Combustible Lqd UN 1188		<u> </u>		/ E 1	ъ
	_	Waste Styrene Monomer	0,1	D ₁ O ₁ O ₁ 1		4,5,1	P
	10	Flammable Liquid UN 2055	0,8		1 1 1 1.	4.5.1	P
	13	Hazardous Waste Solid NOS		C131316 1 1 1			
┵┷┤	4	ORM-E, NA 9189	<u>1₁5</u>		<u> </u>	1.151010	P
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XIV. CC	M	MENTS (enter information by section number—ess h	اعداشيه	tions)	لأنهارها وبالها	والتربيعاء إلعاداء	gar -
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254,267 1984 Wal

OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAMS WASTE MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

Hazardous Waste Generator Waste Reduction Program

-Please complete both sides-

Company:	U. S. Coast Guard YARD (Name)		690307844 (EPA ID NUMBER)
Mailing Address:	Hawkins Point Road (Name)	Baltimore, MD (City)	21226 (Zip Code)
Location Generator Site:	Same	different from mai	ling address)
Contact Person:	Everett C. Warble (Name) (Signature)	Saf	89-1600 Ext. 320 Telephone Number) ety & Occupational 1th Manager (Title)
minimizat	se provide information aboution program. (If more spacesheet of paper and attach interest of paper attach interest of paper and attach interest of paper attach interest of	e is needed, please	answer on a
volume of	your Company's waste collect hazardous waste for disposi materials?	al by separating re	ecyclable from non-
	your Company's waste collect hazardous waste by keeping waste?	etion system design hazardous waste se	
	yes, has the system been in amount of hazardous waste	nproved in the past for disposal?	year to further

What reduction in volume was achieved in the past year?

Substitution

Has your Company subst hazardous or less hazardous n	tituted a hazardous mat naterial to reduce eith	
toxicity of hazardous waste g	generated by your opera	tion?
	Yes X	No 🗌
If yes, when was the sit reduced the toxicity or an year?		and to what extent has e generated in the last
October 1986. Decreased h in 1986. It will have gre	hazardous waste by approxima eater effect in the out year sing zinc chromate as main e	rs when all Coast
3. <u>Efficiency</u>		
Has your Company impromake a waste stream that was recycling?		its operations so as to osal available for
	Yes 🗌	No X
If yes, please describ	se the improvement and	state when it was

Has your company improved the efficiency of operation so as to reduce the amount of hazardous waste generated? \cdot

Yes No X

If yes, please describe the improvement and state when it was instituted.

What amount of waste reduction was achieved in the last year?

4.	Rec	e y c	1	ir	Œ	on	- s	i	e

Does your Company's waste reduction program include a hazardous waste recycling operation on-site?

> Yes No X

If yes, please briefly describe the recycling operation and state when it was instituted.

What amount of waste reduction was achieved in the last year?

4A. Recycling off-site

Does your Company's hazardous waste reduction program include use of an off-site recycling service? . .

If yes, please describe the recycling service that you use and state when its use was initiated.

What amount of waste reduction was achieved by use of the off-site recycling services last year?

Will investigate rental of solvents in 1987 for a future reduction.

5. Treatment on-site

Does your Company's hazardous waste reduction program include onsite waste treatment which minimizes the loxicity or amount of hazardous waste generated?

أأنا فد منهم عين بي

Yes No 🗵

If yes, please briefly describe the treatment operation and state when it was instituted.

To what extent has the treatment operation reduced toxicity or reduced the amount of hazardous waste generated in the past year?

Commanding Officer U.S. Coast Guard Yard

Curtis Bay Baltimore, MD 21226 Phone: 789-1600

Ext: 320

io-110 5100 06 Mar 1987

State of Maryland Waste Management Administration Hazardous Waste Division 201 West Preston Street Baltimore, Maryland 21201

Dear Sir:

In accordance with the state of Maryland regulations dealing with hazardous waste, the enclosed annual report is forwarded for the U.S. Coast Guard YARD, Curtis Bay.

If you have any questions in this matter, please contact me at (301) 789-1600 Extension 209 or 320.

Sincerely,

ED WARBLE

Safety & Occupational

Health Manager

By direction of the

Commanding Officer, YARD

Encl: Annual Hazardous Waste Report

Safety Oss, Copy

OMB#: 2050-0024 Expires 12-31-68

SITE

mU4690307844

US COAST GUARD YARD HAWKINS POINT RD

EMI ATTN: EJ V

HALTIMORE MD 21226 ATTN: EJ Warble



FORM

IC

MARYLAND HAZARDOUS AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

1987 Hazardous Waste Generation and Shipment Report

IDENTIFICATION AND CERTIFICATION

WH!	WHO MUST COMPLETE THIS FORM? Form IC must be completed by every site that received this peckage.								
INSTRUCTIONS:			Please read the detailed instructions beginning on page 9 of the 1907 Hazardous Waste Generation						
				and Shipment Repr	ari imetruc	tions boolds; justim	completing this form.		
				Complete Sections I through IV and Sections VI through IX immediately. Complete Section V, certification, after you have finished the full report package.					
SEC. L. Sits name and physical location which may differ from the mailing address. Complete items A through G. Mark X for items A, B, C, D, F, and G if same as label; if different, enter corrections. If tabel is absent, enter information.									
A. Siletosmpticy rame Serve to lebel [C]				B. EFA EI No. Searre as leabut 🗶					
:M:		•							
C. Address number and street name of physical location. • If not known, enter industrial park, building name or other physical location description Barris as label. Ct									
	City, lovers, vrienges, etc. E. Coursty Generie an intent					F. State Serve an label (K)	Ct. Zip Code Same as label (K)	hiddiddddddddddddddddddddddd	
or			ANNI	E ARUNDEL		<u> </u>	w	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	
SEC. Mailing address of site. Mark [X] for A, B, C, and D if same as label; if different, anier corrections.									
A. Number and street nerve of meding address. Some is latest									
B. City, lown, village, etc. C. State Same as label Barrie as label Barrie as label C. State									
Oc since					<u> ∝L</u> ⊥		<u> </u>		
SEC. IN.	Name, title, and	telephone numb	er of the p	erson who should be	contacto	1 K questione srise :	egarding this report.		
A. Please print: Last Nette First name			MI	* Sa	fety &	C. Telephone			
	WARBLE EVERETT			c.	1	cup. Health		<u> 18 19 - 1 16 10 10 </u>	
	WARBLE EVERETT C. Manager Enter the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Code that describes the principal products, group of products, products or distributed, or the								
SEC. N.	services rendere	d at the site's phy	ysical local	tion. Enter more than; on page 1 of the 1987	×n¥ SIC C	acte only if no one in	dustry description include	a the combined activities	
٨.		4	5	te dio	a		£	F	
13	17.13.11	4496	1	Llil				1 1	
SEC V. I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this and all attached documents, and that based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information, I believe that the submitted information is true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment.									
A. Passe	print: Last name	fia	H nacha			M .L	7 **		
PAYNE JERRY				M. Manager, Industrial Oper.			trial Oper.		
9. Signatu	**						Outle of signature Mo.	Dey Vr.	
							Page	1 of 4 16	

SEC.	Does	this	site's EPA ID authorize hazardous waste generation?
٥	NO		SKIP TO SECTION VIL.
(X)	YES -	******	Old this aim generals any hazardous waste during 1987?
		es -	PEAD DETAILED INSTRUCTION ON PAGE 9 OF THE 1987 HAZARDOUS WASTE GENERATION AND SHIPMENT REPORT INSTRUCTIONS BOOKLET FOR ACUTE AND ACCUMULATION LIMITS. MARK (X) NEXT TO THE HAZARDOUS WASTE GENERATION QUANTITY CATEGORY THAT APPLIED TO THIS SITE DURING 1987.
		Ō	Category 1: More than 1000 kg (2,200 fb) in one or more months Category 2: More than 100 kg (220 lb) but no more than 1000 kg (2,200 lb) in any single month Category 3: No more than 100 kg (220 lb) in any single month
			Hark (X) If this site changed from Category 1 to Category 2 or 3 due to waste minimization activity-conducted during 1985 or 1987.
		* O -	CONTINUE BELOW, MARK [X] NEXT TO ALL THAT APPLY.
			Generated, excluded or delieted wastes Generated hexardous waste prior to 1987 but do not expect to generate in the future - MARKI∑IFOR REASON IN ONE BOX BELOW
			Whate was from one-time event(s) (e.g. spills, remedial actions, etc.) Wasse minimization activity undertaken during 1966 or 1987 Out of business
			Generated hazardous waste prior to 1997 and expect to generate in the future Never generated before but expect to generate in the future Never generated and do not expect to generate in the future - MARK (X) FOR REASON IN ONE BOX BELOW
		_	Protective notifier only
			Misunderstood the requirements Notified to secure transportation services
			Other EXPLAIN REASON FOR GENERATOR NOTIFICATION IN COMMENTS
SEC.	Door	this	ske have RCRA Interim Status or a RCRA permit to Ireat, store, or dispose hazardous waste?
SEC. VII.			
S			SIOP TO SECTION VIII
			Did the alle treat, store, or dispose (T/S/D) hazardous waste in PICRA-regulated units during 1987?
			CONTINUE BELOW, MARK X NEXT TO ALL THAT APPLY
	_		T/S/O excluded waste during 1987
İ			T/S/O hazardoue waste in exampt units during 1987
	١		T/S/D hazardous wasts prior to 1987 but did not T/S/D wasts during 1987. MARK [X] IN ONE BOX SELOW
			T/S/D will returne in the future Have notified of planned closure
			Site is in closure or post closure
			Never T/S/D hazardous waste prior to 1987 but: MARK(X) IN ONE BOX BELOW
		+	Expect to T/S/D hazardous waste in the future
			Do not expect to T/S/D hazardous waste in the future - EXPLAIN REASON FOR INTEREM STATUS OR PERMIT IN COMMENTS
SEC. VIII,	Do yo	W W	sh to withdraw this site's generator notification or EPA Part A permit application?
		_	enerator notification
	Withdra	w Pi	art A permit application Yell No
SEC.			site have an area not requiring a RCRA Part A or Part B permit that is used exclusively for the short term tion of hazardous waste?
		 o	'
	Z YE		DOES THE AREA HAVE:
	_		Containers (X) No (11) Yes ENTER THE NUMBER OF TANKS AND THEIR TOTAL CAPACITY IN GALLONS.
			Tanks No Yas — 13 Number 1 12350 Gallon capacity
Comun	ents:		
<u> </u>			Page 2 of 1/3 /c

BEFORE COPYING FORM, ATTACH SITE DENTIFICATION LABEL OR SITE NAME SITE NAME HU4690307844 US COAST GUARD YARD HAWKINS POINT RD BALTIMORE MD 21226 ATTN: EJ Warble	MARYLAND HAZARDOUS AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION 1987 Hazardous Waste Report and Shipment Report FORM GS WASTE GENERATION AND SHIPMENT			
WHO MUST COMPLETE THIS FORM? Form GS must be completed by every site that generated hazardous waste on alle or shipped hazardous waste off site during 1967. Mark 25 if you are not required to complete Form GS. Please read the detailed instructions beginning on page 12 of the 1967 Hazardous Waste Generation and Shipment Report Instructions booldet before completing this form. Inlete and complete a photocopy of this form for <u>each</u> hazardous waste generated on site or shipped off site during 1967. Complete Sections I through IV. Throughout this form enter "DK" If the information requested is not applicable.				
WASTE PAINTS, THINNERS, GASOLINE AND OILS USED IN SHIP REPAIR AND OVERHAUL. Diolog 12 Diolog 12 A White description C. State Land 1981 Diolog 12 Diolog 12 Diolog 13 Diolog 14 Dio				
Sec. A Coganics H Sec. Individual Plage 14 High [# 1. Particulation Page 15 Page 16 Page 15 Page 16			
Sec. A 1988 queerby humanus washing processed. B. 1987 queerby humanus and generated. C. UOM Repr. 15 Repr. 15 L. L				
Sec. A SPADNO of holly a selection in Box A CONTINUED ON ST	DPPLEMENTAL PAGES.			

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Page 13	C. White historians usuals while Pages 5.2		
E Million B. Annual B. Ann			
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Sec. A SPA ONL of helly is all the same and appeal. N	B. Number of C. Youngard D. Cif-shir 7/8/0/R made E. Your specifity diagonal Property Company (Company)		
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Correneries			

Page 4 of 410

DEFORE COPYING FORM, ATTACH SITE IDENTIFICATION LABEL. OR ENTER:	MARYLAND HAZARDOUS AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION		
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BEFORE COPYING FORM, ATTACH SITE IDENTIFICATION LABEL OR ENTER: SITE NAME	MARYLAND HAZARDOUS AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION		
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E BALTIMORE MI 21226 ATTHI EL Warble	GS WASTE GENERATION AND SHIPMENT		
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Mark 28 if you are not required to complete Form GS. INSTRUCTIONS: Please read the detailed instructions beginning on page 12 of the 1987 Hazardown Waste Generation and Shipment Paport Instructions booldet before completing this form. Make and complete a photocopy of this form for <u>each</u> hazardown weste generated on site or shipped off site during 1987. Complete Sections I through M. Throughout this form enter "DK" if the information requested is not applicable.			
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Sec. A SPAID No. of facility to which wants were shipped. 8. Humber of physical receivers Page 22. A. T. D. O. O. G. G. 2. 2. /u. 6. /u. H. Humber of physical receivers Page 22.	D. Coll-site T/N/D/R code Plays III: N. S. Ch. N. A		
(A: L: D:0:0:0:6:2:2:4:6:4			

BOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT OR ENTER ADMINISTRATION SITE NAME 1987 Hazardous Waste Report mD4690307844 and Shipment Recort US COAST GUARD YARD HAWKINS POINT RD FORM BALTIMORE MD 2132 ATTNI E Warble 21226 £ WASTE GENERATION AND SHIPMENT Form GS must be completed by every site that generated hazerdous wants on site or shipped hazerdous wants off site during 1987. WHO MUST COMPLETE THIS FORM? Mark [5] if you are not required to correpiete Form GB. Please read the detailed intructions beginning on page 12 of the 1967 Hepardous Weets Generation and Shipment Report Instructions bookst before completing this form. MSTRUCTIONS: Minister and complete a photocopy of this form for each hazardous wants generated on alte or shipped off site during 1967. Complete Sections I through IV. Throughout this form enter "DK" If the information requested is not known or is not available; serier "NA" if the information requested is not applicable. WASTE OIL, HYDRAULIC FLUIDS AND CHLORINATED SOLVENTS USED IN THE MACHINE SHOP Page 12 N, A INLA LI LILLINIA LII LINIA .F.O.O.1. I I N. A. C C (N) A O. SEC contr Pages 19 شوه وبيط يا H.B.J. B 3,7,3,1, ىقىت Phys 18 **Frigo** 19 E. BITU if. Taxiis Mate C. Total Bollets Page 18 ιBı Page 15 High ___ Link D ···· D ιDi EACH) None (III) نـــــا ٤ G. pH Page 16 - 12 لسلساله Q Phigh 1 1 1-1 -----لــــــا ٤ D, rB1 ιAι Torus C. UCM Sec. nanctor Page 10 . N.A. 1,4,8,0, P 101 (i) \$4/gai (i) 46 data wate on tile an Jarvary 1, 1967 drakeg sur milio sur Changember #1, 1967 F. Character Page 21 Q. Of the T/R/G/R county A. EPA ID No. of facility is white t ******* ***** N, Y, D, D, 4, 9, 8, 3, 6, 6, 7, 9, $L_{I}H_{I}$ MISIOI LINIAI <u>,1,4,8,0,</u> Comments:

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WSTRUCT!	ONS: Please rend the Generation and Make and com- shipped off site.	Shipment Amport in plate a photocopy during 1967. The Lithrough M. Th	ione beginning on page structions booldet before or of this form for <u>each</u> haz	ardous years generated on site or K' if the information requested is not
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Comments: Page 9 of 42				

BEFORE COPYING FORM, ATTACH SITE IDENTIFICATION LABEL. OR ENTER SITE NAME MD4690307844 US CUAST GUARD YARD	MARYLAND HAZARDOUS AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION 1987 Hazardous Waste Report and Shipment Report			
HAWKINS POINT RD BALTIMORE MD 21226 ATTN: Es Warble	GS WASTE GENERATION AND SHIPMENT			
WHO MUST COMPLETE THIS FORM? Form GS must be completed by every site that generated hazardous waste or site or shipped hazardous waste off site during 1987. Mark Elf you are not required to complete Form GS.				
INSTRUCTIONS: Please read the detailed instructions beginning on page 12 of the 1987 Hazardous Wester Generation and Shipment Report Instructions beside before completing this form. Nicke and complete a photocopy of this form for each hazardous waste generated on alle or shipped off she during 1987. Complete Sections I through fv. Throughout this form enter "DK" if the information requested is not innown or is not available; enter "NA" if the information requested is not applicable.				
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E. Concernity instructional values on other on January 1, 1987 Program 21 L. L. L. L. L. L. D. D. L. L. L. L. D. D. L. L. L. L. L. D. D. L.				
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Comments:	Pege 10 of 4			

SEFORE COPYING FORM, ATTACH SITE IDENTIFICATION LABEL OR ENTER SITE NAME MD4690307844 US COAST GUARD YARD HAWKING POINT RD E BALTIMORE MD 21226 ATTN: EI Warble	MARYLAND HAZARDOUS AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION 1987 Hazardous Waste Report and Shipment Report FORM GS WASTE GENERATION AND		
WHO MUST COMPLETE THIS FORM? Form GS must be completed by every eller that generated hazardous waste on elle or shipped hazardous waste off eller during 1967. Mark @R you are not required to complete Form GS. INSTRUCTIONS: Please rend the detailed instructions beginning on page 12 of the 1967 Hazardous Waste Generation and Shipment Report instructions bookiet before completing this form. Links and complete a photocopy of this form for each hazardous waste generated on eller or ehipped off eller during 1967. Complete Sections I through M. Throughout this form enter "DK" If the information requested is not income or land applicable.			
Sec. A When consistent WASTE FUEL OIL AND CLEANING SOLVENTS MIXED - USED IN SHIPBOARD MACHINERY INSTALLATION. 8. EFA remaindent made to the Page 12 D O O O I D O O O I D O O O I D O O O I D O O O O			
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Comments:			

MU4690307844 US COAST GUARD YARD HAWKINS POINT RD		ADMINISTRATION 1987 Hazardous Waste Report and Shipment Report		
E BALTIMORE MI 21226 ATTHI EL Warble	GS	WASTE GENERATION AND SHIPMENT		
WHO MUST COMPLETE THIS FORM? Form GS must be completed by every site that generated hazardous waste on site or shipped hazardous waste off site during 1987. Attack (\$\frac{1}{2}\$ if you are not required to complete Form G6. INSTRUCTIONS: Please read the detailed instructions beginning on page 12 of the 1967 Hazardous Weste Generation and Shipment Report instructions booldet before completing this form. Alaks and complete a photocopy of this form for each hazardous waste generated on site or shipped off site during 1967. Complete Sections I through Nr. Throughout this form errier "DK" If the information requested is not known or is not evaluable; enter "NA" If the information requested is not applicable.				
WASTE PAINT, THINNERS, EPOXY'S, RESINS, LEAD AND SOLVENTS. DO 0.0.1, F.0.0.3, F.0.0.5, D.0.0.8				
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Since the control of				
Sec. A 674 DN: of heavy to obtain the part of the part				
Comments: SEE SECTION IV BOX A CONTINUED ON SUPPLEMENTAL PAGE.				

BEFORE COPYING FORM, ATTACH SITE IDENTIFICATION LABEL

MARYLAND HAZARDOUS AND

SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT

BEFORE COPYING FORM, ATTACH SITE DESITE OF ENTER SITE NAME MD4690307844 US CDAST GUARD YARD HANKINS POINT RD BALTIMORE MD 2122 ATTN1 EL Warble	26	FORM GS	MARYLAND HAZARDOUS AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION 1987 Hezardous Weste Report and Shipment Report WASTE GENERATION AND SHIPMENT
WHO MUST COMPLETE THIS FORM? Form QS must be completed by every site that generated hazardous waste on site or objected hazardous waste off site during 1987. Mark (III you are set required to complete Form QS. Please read the detailed instructions beginning on page 12 of the 1987 Hazardous Whate Concretion and Shipment Report instructions beginning this form. Make and complete a photosopy of this form for goal; hazardous waste generated on site or object off site during 1987. Complete Sections I through M. Throughout this form enter "DIC" If the information requested is not innown or is not available; enter "NA" If the information requested is not applicable.			
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P. A. D.O. 815 1619 1015 1912 113 H. M.5 10 INIA 1117 1317 Comments: SEE SECTION IV BOX A CONTINUED ON SUPPLEMENTAL PAGE.				

MARYLAND HAZARDOUS AND

WHO MUST COMPLETE THIS FORM? Form QS must be completed by every allo that generated hexardous waste of alle during 1997.				
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Page 15 of 4 b

BEFORE COPYING FORM, ATTACH SITE IDENTIFICATION LABEL OR ENTER SITE NAME MU4690307844 US COAST BUARD YARD HAWKINS PDINT RD BALTIMORE MD 21226 ATTN: E. Warble	FORM GS	SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION 1967 Hezardous Waste Report and Shipment Report WASTE GENERATION AND SHIPMENT
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PIAIDI9	[8:1:1:1:1:3:7:4:9]	PPM, INC	gia.do!	
C. Mile type code Page 24	A. Rainfaller and	E. Address of all you installations Page 24		
	•	4105 WHITAKI		
		PHILADELPHIA	<u> </u>	A) 🏝 11.9.1.2.4
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Page 38 of 46

OR ENTER	.S. COAST GUARD	ī	FORM	MARYLAND HAZARDOUS AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION 1987 Hazardous Waste Generation and Shipment Report
EPA DHO.	D14161910131017	181414	OI	OFF-SITE IDENTIFICATION
WHO MUST COMP	INSTRUCTIONS:	Present the detailed white from the property of the second state of the detailed in Generation and Shipment Recomplete A through E for ear received waste during 1967. Complete A through D for any Throughout this form enter "D	ris off site during 1987 usi to complete Porn- etruptions (beginning port (natructions (books in off-site (natralistion) ery transporter you use off if the information is sted to you applicable.	Of, on page 22 of the 1987 Hazardous Waste- let before completing this form. In which you shipped waste or from which you and during the reporting year. Industrial is not known or is not available; where Make and complete additional cooles of the
	0.7.6.0.0.6.71			
C. She have seeks	0171619191417	HAZMAT ENVIH	ONMENTAL GRO	Jr, INC.
(1)	נאַן			<u> </u>
	4101315181119	HORWITH TRUC	KS, INC.	
C. Mile type cosis Page 34	(2. Site refuliership sede Page 24	E. Address of off-wise tradelistics: Page 24 N/A		
	<u>D</u>	4		
I_L_D_O_9	8 16 14 12 14 12 14	TRADE WASTE	INCINERATION	•
C. Bár type coda , Page 34	D. Star relationship code Page M	F. Address of of the installed AVE	NUE	
<u>E</u>	LDI	SAUOEIT	J · Li	Li 🏡 (6,2,2,0,1,-,1,0,6,9)
N.Y.D.O.4	9 18 13 16 16 17 19]	SCA CHEMICAL		
EJ	LDI	P.O. BOX 200 MODEL CITY		R ROAD Y & (1,4,1,0,7,
Continuents;		,	•	

Pege 39 of 46

OR ENTER:	U.S. COAST GUARD	f		MARYLAND HAZARDOUS AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION
*****			FORM	1987 Hazerdous Waste Generation and Shipment Report
EPA D NO.	<u> D 4 6 9 0 3 0 7</u>	181414)	OI	OFF-SITE IDENTIFICATION
WHO MUST COM	PLETE THIS FORM?	Form Of must be completed received hexardous waste fro Minrk [X] If you are not received.	om off sits during 1987	
	MSTRUCTIONS:	Please read the detailed is Generation and Shipment Re	nistructions beginning sport instructions book of off-alte installation i	on page 23 of the 1967 Hazardous Vissian let before completing this form. It which you shipped weets or fram which you
			reted is not applicable.	iquested is not tingwin or in not evallable; enter Make and complete additional copies of this hitellations or transporters.
AILIDIOIO	10161212141614]		STE MANAGEMEN	I, INC.
C. Nike type code Page 24	C). Bille mitalianumile code Progis TA	ENELLE FACII	LITY, AL HWY	
E		es EMBLLE	<u> </u>	J 🎥 (3,5,4,5,9,-CCLL)
	10151113171617		CAL & EQUIPME	NT COMPANY
C. Mile hyper codes Pages 24	D. Wile relational vip ands	HWY 11 NORTH	I (P.OBOX 29)1) <u> </u>
E	נט	REFECE CITY	- _ [A:1	3.5 <u>19.0.2</u> 1
	<u> </u>	19. Flamm of off-site Installation or trace Page 33		
G. Sife type seeds Page 24	O. Site relationship code Page 24	E. Address of off-she truthfields Page 24		
LJ				
Site A PARIM MATA		B. Name of all also trabalished or trans Page 25		
C. Site type code Page 24	C. Mile subsiderable code Page 34	E. Address of all also installation Page 24		
		•		
Comments:				~
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A

MARYLAND HAZARDOUS AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT

INSTRUCTIONS:

Please read the detailed instructions beginning on page 23 of the 1987 Hazardous Waste Generation and Shipment Report Instructions booklet before completing this form.

Complete Althrough E for each off-site installation to which you shipped waste or from which you received waste during 1987.

Complete A through D for every transporter you used during the reporting year.

Throughout this form enter "DK" if the information requested is not known or is not evallable; enter "NA" if the information requested is not applicable. Make and complete additional copies of this form if you need to identify more than four off-site installations or its reporters.

Site A. EFA ID No. of off-gin	Installation of Entreporter	S. Norte of off-site Installation of Landsporter Page 22
COLDICIM	<u> </u>	U.S. COAST GUARD YARD
G. Site type code Page 24	D. She middlemetrip tode Page 34	E. Acidress of sit also britalistics. Plage 24
		1080C FRANK TIPPETT ROAD
LGJ	LD)	CHELTENHAM MID EL [2,0,6,2,3]
Site & EPA ID No. of off age	installation of transporter	S. Name of off-site installation or insymptotics Page 23
	00121216012	U.S. NAVAL ACADEMY
C. Side type code Page 24	D. Otto refeliare/sip code Page 24	E. Address of off-side kellelledon. Page 24
•		N/A
		Casy
Site A EPARONO of off all	Average of the state of the sta	S. Harrie of off-like installation of transporter
3 Fresh uzilon page 28		Page 23
C. Sela typa soos Paga 24	Ch. Mile reinboreirip code Page 34	E. Addines of c6-ste Installation Page 24
		Cary Same [] Zugar []
Site A EPA O No. of off-site	i installation or transporter	B. Name of all-alte Installation or (synlipcotar) Page 33
C. Sie type code Page 24	C. Site relationship code Page 34	E. Address of de-site fruitableson Page 24
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		Caty Sazio Zio
Comments:		
		i i
		Page #4 of 149 4

BEFORE OR EXT	IT O COACT CITABLE			MARYLAND HAZARDOUS AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION 1987 Hazardous Waste Report and Shipment Report
ea d	NO. MID14161910131017	181414	FORM	WASTE MINIMIZATION PART I
WHO	MUST COMPLETE THIS FORM?	he commissed by all pane	rators required to file an Art to stabulory provisions inc	observent waste minimization programs, must num/Blenniel Pepper. This requirement was suded in the Hazardous and Solid Waste
		Uniform Histordous Waste determined sconomically similar certification must storage, or disposal permaport, on Form WM Part i.	Manifest, that they have a practicable, the volume an also be made by garacel nit. Consistent with these, the efforts undertaken to in	is are required to certify, on term 16 of the program in place to reduce, to the degree of toxicity of hazardous waste generated. A one who have obtained a RCRA treatment certification requirements, generators must plement waste minimization programs.
	INSTRUCTIONS:	Shipment Report Instruction Answer questions 1 through	ons booklet before completing the 10. Throughout this form	the 1967 Hazardous Waste Generation and og this form. enter "DK" If the information requested is no requested is not applicable.
1.	Did this site create or expand a se	ource reduction and rec	cycling program? 1986	Prior Years
		Yes No	Yes No	Yes No
	Create	\mathbf{x}		
	Expand			
2.	Did this site have a <u>written</u> policy recycling of hazardous waste?			d methods for source reduction and
		1987	1966	Prior Years
	Yes	X	<u>X</u>	
	No			
3.	What was the dollar amount of ca reduction and recycling of hazard	ipital expenditures (plar lous waste? ENTER Zi	nt and equipment) and ERO (0) IF NONE.	operating costs devoted to source
		1987	1986	Prior Years
			raz	. TND
	Capital expenditures	\$ <u>IX</u>	\$ <u>IX</u>	s <u>DK</u>
	Capital expenditures Operating costs	\$ <u>DK</u>	\$	\$ <u>DK</u>
4.	Operating costs	\$ <u>DK</u> sining program or provi	\$ <u>DK</u> de incentives (bonuses g opportunities and act	\$ <u>DK</u> , awards, personal recognition, etc.) vities?
4.	Operating costs Did this site have an employee try	\$ <u>DK</u> sining program or proving radiction and recycling 1987	\$ <u>DK</u> de incentives (bonuses popportunities and act	s <u>DK</u> , ewards, personal recognition, etc.) vities? Prior Years
4.	Operating costs Did this site have an employee try	\$ <u>DK</u> sining program or provi	\$ <u>DK</u> de incentives (bonuses g opportunities and act	\$ <u>DK</u> , awards, personal recognition, etc.) vities?

Page -37 of

6.			identify or implement no a waste generated at th		E REDUCT	TON opportuni	ities to redu	ice the volume	and/or tox	delty
				19	6 7	196	36	Prior Y	ears	
				Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	
			Identity	X			X		X	
			Implement	X			X			
7 .			s have delayed or preve NT APPLY.	nted Imple	mentation (of SOURCE RE	DUCTION	opportunities.	MARK[X]	NEXT
		a .	Insufficient capital to in practices.	nstall new t	jource redu	ction equipme	int or Imple	ment new sou	rce reductio	on '
	X	b.	Lack of technical infor processes.	mation on	ecurce redi	uction lechniqu	ues, applica	ible to my spe	cific produc	tion
		C.	Source reduction is no will not recover the car			ie: cost saving	js in w aste	management (or productio	m
		ď.	Concern that product	•		s a result of acc	urce reduct	lon.		
		Q .	Technical limitations of	f the produ	etion proci	2386 S .				
		ř.	Permitting burdens.					,		
		Q.	Other (SPECIFY)							
8.			identify or implement nated at this alte or subs identify identify	equently tr			ellie no la b		•	zardous

Page 25 of 25 46

EPA ID N	Ο.	M ₁ D ₁ 4	<u>, 6, 9, 0, 3, 0, 7, 8</u>	3,4,4						į.
7 .,			have delayed or pr L THAT APPLY.	revented Impl	ementation of	on-alte or off-sit	e RECYCLING	opportunities.	MARK 🔀	
		a.	Insufficient capital	to install new	recycling equi	lpment or imple	ment new recy	cling practices.		
		b. Lack of technical information on recycling techniques applicable to this site's specific production processes.								
		c. Recycling is not economically feasible: cost savings in waste management or production will not recover the capital investment.								
		d.	and the state of t							
		₽.								
		f.	Financial liability p	rovisions inhil	bit shipments o	off eite for recyc	ling.			
		g.	Technical limitation	ns of product	processes inh	ibit shipments o	off site for recyc	alng.		
		ħ.	Technical limitation	ns of producti	on processes	inhibit on-site n	ecycling.			
		L	Permitting burden	s inhibit recyc	ling.					
		J.	Lack of permitted	off-site recycl	ing facilities.					
	X	k.	Unable to Identity	a market for r	ecyclable mate	erteis.				
		I,	Other (SPECIFY)			_				
10.		Local g State go Federal Trade a Educati Supplie Other p Other fi	requested or receivantices from any of actices from actices ac	the following Technical	sources? MAI		ALL THAT AP			
C	omm	ents:								
								, <u>.</u>		
									144	IFF.
								Page "	of <u>22</u>	Y.

OR ENTER	•	OAST CUAR	D YARD				JD WASTE MAR ADMINISTRA 7 Hazardous Wa and Shipment	TION aste Report
EPA ID NO.	M,D,4,6	,9,0,3,0,7 	.8,4,4	· FORM	,	WASTE MINIMI PART II		
WHO MUST (COMPLETE T	HIS FORM?	Form WM (resulted in	Part II mus waste min	t be completed only by gene imization.	rators that e	ngaged in an activit	ly during 1967 that
			reduction; (2) reducti	means: volume and/or toxicity of h volume and/or toxicity of h of on-sits or off-site recycling	azardous w	_		
	INST	LI RUCTIONS:			omplets this form if <u>no</u> wasts tailed instructions beginnin			·
	Mon	ioo i iono.	Generation	and Ship	ment Report Instructions boo	oklet before o	completing this form	n.
			Complete	Sections I	a photocopy of this form for g through fV. Throughout this able; enter "NA" If the informa-	form enter "	DK" If the informatio	in requested is not
Sec. A. EPA hazant instruction	dous vende code 1 Page 27	B. State hezardou Page 27	t vanio code	C. Product Page II7	or service diseoripilitan			D. Product or senice BIC code Page 27
D ₁ O ₁ O ₁ 2		N ₁ A ₁	——————————————————————————————————————	s	HIPBOARD MACHINE	RY		[3,7,3,1]
E. Waste form code Page 27	F. UQM Page 25	G. Density Page 26	.7	H. Source of Page 25				i. Source code Page 28
H1310	G	D·K .		S	OLVENT DEGREASIN	G TANKS		11.01
Siec. A. 1986 quant	thy generated Page 20	B. 1987 quantities Program 20	ly generated	1 0	C. Production suito Page 29 SEE NC	TE	D. Touldby sharge code Page 31	<u>6</u>]
E. Wasse minimipation: Page 31 P. Coste	NGCING VA 2	Custodly recycled	1 1 1 1 1	┙	F. Wasse minimization: source m Page 32 Code 1. 2 2. 3.		Cuerty provend	L 10 10 10
CORRO	•		•		I NON-CORROSIVE A	ND NON-	TOXIC CITRUS	S 445

MARYLAND HAZARDOUS AND

Sec. IV.	Enstructions: Answer questions 1 through 4. Mark 🖾 ment to the effects produced by the source reduction and/or recycling activity reported on this form in Sections I through III.								
1.			did this elte's source reduction and/or recycling activity have on the y hazardous waste generation processes during 1987?	e quantity of water effluent					
		8.	Increase in the quantity of water effluent						
		b.	Decrease in the quantity of water effluent						
	(X)	C.	No affect on the quantity of water effluent						
		đ	Don't know	,					
2.	What effect did this site's source reduction and/or recycling activity have on the toxicity of water effluent produced by hazardous waste generation processes during 1987?								
		a .	Increase in the concentration of hazardous constituents						
		b.	Decrease in the concentration of hazardous constituents						
		C.	No effect on the concentration of hazzardous constituents						
		d.	Don't know	· •					
3.			did this alte's source reduction and/or recycling activity have on the y hazardous waste generation processes during 1967?	e quantity of air emissions					
		8.	Increase in the quantity of air emissions						
		b.	Decrease in the quantity of air emissions	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
		C.	No effect on the quantity of air emissions						
		đ.	Don't know						
4.			did this site's source reduction and/or recycling activity have on the y hazardous waste generation processes during 1987?	e toxicity of the air emissions					
		a .	Increase in the concentration of hezardous constituents						
		þ.	Decrease in the concentration of hezardous constituents						
		C.	No effect on the concentration of hezerdous constituents						
		d.	Don't know						
		PAIR	OF SHIPS AND SHIPS SYSTEMS VERY VARIABLE. PRO	DUCTION RATION NOT					
	A.P.I	PLICA	ABLE.						
			•						
				4 46					
				Page Art or Se					

Chemicals Listed in 1980s Coast Guard Hazardous Waste Reports August 10, 2012

Alanite
Cadmium Chloride
Sodium Hydroxide
Sodium Meta Silicate
Sodium Carbonate
Diversy
Oakite
Pensolve
PCB
Mercury
Calcium Hypochlorite
Sulfuric acid
Acetone
Ethylene Glycol
Styrene monomer - inhibited
Stoddard solvent (Tetrachloroethane)
Waste paint/thinners/resins/lead/solvents
Waste solvent caulk
Waste barium oxide (SCBA)
Zinc Chromate
Polyurathane

DICG- 40 94-12-3949
6850-01 LG468741/3
Material Safety Data Sheet



Emergency Telephone (313) 281-0930

SECTION I - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

* • .			Product	ERSEY	WYAND	OTTE 50	0 B		
PC 2228A, 2	2754C	R 9/82	Description Chemical Mi	xture —	Acid	Cleane			
	•		SECTION II -	HAZAR	DOUS IN	GREDIENT	78		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
CAS Number		Chemical	Compenent		%	TLV (Linita)		Hazard De	rte
7681~38~1 Sodium bisulfate				<25	-	solution in water	n when (e acidic dissolved	
16893-85-9	9 Sodium silicofluoride				<10	2.5 mg F)/m ³		i mucou	o skin, s membranes ingestion.
			SECTION	i III — P	HYBICAI	DATA			
XX Solid	Liquid		earance						·
		and	Octor Pres-	flowir			granula	I poyd	<u> </u>
Specific Gravity	33 - 46- 8				pH at 25		. 4.5		!
Solubility in Water	lbs/ft3				Freezing		eter) le	s than	1.4
100%	••					VA.			:
Percent Volatiles	(by weight)	", ', '' , ''',,,		•	Phosphorus				
NA					None				
		SECTI	on IV — FIRE	E AND ED	KPLOSIV	E HAZARO	DATA	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Flash Point (met	hod)	umbus tib		Plemma	ble			LFL	UFL
Extinguishing Me		MEDUS CID.		Contain		<u>/x</u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Cutingalana ind		fire h	zard - us	e wate	er for				•
Special Fire Ham contact wi fighting g turn-out g	rds and Equi th skin. Taction	pment Requirement Althorates dictates	ed Forms igh this p the use	corror	live a t is n lf-con	cidic somb	ustible.	good f	ater. Avoid ire- atus and
			SECTION V	- REA	CTIVE H	AZARD\$	•	,	:
Product Stable Ye	:5	Unetable s	t	°		zardou ymerization			Viol Coour Coour
Conditions to Avoid	Store in Material		dry plac	e. Av	roid co	ntamine		h organ	nic
incompatibility (Materials to Avo	Keep a	way from	strong a	lkali. or tox	Do n	ot mix	with chl be relea	orinate sed.	:d
Hezardous Decomposition P	May roducts in	release on or he	hydrogen avy metal	gas i	fallo	wed to	contact	copper,	, brass,
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				······································		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	

SECTION VI - HEALTH HAZARDS

Damage may not be Eyes Corrosive. Causes severe burns or irritation to eyes. reversible.

Causes severe irritation or burns resulting in redness and pain and Skin possible tissue damage.

ingestion Patal or Harmful if swallowed. Causes nauses, vomiting and burns to mouth and esophogus. May cause central nervous system depression.

(chalation Causes moderate to severe irritation to nose, throat and lung tissue if mists or vapors are

Threshold Limit Value Estimated 5 mg/m³

inhaled.
Principal Routes of Absorption
Direct contact, swallowing or breathing of mists.

Acute Effects of Overexposure Corrosive. Cau Causes burns or irritation to tissues.

Chror a Effects of Overexposure

FIRST AID PROCEDURE—NEVER GIVE FLUIDS OR INDUCE VOMITING IF PATIENT IS UNCONSCIOUS OR HAVING CONVULSIONS. CALL A PHYSICIAN.

Flush immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Upper and lower eyelids should be raised to insure complete removal of chemical. Get immediate medical attention.

Flush with water. Wash with mild scap and water after removing contaminated clothing. If irritation or pain is present, get medical attention. ingestion Wash clothing before reuse.

If swallowed, immediately drink large amounts of milk, water or gelatin Inhalation solution. Induce vomiting by touching the back of throat with finger. Get immediate medical attention. Remove to fresh air. If breathing difficulty continues, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

Section VII — NORMAL HANDLING PROCEDURES

Precautions to be taken in Handling and Storage.

Keep container closed when moving or when not in use. KEPP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. Do not store with food. Wash after handling paying particular attention to areas under fingernails.

Protective Equipment

Eyes Goggles, face shield or side-shield. Glovesafety glasses.

Ventilation Requirements Mechanical to maintain TLV. NIOSH approved acid cartridge respirator in areas of high Eye wash in area of use.

Other Clothing to prevent skin contact.

Corrosive Action on

Materials

Corrosive to aluminum, brass, copper and most soft metals.

Section vill — spill or leak control procedures

Steps to be taken in Forms acidic solutions when dissolved in water. Bweep up and case of Spills. place in a plastic drum.

Bury in an approved chemical waste dump or dis-Charge dilute solution to sewer. Consult local regulations. Wash affected Disposal areas thoroughly. Liquid waste is an acidic solution. Neutralize Weste Disposal Areas thoroughly. Methods with lime water or dilute sodium hydroxide solution to a specific pH. Consult local regulations.

The above information is believed to be accurate and discloses the known hexards for this product as of this date. No additional warranties are made

DesMAR 2 5 1983

JUN 3 0 1987

arcal service hot line (800) 638-2672 USA

(800) 544-7225 Canada

Bldg 78 arcal servi

PRODUCT NAME ARCAL "AL-A-NITE"		HAZAR	D RATING EIRE
CHEMICAL NAME /Nature Aqueous acid	composition	4 = EXTR	X O X
PRODUCT APPEARANCE AND ODOR _Clear light	18 15 NO 18 0 1	ERATE TOXICITY 2	
	W 200V A.	SPECIAL SPECIAL	
B. COMPONENTS AND HAZ	ZARD INFORMAT	TION	
Hazardous Components (Specific Chemical Identity; Commo	n Name(s)) OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	Other Limits % (options Recommended
Hydrofluoric acid CAS#7664-	39-3 3 ppm	3 ppm	12°/° C
C. EMERGENCY AND FIRST	T-AID PROCEDU	RES	
YE CONTACT			
YE CONTACT If splashed into the eyes, flush with clear water for 15 mi	inutes or until irritation subside	s. If Irritation persists, ca	II a physician.
If splashed into the eyes, flush with clear water for 15 mi	inutes or until irritation subside	s. If Irritation persists, ca	II a physician.
If splashed into the eyes, flush with clear water for 15 mi			II a physicían.
If splashed into the eyes, flush with clear water for 15 mi SKIN CONTACT	ng and wash skin thoroughly w	ith soap and water.	
If splashed into the eyes, flush with clear water for 15 mi SKIN CONTACT. In case of skin contact, remove any contaminated clothin NHALATION. If overcome by vapor, remove from exposure and call a phy if available.	ng and wash skin thoroughly w ysician immediately. If breathing	ith soap and water.	
If splashed into the eyes, flush with clear water for 15 miskin CONTACT In case of skin contact, remove any contaminated clothin NHALATION If overcome by vapor, remove from exposure and call a physic available. NGESTION	ng and wash skin thoroughly w ysician immediately. If breathing nmediately.	ith soap and water. g is irregular or has stoppe	
If splashed into the eyes, flush with clear water for 15 miles in case of skin contact, remove any contaminated clothin NHALATION If overcome by vapor, remove from exposure and call a phylif available. NGESTION If ingested, DO NOT induce vomiting; call a physician im D. FIRE AND EXPLOSION FIRES AND EX	ysician immediately. If breathing immediately. HAZARD INFORM	ith soap and water. I is irregular or has stoppe IATION INITION TEMPERATURE	ed, start resuscitation, administer oxyge
If splashed into the eyes, flush with clear water for 15 millions of the contact, remove any contaminated clothin NHALATION If overcome by vapor, remove from exposure and call a phylif available. NGESTION If ingested, DO NOT induce vomiting; call a physician im	ysician immediately. If breathing immediately. HAZARD INFORM	ith soap and water. I is irregular or has stoppe IATION INITION TEMPERATURE	ed, start resuscitation, administer oxyge
If splashed into the eyes, flush with clear water for 15 milkin CONTACT. In case of skin contact, remove any contaminated clothin NHALATION. If overcome by vapor, remove from exposure and call a phylif available. NGESTION. If ingested, DO NOT induce vomiting; call a physician im. D. FIRE AND EXPLOSION FLASH POINT NONE. ANDLING PRECAUTIONS. Store in cool dry.	ysician immediately. If breathing immediately. HAZARD INFORM AUTOIG place, Avoid all	IATION INITION TEMPERATURE Skin contact. Flammability	none Reactivity
If splashed into the eyes, flush with clear water for 15 milkin CONTACT. In case of skin contact, remove any contaminated clothin NHALATION. If overcome by vapor, remove from exposure and call a phylif available. NGESTION. If ingested, DO NOT induce vomiting; call a physician im. D. FIRE AND EXPLOSION FLASH POINT NONE. ANDLING PRECAUTIONS. Store in cool dry.	ysician immediately. If breathing immediately. HAZARD INFORM AUTOIG	IATION INITION TEMPERATURE Skin contact.	nd, start resuscitation, administer oxygen
If splashed into the eyes, flush with clear water for 15 milkin CONTACT In case of skin contact, remove any contaminated clothin implementation. If overcome by vapor, remove from exposure and call a physic available. IGESTION If ingested, DO NOT induce vomiting; call a physician implementation. D. FIRE AND EXPLOSION Funds and call a physician implementation of the contact of	ng and wash skin thoroughly we special immediately. HAZARD INFORM AUTOIC place, Avoid all immediately.	IATION INITION TEMPERATURE Skin contact. Flammability O	none Reactivity
If splashed into the eyes, flush with clear water for 15 milkin CONTACT In case of skin contact, remove any contaminated clothin MALATION If overcome by vapor, remove from exposure and call a physic available. IGESTION If ingested, DO NOT induce vomiting; call a physician im D. FIRE AND EXPLOSION F LASH POINT NONE ANDLING PRECAUTIONS STORE IN COOL dry ATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION (NFPA) HAZARD IDENTIFICATION:	ysician immediately. If breathing immediately. HAZARD INFORM AUTOIC place, Avoid all: Health 2	IATION INITION TEMPERATURE Skin contact. Flammability 0	none Reactivity
If splashed into the eyes, flush with clear water for 15 milkin CONTACT In case of skin contact, remove any contaminated clothin NHALATION If overcome by vapor, remove from exposure and call a phylif available. NGESTION If ingested, DO NOT induce vomiting; call a physician im D. FIRE AND EXPLOSION F LASH POINT NONE ANDLING PRECAUTIONS Store in cool dry ATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION (NFPA) HAZARD IDENTIFICATION: LAMMABLE OR EXPLOSIVE LIMITS (APPROXIMATE PERCESTIMATED VALUES).	ysician immediately. If breathing immediately. HAZARD INFORM AUTOIC place. Avoid all: Health 2 ENT BY VOLUME IN AIR) Upper Flammable in	IATION INITION TEMPERATURE Skin contact. Flammability O	none Reactivity 0
If splashed into the eyes, flush with clear water for 15 miles in contact. The case of skin contact, remove any contaminated clothin NHALATION If overcome by vapor, remove from exposure and call a physic available. NGESTION If ingested, DO NOT induce vomiting; call a physician im D. FIRE AND EXPLOSION FRANCE IN COOL dry HANDLING PRECAUTIONS STORE IN COOL dry HAZARD IDENTIFICATION: LAMMABLE OR EXPLOSIVE LIMITS (APPROXIMATE PERCEITED)	ysician immediately. If breathing immediately. HAZARD INFORM AUTOIC place, Avoid all: Health 2 ENT BY VOLUME IN AIR) Upper Flammable is Water, foam dry	IATION INITION TEMPERATURE Skin contact. Flammability O Limit chemicals.	none Reactivity 0

5016 -7000-00-1	1000 - 1/3/1
E. HEALTH AND HAZARD IN	VFORMATION
	ary from person to person Minimize exposure.
EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE (Signs and symptoms of expo	Iritation and severe burns on skin and eyes
inhaled: iritation of mucous	membranes: coughing
Route(s) of Entry: Inhalation?	X Skin? X Ingestion? X
NATURE OF HAZARD AND TOXICITY INFORMATION Seve	ere burns on skin and eyes.
Carcinogenicity: none NTP?	IARC Monographs? —— OSHA Regulated?
F. PHYSICAL DATA	
The following data are approximate or typical values and should	not be used for precise design purposes:
BOILING RANGE approx. 212 F	VAPOR PRESSURE (mm Hq @20° C) Unknown
SPECIFIC GRAVITY (15.6 C/15.6 C) 1.1	VAPOR DENSITY (AIR = 1) Unknown
MELTING POINT Unknown	PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME 100%
pH1-2	EVAPORATION RATE @ 1 ATM. AND 25 C (77 F) (n-BUTYL ACETATE = 1)
VISCOSITY N/A	
VISCOSITY	SOLUBILITI IN WALLA & TAIM. AND 23 G (777)
G. REACTIVITY	
-	zardous polimerization will not occur. materials. Thermal decomposition will produce
hydrogen fluoride.	
H. SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDU	JRES
STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR	SPILLED Flush with water. Neutralization: with alkalines
	er, or alkaline detergents without chlorine.
WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD Neutralization wit	h alkaline, preferably with lime Cao.
	deral, state and local regulations.
I. PROTECTION AND PRECAL	JTIONS
ENTILATION	
Use only with ventilation sufficient to prevent exceeding recording records. RESPIRATORY PROTECTION	mmended exposure limit or buildup of explosive concentrations of vapor in air.
Use supplied-air respiratory protection in confined or enclose ROTECTIVE GLOVES	id spaces, if needed.
Use chemical-resistant gloves, if needed, to avoid prolonged	or repeated skin contact.
YE PROTECTION Use splash goggles or face shield when eye contact may occ	cur.
OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT Use chemical-resistant apron or other imperivious clothing, if ne contact.	eeded, to avoid contaminating regular clothing which could result in prolonged or repeated skir
VORK PRACTICES / ENGINEERING CONTROLS	In use. Do not store near heat, sparks, flame or strong oxidents.
PERSONAL HYGIENE Minimize breathing vapor, mist or fumes. Avoid prolonged or r Remove contaminated shoes and thoroughly clean before reuse.	repeated contact with skin. Remove contaminated clothing; launder or dry-clean before reuse; discard if soaked. Cleanse skin thoroughly after contact, before breaks and meals, and at end of ss hand cleaners followed by washing thoroughly with soap and water.
	,
J. TRANSPORTATION INFORM	AATION
O, INVALOR OFFICE OFFICE	or an experience

DOT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

(301) 336-9300 - USA (514) 494-9218 - Canada (800) 638-2672 - USA & Canada

6850-00LG24964

Material Safety Data Sheet

PRODUCT NAME ARCAL "AL-A-NITE"	HAZARD RA	FIRE
CHEMICAL NAME Nature Aqueous acid composition	3 = HIGH	O REACTIVITY
PRODUCT APPEARANCE AND ODOR <u>Clear light blue liquid;act</u>	d odor 2 = MODERATI 1 = SLIGHT 0 = INSIGNIFIC	10XICITY 2 0 SPECIAL
B. COMPONENTS AND HAZARD INFORM	ATION	
Hazardous Components (Specific Chemical Identity; Common Name(s)) OSHA	PEL ACGIMITY	Other Limits % (optional) ecommended
Hydrofluoric acid CAS#7664-39-3 3 pr	om 3 ppm	
C. EMERGENCY AND FIRST-AID PROCEE	DURES	
EYE CONTACT If splashed into the eyes, flush with clear water for 15 minutes or until irritation sul	sides. If irritation persists, call a pl	ysician. —
SKIN CONTACT In case of skin contact, remove any contaminated clothing and wash skin thorough	ly with soap and water.	
NHALATION If overcome by vapor, remove from exposure and call a physician immediately. If brea if available.	thing is irregular or has stopped, sta	t resuscitation, administer oxygen,
If overcome by vapor, remove from exposure and call a physician immediately. If brea if available.	thing is irregular or has stopped, sta	t resuscitation, administer oxygen,
If overcome by vapor, remove from exposure and call a physician immediately. If brea if available. NGESTION		rt resuscitation, administer oxygen,
If overcome by vapor, remove from exposure and call a physician immediately. If brea if available. NGESTION If ingested, DO NOT induce vomiting; call a physician immediately. D. FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD INFO	RMATION	r resuscitation, administer oxygen,
If overcome by vapor, remove from exposure and call a physician immediately. If brea if available. NGESTION If ingested, DO NOT induce vomiting; call a physician immediately. D. FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD INFO!	RMATION OIGNITION TEMPERATURE	
If overcome by vapor, remove from exposure and call a physician immediately. If brea if available. NGESTION If ingested, DO NOT induce vomiting; call a physician immediately. D. FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD INFO! FLASH POINT	RMATION OIGNITION TEMPERATURE 1 skin contact. Flammability	none
If overcome by vapor, remove from exposure and call a physician immediately. If brea if available. NGESTION If ingested, DO NOT induce vomiting; call a physician immediately. D. FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD INFO FLASH POINT	RMATION OIGNITION TEMPERATURE 1 skin contact.	none
If overcome by vapor, remove from exposure and call a physician immediately. If brea if available. NGESTION If ingested, DO NOT induce vomiting; call a physician immediately. D. FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD INFO! FLASH POINTnone	RMATION TOIGNITION TEMPERATURE 1 skin contact. Flammability 0	Reactivity 0
If overcome by vapor, remove from exposure and call a physician immediately. If brea if available. NGESTION If ingested, DO NOT induce vomiting; call a physician immediately. D. FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD INFO! FLASH POINT NONE HANDLING PRECAUTIONS STORE in cool dry place. Avoid all Health HATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION (NFPA) HAZARD IDENTIFICATION: LAMMABLE OR EXPLOSIVE LIMITS (APPROXIMATE PERCENT BY VOLUME IN AIR) Estimated values: Lower Flammable Limit. ————————————————————————————————————	RMATION OIGNITION TEMPERATURE 1 skin contact. Flammability 0	Reactivity 0
If overcome by vapor, remove from exposure and call a physician immediately. If brea if available. NGESTION If ingested, DO NOT induce vomiting; call a physician immediately. D. FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD INFO! FLASH POINT	RMATION OIGNITION TEMPERATURE 1 skin contact. Flammability 0	Reactivity 0
If overcome by vapor, remove from exposure and call a physician immediately. If brea if available. NGESTION If ingested, DO NOT induce vomiting; call a physician immediately. D. FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD INFO! FLASH POINT	RMATION OIGNITION TEMPERATURE 1 skin contact. Flammability 0	Reactivity 0
if available. INGESTION If ingested, DO NOT induce vomiting; call a physician immediately. D. FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD INFO! FLASH POINT	RMATION OIGNITION TEMPERATURE 1 skin contact. Flammability 0 ble Limit ry chemicals.	Reactivity O

E. HEALTH AND HAZARD INF	ORMATION
	y from person to person Minimize exposure.
	e) Iritation and severe burns on skin and eyes.
inhaled: iritation of mucous me	embranes: coughing
	X Skin? X Ingestion? X
NATURE OF HAZARD AND TOXICITY INFORMATION Sever	e burns on skin and eyes.
Carcinogenicity: none NTP?	IARC Monographe? OSHA Regulated?
F. PHYSICAL DATA	
The following data are approximate or typical values and should no	ot be used for precise design purposes:
BOILING RANGE approx. 212 F	VAPOR PRESSURE (mm Hq @20° C) Unknown
SPECIFIC GRAVITY (15.6 C/15.6 C) 1.1	
MELTING POINT Unknown	
	and the second s
pH <u>1-2</u>	
VISCOSITYN/A	SULUBILITY IN WATER @ 1 ATM. AND 25 C (77 F) Complete
G. REACTIVITY	
	ardous polimerization will not occur. naterials. Thermal decomposition will produce
hydrogen fluoride.	
H. SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDUP	RES
TEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPI	Flush with water. Neutralization: with alkalines
	c, or alkaline detergents without chlorine.
MASTE DISPOSAL METHOD Neutralization with	alkaline, preferably with lime Cao.
Dispose in accordance with fede	eral, state and local regulations.
I. PROTECTION AND PRECAU	TIONS
ENTILATION	
Use only with ventilation sufficient to prevent exceeding recomm	mended exposure limit or buildup of explosive concentrations of vapor in air.
ESPIRATORY PROTECTION Lies supplied-air respiratory protection in confined or enclosed:	spaces, if needed.
ROTECTIVE GLOVES Use chemical-resistant gloves, if needed, to avoid prolonged or	repeated skin contact.
YE PROTECTION Use spissh goggles or face shield when eye contact may occur.	
THER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT	
Use chemical-resistant apron or other imperivious ciothing, if need contact.	ded, to avoid contaminating regular clothing which could result in prolonged or repeated skin
ORK PRACTICES / ENGINEERING CONTROLS Keep containers and storage containers closed when not not in	use. Do not store near heat, sparks, flame or strong oxidents.
ERSONAL HYGIENE Minimize breathing venor miet or fumes. Avoid projegged or rec	eated contact with skin, Remove contaminated clothing; launder or dry-clean before reuse.
Remove contaminated shoes and thoroughly clean before reuse; di	scard if soaked. Cleanse skin thoroughly after contact, before breaks and meals, and at end of hand cleaners followed by washing thoroughly with soap and water.
1 TRANSPORTATION INFORMA	ATION
J. TRANSPORTATION INFORMA	ALION
OT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER	

WAGE ABOR STANDARDS ADMINISTRATION Great of Labor Standards

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET 6850 -00 L62 4964

OOP'S NAME			BETHLEHEM STEEL CORPORATION		
			PURCHASE OPDER NO. REQUISITIO	N NO.	
The second secon		SECTI		ZENCY TELEPH	ONE NO. 6-9300
real Chemicals, Inc.	_,		[(30	11) 33	6-9300
320-86th Avenue Cent	ral In	dustri	al Park Seat Pleasant,	Md.	20027
MICAL NAME AND SYNONYMS			Arcal AL-A-NITE"		
Acid Composition/aque	ous/				
SEC	TION II-	-HAZAI	RDOUS INGREDIENTS		**************************************
PAINTS PRESERVATIVES AND SOLVENTS	7%	TLV (Umb)	ALLOYS AND METALLIC COATINGS	%	TLV (Units)
		[Onis]	BASE METAL none		
GMENTS none		·	ALLOYS none		
ATALYST none			METALLIC COATINGS none		
HICLE none			FILLER METAL PLUS COATING OR CORE	FILIX DO	ne
DIVENTS 'none			OTHERS none	1100	
odnives none			OTHERS HOLE		· .
THERS none		<u> </u>	, SOLIDS, OR GASES	%	TLV (Units)
	SECTIO	M III—P	HYSICALTATA	a managara bilima na na dipenanganan na nan	
ILING POINT (°F.)	Appr	. 212	SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H.O = 1)		1.1
'OR PRESSURE (mmHg.)	Unk	nown	PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME (%)	10	0
OR DENSITY AIR: 1)		nown	EVAPORATION RATE (1) cl o	
UBILITY IN WATER S	oluble	(unli	mited)	W	ater
FARANCE AND ODOR Clear 1	ight b	lue li	quid with acid odor		
SECTION	IV—FIRE	AND E	KPLOSION HAZARD DATA		
*OPM (Method Used)	- 11176		FLAMMABLE DIAIFS Let		Uel
Mone Media					
FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES				رزب يوسد اسانيه هود د	
			•	+	- *- al-recurre un reserve access
FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS				politica / t a resource result	
None	šč.				NOTE AND A MALE AND

· 1	SECTION V—HEALTH HAZARD DATA	
STS OF CHERRIPOS	As vapors of mineral acids/ contains Hydrofluoric Acid/	6-870
	nhaled: irritation of mucous membranes; coughing	Gr
SENCY AND FIRST	AID FROCEDUR: 5	
	ish with ample running water Contacted skin surface: tr	eat_
-	uted ammonia water/ appr. 5% vol. in 95% vol. water/, or dode in waterthen flugh again. Eyes: flush with ample	*.10 f o v
See phys		water
- P1.75	SECTION VI—REACTIVITY DATA	**
-	UNSTABLE CONDITIONS TO AVOID	
STABILITY		
MPATABILITY (Maier	165	
ARBOUS DECOMPOS	SITION PRODUCTS	
	MAY OCCUR CONDITIONS TO AVOID	
AZARADOUS LYMERIZATIOI		
	WILL NOT OCCUR Yes	
		
Flu	sh with waterNeutralization: with alkalines, such as, ammonia water, or alkalin detergents without chlorine. Neutralization with alkalinepreferably with lime/Car	0.
	SECTION VIII—SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION	
RATORY PROTECTIO	Proper ventillation	*
ENTILATION	LOCAL EXHAUST SPECIAL MECHANICAL (General) OTHER	
FROTECTIVE FOUND PROTECTIVE FOUND Clastic G	Rubber gloves Goggles against accidental spi	llage
	SECTION IX—SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS	
	an in Handling and Storing	
No s	special precautions.	
r FRECAUTIONS		
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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR Occupational Safety and Health Administration

Form Approved OMB No. 44-R1387

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Diversey	Wyandotte Corporation

WYANDOTTE, MICHIGAN 48192
CALL TOLL FREE: 1-800-521-8140
IN MICHIGAN: 1-800-482-8010

nd Health Regulations for Ship Repairing, eaking (29 CFR 1915, 1916, 1917)

ECTION I	
	EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO.
	313-281-0930

CHEMICAL NAME AND SYNONYMS

TRADE NAME AND SYNONYMS DIVERSEY NO. 500-B

CHEMICAL FAMILY Sranular Acid

FORMULA

SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS TLV TLV PAINTS, PRESERVATIVES, & SOLVENTS ALLOYS AND METALLIC COATINGS (Units) (Units) PIGMENTS BASE METAL CATALYST ALLOYS VEHICLE **METALLIC COATINGS** FILLER METAL PLUS COATING OR CORE FLUX SOLVENTS ADDITIVES OTHERS OTHERS TLV (Units) HAZARDOUS MIXTURES OF OTHER LIQUIDS, SOLIDS, OR GASES Sodium bisulfate * 20 Sodium nitrate . 5 5 * Sodium Silicofluoride Not listed by A.C.G.I.H.

	SECTION III	PHYSICAL DATA	
BOILING POINT (°F.)	N/A	SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H2O=1)	N/A
VAPOR PRESSURE (mm Hg.)	N/A	PERCENT, VOLATILE BY VOLUME (%)	N/A
VAPOR DENSITY (AIR+1)	N/A	EVAPORATION RATE (N/A
SOLUBILITY IN WATER	Comple	te PH 1.5	
APPEARANCE AND ODOR Pink t		lar material with no app	arent odor

SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA					
FLASH POINT (Method used)	FLAMMABLE LIMITS	Lei	Uel		
None		. [
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA			<u> </u>		
SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES					
***		ter alline de la vocable alla la l	and the same of th		
UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS					
	Maria de de manuel de manuel de company de c				

SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA					
THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE					
EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE	Aqueous solutions are strongly acidic and				
	irritating.				
EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID	PROCEDURES SKIN - Rinse off with water.				
YES - Flush with	water for at least 15 minutes. See a physician.				
	SECTION VI - REACTIVITY DATA				

SECTION VI - REACTIVITY DATA						
STABILITY	UNSTABLE		co	NOITIO	NS TO AVOID	
	STABLE	X				*
	TV (Materiuls to avoid) COMPOSITION PROD	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·····	 -		
HAZARDOUS	MAY OCC	JR			CONDITIONS TO AVOID	
POLYMERIZATIO	WILL NOT	OCCUR	4	X		
				#4	•	

SECTION VII - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

Remove damaged container.

Transfer to a new container. Sweep up spillage. Rinse area with water.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Neutralize solution with lime or soda ash. Allow to settle. Solution can then be put down drain.

	SECTION VIII - SPECIAL	PROTECTION IN	FORMATION
RESPIRATORY P	ROTECTION (Specify type)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
VENTILATION	LOCAL EXHAUST		SPECIAL
,	MECHANICAL (General)		OTHER
PROTECTIVE GLO	Rubber	EYE PROTECTION	Goggles or face shield
OTHER PROTECT	IVE EQUIPMENT Rubber aprox	1	

SECTION IX - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS						
PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING Sodium nitrate is an oxidizing material. Store in cool, dry						
place away from inflammable organics						
OTHER PRECAUTIONS	substances.					



azardous

ecomposition Products

Material Safety Data Sheet

Emergency Telephone (313) 281-0930

D-168

		SECTION I -	- PRODU	CT IDEN	TIFICATIO	N		
		Product	DIVERS	EY WYA	NDOTTE	909		
PC 4001	R 1/8	Description Chemical Mi	ixture —	Non-	etch Al	uminum C	leaner	
		SECTION II —	HAZAR			<u>'S</u>		
CAS Number		ical Component		%	TLV (Units)		Hazard Data	
6834-92-0	6834-92-0 Sodium metasilicate			<35	-		y irrita kin and es.	
		SECTION	V III — PI	HYSICAL	. DATA			
XX Solid	Liquid	Appearance and Odor Off-w	hite,	granul	lar powd	ler with	mild soa	p odor
Sp. c Gravity 2.5 Ibs/ft ³				pH at 25°C (4% solution) 12.4				
Solubility in Water Complet	e			Freezing Point N/A				
Percent Volatiles (by weight) None				Phosphorus 12.4% P				
	SE	CTION IV — FIRE	AND EX	(PLOSIVI	E HAZARD	DATA		
Flash Point (method)	N/A		Flamma Limits	Not	combust	ible	LFL _	UFL
Extinguishing Media	Water, wat	er fog.						
Special Fire Hazards in water. G breathing ap product is s	Good firefig pparatus and	hting practi	ice di	ctates	the us	e of s el:	f-contair	
		SECTION V	– REA	CTIVE H	AZARDS			
Product Stable Yes	Unstab	le at •F	•c	3	z a r d o u s merization	None	Will Not	
Conditions DO	not mix wit	h acids. Wi	ll rel	le as e l	heat.			
ncompatibility Materials to Avoid)	Avoid mi	xing with ac	ids.					

None known.

SECTION VI — HEALTH HAZARDS

Eves Severe irritation or burns may result in reddness, pain and possible reversible corneal damage.

Skin Severely irritating to skin.

May cause pain, nausea and gastric distress. Ingestion

Avoid breathing dust which is irritating to nose Inhalation throat and lung tissue.

Threshold Limit Value Not established

Principal Routes of Absorption

r- 6

Ingestion, inhalation or topical contact.

Acute Effects of Overexposure Irritation due to alkaline nature of ingredients.

Chronic Effects of Overexposure None known.

FIRST AID PROCEDURE-NEVER GIVE FLUIDS OR INDUCE VOMITING IF PATIENT IS UNCONSCIOUS OR HAVING CONVULSIONS. CALL A PHYSICIAN.

Flush eyes immediately with water for at least 15 minutes. Get immediate medical attention.

Skin Flush with water. If irritation develops, contact a physician.

Ingestion If swallowed, drink large amounts of water or milk. DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If breathing difficulty persists, get medical attention.

SECTION VII — NORMAL HANDLING PROCEDURES

Precautions to be taken Do not store with acids. Store in a cool, dry area. in Handling and Storage. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

Protective Equipment

Goggles or side-shield safety glasses

Gloves Rubber or chemical resistant

Clothing to prevent skin contact Other

Ventilation Requirements

Mechanical to control dust or mist.

Corrosive Action on Materials

None known.

SECTION VIII — SPILL OR LEAK CONTROL PROCEDURES

Steps to be taken in Sweep up and place in a metal container. Bury in an approved case of Spills. chemical landfill. Rinse affected areas.

Waste Disposal Makes alkaline solutions with water. May require neutralization Methods with dilute acids to a specific pH before discharge to a sanitary sewer. Consult local regulations.

The above information is believed to be accurate and discloses the known hazards for this product as of this date. No additional warranties are 🛝

Date 8/5/82

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR Occupational Safety and Health Administration

Form Approved OMB No. 44-R1387

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET



WYANDOTTE, MICHIGAN 48192
CALL TOLL FREE: 1-800-521-8140
IN MICHIGAN: 1-800-482-8010

nd Health Regulations for Ship Repairing, eaking (29 CFR 1915, 1916, 1917)

ECTION I	
	EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO.
	313-281-0930

CHEMICAL NAME AND SYNONYMS

CHEMICAL FAMILY

Granular A

TRADE NAME AND SYNONYMS DIVERSEY NO. 500-B

FORMULA

Granular Acid

SECTION	111 -	HAZA	RDOUS INGREDIENTS		
PAINTS, PRESERVATIVES, & SOLVENTS	S, PRESERVATIVES, & SOLVENTS % TLV (Units) ALLOYS AND METALLIC COATINGS		*	TLV (Units)	
PIGMENTS			BASE METAL		
CATALYST			ALLOY5		
VEHICLE			METALLIC COATINGS		
SOLVENTS			FILLER METAL PLUS COATING OR CORE FLUX		
ADDITIVES			OTHERS		
OTHERS					
HAZARDOUS MIXTURES OF OTHER LIQUIDS, SOLIDS, OR GASES					TLV (Units)
Sodium bisulfate					*
Sodium nitrate				5	*
Sodium Silicofluoride				5	*
* Not listed by A.C.G.I.H.					

	SECTION III -	PHYSICAL DATA	
BOILING POINT (°F.)	N/A	SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H2O=1)	N/A
VAPOR PRESSURE (mm Hg.)	N/A	PERCENT, VOLATILE BY VOLUME (%)	N/A
VAPOR DENSITY (AIR=1)	N/A	EVAPORATION RATE	N/A
SOLUBILITY IN WATER	Comple	te PH 1.5	
APPEARANCE AND ODOR Pink to		lar material with no appa	rent odor

SECTION IV FIRE	AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DAT	ΓA				
FLASH POINT (Method used) None	FLAMMABLE LIMITS LOI					
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA						
SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES						
UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS						
	and the second state of the second se					

SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA						
THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE						
EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE	Aqueous solutions are strongly acidic and					
	irritating.					
EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PE	SKIN - Rinse off with water.					
EYES - Flush with	water for at least 15 minutes. See a physician.					

SECTION VI - REACTIVITY DATA								
STABILITY	UNS	STABLE CONDITIONS TO AVOID						
	STA	BLE	х					
INCOMPATABILIT	ry (Matci	iuls to avoid)						
HAZARDOUS DE	OMPOSI	TION PRODU	CTS					
HAZARDOUS	HAZARDOUS MAY OCCUR CONDITIONS TO AVOID							
POLYMERIZATIO	N	WILL NOT	OCCUR	х				
		,			it.			

	SECTION VII - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES	
STEPS TO BE TAKE	en in case material is released or spilled Remove damaged container.	
Transfer to	a new container. Sweep up spillage. Rinse area with	
water.	METHOD	
WASTE DIGITORAL	Neutralize solution with lime or soda ash. Allow	<u></u>
to settle.	Solution can then be put down drain.	

	SECTION VIII - SPECIAL	PROTECTION IN	FORMATIO	N	
RESPIRATORY P	ROTECTION (Specify type)		*		
VENTILATION	LOCAL EXHAUST X		SPECIAL		
	MECHANICAL ((icneral)		OTHER		
PROTECTIVE GLO	Rubber	EYE PROTECTION	Goggles	or face	shield
OTHER PROTECT	ive equipment Rubber apror				

	SECTION IX - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS
PRECAUTIONS TO B	taken in Handling and Storing nitrate is an oxidizing material. Store in cool, dr
	vay from inflammable organics or easily oxidizable
OTHER PRECAUTION	substances.



800-521-8140 Dr. Don Garvin

75-5

DIVERSEY 500B

SULFURN Acid Farrie sulfate Na Nitrate

NA silver Placelo

technical & operating data

NON-CHROMATED DESMUTTER & DEOXIDIZER

DESCRIPTION

Diversey No. 500B is a non-chromated, granular desmutter and deoxidizer especially recommended for use in areas where chromated materials cannot be used because of sewage disposal limitations. Diversey No. 500 gives rapid desmutting and de-oxidizing on all wrought and extruded aluminum alloys.

Unique Characteristics

- 1. Diversey No. 500B is a non-chromated desmutter and deoxidizer, that is comparable to chromated desmutters and deoxidizers, and especially recommended where pollution laws require a non-chromated material.
- Diversey No. 500B has been especially formulated to prevent pitting of the base metal, common to nonchromated desmutters and deoxidizers.
- 3. Diversey No. 500B is controlled by a simple titration.

Physical Properties

Physical state - Free flowing, granular powder

Odor - Mild alcohol odor
Color - Pale pink to tan
Flammability - Non-flammable
Caking - Non-caking

Caking - Non-caking Density - 9.5 lbs./gal.

Wetting - Contains no wetting agents

Rinsing - Readily rinsable

Foaming - Non-foaming

Chemical Properties

Oxidizing

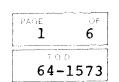
Nature

Acidity - Diversey No. 500B is an acidic material, having a pH of nearly 1 when made up at

the normal use concentration of 8-16 oz./gal.

- Diversey No. 500B contains an oxidizing agent. The normal precautions applicable to handling oxidizing materials should be observed with this product.





Chemical Properties (Cont'd.)

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Presence of Fluorides

Diversey No. 500B contains a fluoride that enhances its desmutting action very markedly. Fluorides are, however, very toxic. Personnel should avoid breathing Diversey No. 500B dust or solution spray.

DIVERSEY 500B

Absence of Chromium Compounds - Diversey No. 500B does not contain any chromium compounds whatsoever. Because it is non-chromated, Diversey No. 500B may be used in applications where chromated materials are forbidden by water pollution laws.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Because of the fluorides and acidic materials present, wear rubber gloves and suitable protective clothing when handling this product. In case of contact with this product or its solution, flush skin or eyes immediately with large volumes of water. If eyes are involved, flush with water for at least 15 minutes and get prompt medical attention.

WHERE TO USE

Desmutting

Diversey No. 500B is primarily designed for general use where rapid, thorough desmutting of aluminum is required after alkaline etching. Diversey No. 500B may also be used to deoxidize most aluminum alloys prior to resistance welding.

Note that Diversey No. 500B is not recommended for desmutting high silicon castings and other aluminum alloys. To desmut such alloys use Diversey 61-62.

Deoxidizing

Diversey No. 500B. is especially recommended for use in those installations where chromated materials cannot be used because of sewage pollution laws in regard to the disposal of waste chromium compounds. The hexavalent chromium present in all chromated desmutters and deoxidizers will harm fish and wildlife if it is introduced into streams. If dumped down the sewer, it poisons the bacteria used in sewage disposal operations. Even a few parts per million of hexavalent chromium is injurious and, for this reason, increasing numbers of localities are placing rigid controls on the disposal of hexavalent chromium.



DIVERSEY 500B

HOW TO USE

Preparation of the Working Solution

The Diversey No. 500B working solution is normally prepared and used from 8 to 16 oz./gal. at room temperature. The tank should be filled with one-half the required amount of fresh, cold water and the entire required amount of Diversey No. 500B then added with agitation. Water containing a high percentage of iron will significantly reduce bath life. In these cases, use demineralized, deionized or iron-free water. After several minutes of agitation, the balance of the water is added and the solution agitated. The Diversey No. 500B working solution as thus prepared, is milky-white initially but soon becomes yellowish and then changed to a turbid orange-red. Although the solution will become a clear yellow-green or light brown if it is now permitted to stand undisturbed for 2 or 3 hours, this is not necessary -- the Diversey No. 500B working solution may be used as soon as it has been mixed.

There will always be some flocculent reddish material at the bottom of the Diversey No. 500B working solution, along with some insoluble dark brown or red particles. These insoluble materials are all harmless, normal, and may be disregarded. It is worth noting that agitation of the Diversey No. 500B will bring some of the flocculent red material into suspension and thus cause the solution to become turbid and organge-red to red in color. This coloration has no effect upon the operation of the Diversey No. 500B bath.

Use of the Diversey No. 500B Working Solution

Diversey No. 500B is normally use at 8 to 16 oz./gal. at room temperature $(70-80^{\circ}F)$ for desmutting and for deoxidizing.

A. Desmutting with Diversey NO. 500B

The immersion time required to desmut depends upon the alloy involved and the amount of smut present. Immersion times usually run from 1/4 to 3 minutes in the case of a fresh bath but are somewhat longer for a used bath. Agitation will cut the time required by 25%.

Work should not be treated for any unnecessarily long time as this depletes the solution need-lessly. Work that falls to the tank bottom should be removed as soon as possible.

Desmutting with Diversey No. 500B (Cont'd.)

Work should be rinsed thoroughly and immediately after desmutting. A running cold water rinse is recommended.



Procedure A -- Desmutting After ALUMINUX Bath.

- 1. Preclean in suitable Diversey aluminum cleaner, Diversey No. 19, 6 oz./gal. 180°F.
- 2. Rinse thoroughly.
- 3. Etch in ALUMINUX at 6 oz./gal. 150°F for 3 minutes.
- 4. Cold water running rinse.
- 5. Deoxidize 5 minutes in Diversey No. 500B at 8-16 oz./gal. room temperature.
- 6. Rinse with fresh cold water.
- 7. Cold air dry.
- B. Deoxidizing with Diversey No. 500B

Some specific treatment sequences for use in deoxidizing prior to resistance welding are listed below:

Procedure A -- Deoxidizing Directly After the Pre-Cleaning Step.

This is the simplest procedure that may be used. It gives satisfactory results on most aluminum alloys.

- Preclean in non-etching aluminum cleaner, 5 minutes, Diversey No. 17A, 19, 909, 6 oz./gal. 180°F.
- 2. Rinse.
- 3. Deoxidize 5 minutes in Diversey No. 500B at 8-16 oz./gal. room temperature.
- 4. Rinse in fresh cold water.
- 5. Cold air dry (below 120°F).

Procedure B -- Deoxidizing Before and After an ALUMINUX Etch.

This procedure is recommended if heat treated aluminum alloys are to receive a satisfactory appearing etched finish.

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64-1573



DIVERSEY 500B

Procedure B (Cont'd.)

- 1. Preclean in non-etching, aluminum cleaner, 5 minutes, Diversey No. 909, 5 oz./gal. 160°F.
- 2. Rinse.
- 3. Deoxidize 5 minuts in Diversey No. 500B at 8-16 oz./gal. room temperature.
- 4. Cold water running rinse.
- 5. Etch in ALUMINUX at 6 oz./gal. 140°F for 3 minutes.
- 6. Cold water running rinse.
- 7. Desmut 2-3 mintues in Diversey No. 500B at 8-16 oz./gal. room temperature.
- 8. Rinse in fresh cold water.
- 9. Dry in room temperature air.

Tank Construction

Stainless steel tanks of the 300 series (Type 316 is best) are preferred. Tanks with rigid plastic (polyvinyl chloride, polyethylene) liners are satisfactory. Mild steel tanks of stainless tanks of the 200 or the 400 series are not acceptable. The rinse tank following the Diversey No. 500B desmutting bath should be made of the material previously recommended for the Diversey No. 500B tank.

HOW TO TEST

The concentration of a Diversey No. 500B solution may be determined by the sodium thiosulfate titration.

This method for determining the conentration of Diversey NO. 500B solutions measures the oxidizing material content.

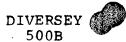
Reagents

- 1. Potassium Iodide, MI-13.
- 2. Sulfuric Acid, 1 part reagent grade acid to 4 parts water, MI-14.

Reagents (Cont'd.)

75-5





4. 0.1N Sodium Thiosulfate Solution, MI-15.

Equipment

- 1. 6 cc. graduated dropper pipette.
- 2. 8 oz. testing bottle.
- 3. 25 cc. graduated cylinder.
- 4. 1/2 teaspoon plastic spoon.
- 5. 1 graduated burett.

PROCEDURE

- 1. Withdraw 6.2 cc sample of clear Diversey No. 500B solution and place in the 8 oz. testing bottle.
- 2. Add 50 cc. of water and 1/2 teaspoon of potassium iodide (MI-13). Swirl the testing bottle to dissolve the crystals more rapidly.
- 3. Add 5 cc. of the diluted sulfuric acid (MI-14) and allow the sample to stand for 2-3 minutes. A deep, red-brown coloration will develop.
- 4. Titrate with 0.1N sodium thiosulfate (MI-14). The red-brown color of the solution becomes lighter as the titration proceeds and finally disappears. The solution is yellow at this point but turns to green as the end point is approached more closely. Upon reaching the green coloration, add from 3 to 5 cc. of starch indicator solution, and continue the titration slowly now until the blue color of the starch disappears.

Calculation

Total number of cc's of 0.1N sodium thiosulfate solution (MI-15) used equals the concentration of Diversey No. 500B in ounces per gallon.

How Packaged

Diversey No. 500B is packaged 400 lbs. net in polyethylene lined fiber drum.







technical & operating data

POWERFUL ALKALINE CLEANER FOR ALL ALLOYS

71-3
DIVERSEY
NO. 909

Tri Na pherphate

Tropely plu was meta silica

WHAT IS IT?

Diversey No. 909 is an outstanding caustic-free, heavy duty soak cleaner for ferrous and non-ferrous metals. The excellent wetting, emulsifying and dispersing actions of the product assure maximum effectiveness against a very wide variety of soils.

HOW PACKAGED

300 lbs. in a non-returnable fiber drum. 115 lbs. in a non-returnable fiber drum.

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

Diversey No. 909 is a white, granular, free-rowing compound. It is non-dusting, readily soluble, and does not cake under normal storage conditions.

CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Cleaning Action

When used for soak operations, No. 909 is a highly effective cleaner. Penetration of soils takes place immediately. This rapid penetration is promoted by a special wetting action in combination with selected activators. Soils are quickly emulsified and dispersed.

Safety to Metals

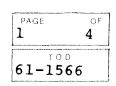
Diversey No. 909 generally can be used to clean more reactive metals, such as aluminum, brass, and zinc die castings, in addition to all ferrous metals with excellent results.

Water Conditioning

Advanced water softening prevents hard water deposits from forming on heating coils and sides of the tank. This special water softening action also prevents filming of cleaned work.

Rinsing

The product is free rinsing and drains rapidly in either hard or soft water.



* Form Afforoved

* Buriget Bureau No. 44-81387

Approval Expires April 30, 1971

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Form No. 150 0018 or May 1960 OSHA - 20

WAGE AND LABOR STANDARDS ADMINISTRATION
Bureau of Labor Standards

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET 6850-00-LGO-5616

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MANUFACTURER'S NAME DIVERSEY CHEMICALS		Carlotter Carlotter	EMERGENCY 1EU/ HONE (312) 297-	7500		
ADDRESS (Number, Street, City, State, and ZIP Gode) 1855 S. Mt. Prospect Rd. Des Plaines, Illinois 60 CHEMICAL NAME AND SYNONYMS TRADE NAME AND SYNONYMS						
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SE	CTIO	N III F	HYSICAL DATA			
BOILING POINT (°F.)	1	N/A	SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H20=1)			
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SECTION IV	FIRE	AND EX	PLOSION HAZARD DATA	_	į	
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EXTINGUISHING MEDIA			4			
SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES				And Thinkson of Your State		
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Safety Data Sheet

DIVISION OF THE DIVERSEY CORPORATION - 1855 SO. MT. PROSPECT RD. - DES PLAINES, ILL. 60018 - (312) 297-7500

TOXICOLOGICAL AND SAFE HANDLING INFORMATION FOR
DIVERSEY NO. 909
PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES
1. Form solid 2. Color off-white 3. Appearance granular
4. Odor slight soap-like 5. Density 8.1 lbs./gal.
6. pH (Concentrate) Use Solution 11.0-11.5 7. Boiling point °F (°C)
8. Corrosive Action on Materials Checked:
□Aluminum □Magnesium □Plexiglas □Rubber
□ Lacquers □ Enamels □ Fabrics □ Plastics
□ Ferrous Metals □ Stainless Steel □ Other
SPECIAL HANDLING PROCEDURES
 Spill and leakage Remove damaged container. Sweep up spillage. Rinse area clean with water.
2. Storage
3. Recommended protective equipment Goggles or face shield, rubber gloves.
4. Precautions for normal use
5. Container Requirement (Repackaging) Polyethylene, polyethylene lined fiber drum, steel
6. Disposal Recommendations: Material (CAN) be disposed of safely through normal means, such as in trash, drains, etc Material must be disposed of as follows:

HAZARD CLASS: Toxic Irritant Flammable Explosive Corrosive Innocuous
If rated toxic or irritant, the mechanism is: Oral ingestion Inhalation Skin absorption Other
Description Of:
 A. Acute Oral Toxicity Severe irritation. Estimate of Acute Hazard By Inhalation to burns of mucous membranes of mouth, throat and stomach. B. Local Effects Upon Eyes E. Warning Properties (Odor, Irritation to Eyes, Irritation to severe irritation. Nose, or Throat)
C. Local Effects Upon Skin Irritation possible. HAZARD DATA
1. Flash point non@F (°C) Open Cup Closed Cup
2. Explosive Limitsnone Lower Upper 3. Firepoint °F (°C)
4. Auto Ignition Point °F · (°C) none
5. Incompatibility (material to avoid)
6. Hazardous decomposition products (if any)
7. Effect of direct sunlight, heat, water
8. Suitable extinguishing agents
FIRST AID AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES
First Aid Treatment
A. Skin Contact Rinse with water.
B. Eye Contact D. Antidote in Case of Swallowing
Flush with plenty of water. Give water or milk. Follow with dilute for at least 15 minutes. Call vinegar or fruit juices. Call or see or see a physician. physician. physician. Information In Regard to This Product Is To Be Treated As Proprietary And Used Only For The Purpose Of Protecting The Health And Safety Of Customer Employees And The Subsquarding Of Its Property. Bequest For Additional Information Should Be Made To.

PHYSIOLOGICAL PROPERTIES



PO Box 32 ▼ 105 Liberty Street ▼ Winona, MN 55987 ▼ Phone: 800-533-0027 or 507-454-5640 ▼ Fax: 507-454-5641

FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY Involving Shipping and Handling Spills, Leak, Fire, Exposure or Accident Call CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300

6834-92-0

Complies with OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200

N/E*

apprx. 100%

N/E*

Section 1 - Product Identification

Product Name: Sodium Metasilicate, all sizes Product ID: 0204X

Section 2 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

CHEMICAL AND COMMON NAME CAS REG. # WT. % OSHA PEL ACGIH TLV

Silicic acid, disodium salt; Disodium trioxosilicate;

Anhydrous Sodium metasilicate; ASM

Section 3 - Hazards Identification

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: White, odorless, granular powder. Corrosive to eyes, skin, and digestive tract. Dust corrosive to respiratory tract. Due to high pH of product, release into surface water is harmful to aquatic life. Noncombustible. Reacts with acids and some organics.

EYE CONTACT: Corrosive. Causes eye burns.

SKIN CONTACT: Corrosive. Causes skin burns.

INHALATION: Dust corrosive to respiratory tract.

INGESTION: Corrosive. Causes burns to mouth, esophagus, and stomach.

CHRONIC HAZARDS: No known chronic hazards. Not listed by NTP, IARC or OSHA as a carcinogen.

PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Can etch glass if not promptly removed.

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

EYES: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

SKIN: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention immediately. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

INGESTION: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately. If victim is fully conscious, give a cupful of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

FLAMMABLE LIMITS: This material is noncombustible.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: This material is compatible with all extinguishing media. Hazards to fire-fighters: See Section 3 for information on hazards when this material is present in the area of a fire.

FIRE-FIGHTING EQUIPMENT: The following protective equipment for fire fighters is recommended when this material is present in the area of a fire: chemical goggles, body-covering protective clothing, chemical resistant gloves, and rubber boots.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

PERSONNEL PROTECTION: Wear chemical goggles, body-covering protective clothing, chemical resistant gloves, and rubber boots, NIOSH-approved dust respirator where dust occurs. See Section 8.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Sinks and mixes with water. High pH of this material is harmful to aquatic life, see Section 12.

SMALL SPILL CLEANUP: Carefully shovel or sweep up spilled material and place in suitable container. Avoid generating dust. Use appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE). See Section 8.

LARGE SPILL CLEANUP: Keep unnecessary people away; isolate hazard area and deny entry. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Carefully shovel or sweep up spilled material and place in suitable container. Avoid generating dust. Use appropriate PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE). See section 8. In case of contact with water, prevent runoff from entering

^{*} Manufacturer's recommended exposure limit is 2 mg/m3 Ceiling Limit.

into storm sewers and ditches which lead to natural waterways. Neutralize contaminated area and flush with large quantities of water. Comply with applicable environmental regulations.

CERCLA RQ: There is no CERCLA Reportable Quantity for this material. If a spill goes off site, notification of state and local authorities is recommended.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

HANDLING: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe dust. Keep container closed. Promptly clean up spills. Wash thoroughly after handling.

STORAGE: Keep containers closed. Store in clean, tightly closed steel, fiber, or plastic containers. Separate from acids, reactive metals, and ammonium salts. Do not store in aluminum, fiberglass, copper, brass, zinc or galvanized containers. This product can absorb water from the air. In case of high humidity or storage for extended periods of time, use plastic bags to enclose product containers to avoid caking. Packaged inventory should be used on a first in, first out (FIFO) basis.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep containers closed. Safety shower and eyewash fountain should be within direct access.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Use a NIOSH-approved dust respirator where dust occurs. Observe OSHA regulations for respirator use (29 C.F.R. S1910.134)

SKIN PROTECTION: Wear body-covering protective clothing and gloves.

EYE PROTECTION: Wear chemical goggles.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

APPEARANCE: Granular powder COLOR: White

ODOR: Odorless or musty odor pH: Approximately 14

BULK DENSITY: Approximately 68 lbs/ft3 untamped, 77 lbs/ft3 tamped

SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Soluble

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY: This material is stable under all conditions of use and storage.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: None

MATERIALS TO AVOID: Generates heat when mixed with acid. May react with ammonium salt solutions resulting in evolution of ammonia gas. Flammable hydrogen gas may be produced on contact with aluminum, tin, lead, and zinc. Carbon monoxide gas may be produced on contact with reducing sugars.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION: Hydrogen

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

ACUTE DATA: This material has not been tested for primary eye irritation potential. However, on the basis of its high degree of alkalinity, it is regarded as corrosive to the eyes. When this material was tested for skin corrosion/irritation potential according to OECD Guidelines Section 404, it produced dermal corrosion. The acute oral toxicity of this product has not been tested. When sodium silicates were tested on a 100% solids basis, their single dose acute oral LD50 in rats ranged from 1500 mg/kg to 3200 mg/kg. The acute oral lethality resulted from nonspecific causes.

SUBCHRONIC DATA: In a study of rats fed sodium silicate in drinking water for three months, at 200, 600 and 1800 ppm, changes were reported in the blood chemistry of some animals, but no specific changes to the organs of the animals due to sodium silicate administration were observed in any of the dosage groups. Another study reported adverse effects to the kidneys of dogs fed sodium silicate in their diet at 2.4g/kg/day for 4 weeks, whereas rats fed the same dosage did not develop any treatment-related effects. Decreased numbers of births and survival to weaning was reported for rats fed sodium silicate in their drinking water at 600 and 1200 ppm.

SPECIAL STUDIES: Sodium silicate was not mutagenic to the bacterium E. Coli when tested in a mutagenicity bioassay. There are no known reports of carcinogenicity of sodium silicates. Frequent ingestion over extended periods of time of gram quantities of silicates is associated with the formation kidney stones and other siliceous urinary calculi in humans. Sodium silicate is not listed by IARC, NTP or OSHA as a carcinogen.

Section 12 - Ecological Information

ECO TOXICITY: The following data is reported for sodium silicates on a 100% solids basis: A 96 hour median tolerance for fish (Gambusia affnis) of 2320 ppm; a 96 hour median tolerance for water fleas (Daphnia magna) of 247 ppm; a 96 hour median tolerance for snail eggs (Lymnea) of 632 ppm; and a 96 hour median tolerance for Amphipoda of 160 ppm.

ENVIRONMENTAL FATE: This material is not persistent in aquatic systems, but its high pH when undiluted or unneutralized is acutely harmful to aquatic life. Diluted material yields dissolved silica in a form that is indistinguishable from natural dissolved silica. It does not contribute to BOD. This material does not bioaccumulate except in species that use silica as a structural material such as diatoms and siliceous sponges. Where abnormally low natural silica concentrations exist (less than 0.1 ppm), dissolved silica may be a limiting nutrient for diatoms and a few other aquatic algal species. However, the addition of excess dissolved silica over the limiting concentration will not stimulate the growth of diatom populations; their growth rate is independent of silica concentration once the limiting concentration is exceeded. Neither silica nor sodium will appreciably bioconcentrate up the food chain.

PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL: Sinks and dissolves in water.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

CLASSIFICATION: Disposed dry/solid material is not classified as a RCRA Hazardous waste. However, disposed water/wet solutions containing this material are classified as RCRA hazardous waste if they exhibit the corrosive characteristic (pH greater than or equal to 12.5) as defined in EPA rules at 40 C.F.R. S261.22 (a)(1).

DISPOSAL METHOD: Dispose in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

Section 14 - Transport Information

DOT UN STATUS: This material is a regulated hazardous material.

UN PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Corrosive Solid, Basic, Inorganic, n.o.s. (Sodium metasilicate, Anhydrous)

UN HAZARD CLASS/DIVISION: 8
UN IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: UN3262
UN PACKING GROUP: PG II

Section 15 - Regulations

CERCLA: No CERCLA Reportable Quantity has been established for this material.

SARA TITLE III: Not an Extremely Hazardous Substance under S302. Not a Toxic Chemical under S313. Hazard Categories under

SS311/312: Acute

TSCA: All ingredients of this material are listed on the TSCA inventory.

FDA: The use of sodium metasilicate is authorized by FDA as a boiler water additive for the production of steam that will contact food pursuant to 21 CFR S173.310; and as a GRAS substance pursuant to 21 CFR S184.1769a for use in washing and lye peeling of fruits, vegetables, and nuts; as a denuding agent for tripe; a hog scald agent in removing hair; and as a corrosion preventative in canned and bottled water.

Section 16 - Other Information

SUPERCEDES DATE:

ABBREVIATIONS: <= LESS THAN

> = MORETHAN

UNK = UNKNOWN

N/A = NOT APPLICABLE

N/D = NOT DETERMINED

N/E = NOT ESTABLISHED

FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY pping and Handling Spills, Leak, Fire, Exposure or Accid

Involving Shipping and Handling Spills, Leak, Fire, Exposure or Accident Call CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300

The information and recommendations in this Material Safety Data Sheet are based upon data believed to be correct and does not relate to its use in combination with any other material or process. Since use conditions vary, we assume no liability for failure to follow product use direction and safety precautions. As data, standards and regulations change; NO WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, IS MADE AS TO THE COMPLETENESS OR CONTINUING ACCURACY OF THIS INFORMATION.



Health	3
Fire	0
Reactivity	2
Personal Protection	J

Material Safety Data Sheet Sodium hydroxide MSDS

Section 1: Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name: Sodium hydroxide

Catalog Codes: SLS3298, SLS1081, SLS2503, SLS3925,

SLS1705

CAS#: 1310-73-2

RTECS: WB4900000

TSCA: TSCA 8(b) inventory: Sodium hydroxide

CI#: Not available.

Synonym: Caustic Soda

Chemical Name: Sodium Hydroxide

Chemical Formula: NaOH

Contact Information:

Sciencelab.com, Inc. 14025 Smith Rd.

Houston, Texas 77396

US Sales: 1-800-901-7247

International Sales: 1-281-441-4400

Order Online: ScienceLab.com

CHEMTREC (24HR Emergency Telephone), call:

1-800-424-9300

International CHEMTREC, call: 1-703-527-3887

For non-emergency assistance, call: 1-281-441-4400

Section 2: Composition and Information on Ingredients Composition: Name CAS # % by Weight Sodium hydroxide 1310-73-2 100

Toxicological Data on Ingredients: Sodium hydroxide LD50: Not available. LC50: Not available.

Section 3: Hazards Identification

Potential Acute Health Effects:

Very hazardous in case of skin contact (corrosive, irritant, permeator), of eye contact (irritant, corrosive), of ingestion, of inhalation. The amount of tissue damage depends on length of contact. Eye contact can result in corneal damage or blindness. Skin contact can produce inflammation and blistering. Inhalation of dust will produce irritation to gastro-intestinal or respiratory tract, characterized by burning, sneezing and coughing. Severe over-exposure can produce lung damage, choking, unconsciousness or death. Inflammation of the eye is characterized by redness, watering, and itching. Skin inflammation is characterized by itching, scaling, reddening, or, occasionally, blistering.

Potential Chronic Health Effects:

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Mutagenic for mammalian somatic cells. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Not available. The substance may be toxic to mucous membranes, upper respiratory tract, skin, eyes. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage. Repeated exposure of the eyes to a low level of dust can produce eye irritation. Repeated skin exposure can produce local skin destruction, or dermatitis. Repeated inhalation of dust can produce varying degree of respiratory irritation or lung damage.

Section 4: First Aid Measures

Eve Contact:

Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Cold water may be used. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin Contact:

In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. Cold water may be used. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

Serious Skin Contact:

Wash with a disinfectant soap and cover the contaminated skin with an anti-bacterial cream. Seek medical attention.

Inhalation:

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.

Serious Inhalation:

Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. WARNING: It may be hazardous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation when the inhaled material is toxic, infectious or corrosive. Seek immediate medical attention.

Ingestion:

Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If large quantities of this material are swallowed, call a physician immediately. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Serious Ingestion: Not available.

Section 5: Fire and Explosion Data

Flammability of the Product: Non-flammable.

Auto-Ignition Temperature: Not applicable.

Flash Points: Not applicable.

Flammable Limits: Not applicable.

Products of Combustion: Not available.

Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances: metals

Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances:

Risks of explosion of the product in presence of mechanical impact: Not available. Risks of explosion of the product in presence of static discharge: Not available. Slightly explosive in presence of heat.

Fire Fighting Media and Instructions: Not available

Special Remarks on Fire Hazards:

sodium hydroxide + zinc metal dust causes ignition of the latter. Under proper conditions of temperature, pressure and state of division, it can ignite or react violently with acetaldehyde, ally alcohol, allyl chloride, benzene-1,4-diol, chlorine trifluoride, 1,2 dichlorethylene, nitroethane, nitroparaffins, nitropropane, cinnamaldehyde, 2,2-dichloro-3,3-dimethylbutane. Sodium hydroxide in contact with water may generate enough heat to ignite adjacent combustible materials. Phosphorous boiled with NaOH yields mixed phosphines which may ignite spontanously in air. sodium hydroxide and cinnamaldehyde + heat may cause ignition. Reaction with certain metals releases flammable and explosive hydrogen gas.

Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards:

Sodium hydroxide reacts to form explosive products with ammonia + silver nitrate. Benzene extract of allyl benzenesulfonate prepared from allyl alcohol, and benzene sulfonyl chloride in presence of aquesous sodium hydroxide, under vacuum distillation, residue darkened and exploded. Sodium Hydroxde + impure tetrahydrofuran, which can contain peroxides, can

cause serious explosions. Dry mixtures of sodium hydroxide and sodium tetrahydroborate liberate hydrogen explosively at 230-270 deg. C. Sodium Hydroxide reacts with sodium salt of trichlorophenol + methyl alcohol + trichlorobenzene + heat to cause an explosion.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Small Spill:

Use appropriate tools to put the spilled solid in a convenient waste disposal container. If necessary: Neutralize the residue with a dilute solution of acetic acid.

Large Spill:

Corrosive solid. Stop leak if without risk. Do not get water inside container. Do not touch spilled material. Use water spray to reduce vapors. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed. Call for assistance on disposal. Neutralize the residue with a dilute solution of acetic acid. Be careful that the product is not present at a concentration level above TLV. Check TLV on the MSDS and with local authorities.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Precautions:

Keep container dry. Do not breathe dust. Never add water to this product. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If you feel unwell, seek medical attention and show the label when possible. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep away from incompatibles such as oxidizing agents, reducing agents, metals, acids, alkalis, moisture.

Storage: Keep container tightly closed. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Hygroscopic. Deliquescent.

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls:

Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If user operations generate dust, fume or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit.

Personal Protection:

Splash goggles. Synthetic apron. Vapor and dust respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Gloves.

Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill:

Splash goggles. Full suit. Vapor and dust respirator. Boots. Gloves. A self contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.

Exposure Limits:

STEL: 2 (mg/m3) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] TWA: 2 CEIL: 2 (mg/m3) from OSHA (PEL) [United States] CEIL: 2 (mg/m3) from NIOSHConsult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical state and appearance: Solid. (Deliquescent solid.)

Odor: Odorless.

Taste: Not available.

Molecular Weight: 40 g/mole

Color: White.

pH (1% soln/water): 13.5 [Basic.] **Boiling Point:** 1388°C (2530.4°F)

Melting Point: 323°C (613.4°F)

Critical Temperature: Not available.

Specific Gravity: 2.13 (Water = 1)

Vapor Pressure: Not applicable.

Vapor Density: Not available.

Volatility: Not available.

Odor Threshold: Not available.

Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.: Not available. Ionicity (in Water): Not available.

Dispersion Properties: See solubility in water.

Solubility: Easily soluble in cold water.

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity Data

Stability: The product is stable.

Instability Temperature: Not available.

Conditions of Instability: Incompatible materials, moisture, moist air

Incompatibility with various substances:

Highly reactive with metals. Reactive with oxidizing agents, reducing agents, acids, alkalis, moisture.

Corrosivity: Not available.

Special Remarks on Reactivity:

Hygroscopic. Much heat is evolved when solid material is dissolved in water. Therefore cold water and caution must be used for this process. Sodium hydroxide solution and octanol + diborane during a work-up of a reaction mixture of oxime and diborane in tetrahyrofuran is very exothermic, a mild explosion being noted on one occassion. Reactive with water, acids (mineral, non-oxidizing, e.g. hydrochloric, hydrofluoric acid, muriatic acid, phosphoric), acids (mineral, oxidizing e.g. chromic acid, hypochlorous acid, nitric acid, sulfuric acid), acids (organic e.g. acetic acid, benzoic acid, formic acid, methanoic acid, oxalic acid), aldehydes (e.g. acetaldehyde, acrolein, chloral hydrate, foraldehyde), carbamates (e.g. carbanolate, carbofuran), esters (e.g. butyl acetate, ethyl acetate, propyl formate), halogenated organics (dibromoethane, hexachlorobenzene, methyl chloride, trichloroethylene), isocyanates (e.g. methyl isocyanate), ketones (acetone, acetophenone, MEK, MIBK), acid chlorides, strong bases, strong oxidizing agents, strong reducing agents, flammable liquids, powdered metals and metals (i.e aluminum, tin, zinc, hafnium, raney nickel), metals (alkali and alkaline e.g. cesium, potassium, sodium), metal compounds (toxic e.g. berylium, lead acetate, nickel carbonyl, tetraethyl lead), mitrides (e.g. potassium nitride, sodium nitride), nitriles (e.g. acetonitrile, methyl cyanide), nitro compounds (organic e.g. nitrobenzene, nitromethane), acetic anhydride, chlorohydrin, chlorosulfonic acid, ethylene cyanohydrin, glyoxal, hydrosulfuric acid, oleum, propiolactone, acylonitrile, phorosous pentoxide, chloroethanol, chloroform-methanol, tetrahydroborate, cyanogen azide, 1,2,4,5 tetrachlorobenzene, cinnamaldehyde. Reacts with formaldehyde hydroxide to yield formic acid, and hydrogen.

Special Remarks on Corrosivity: Very caustic to aluminum and other metals in presence of moisture.

Polymerization: Will not occur.

Section 11: Toxicological Information

Routes of Entry: Absorbed through skin. Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Toxicity to Animals:

LD50: Not available. LC50: Not available.

Chronic Effects on Humans:

MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Mutagenic for mammalian somatic cells. May cause damage to the following organs: mucous membranes, upper respiratory tract, skin, eyes.

Other Toxic Effects on Humans:

Extremely hazardous in case of inhalation (lung corrosive). Very hazardous in case of skin contact (corrosive, irritant, permeator), of eye contact (corrosive), of ingestion, .

Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals:

Lowest Published Lethal Dose: LDL [Rabbit] - Route: Oral; Dose: 500 mg/kg

Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans: May affect genetic material. Investigation as a mutagen (cytogenetic analysis)

Special Remarks on other Toxic Effects on Humans:

Section 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: Not available.

BOD5 and COD: Not available.

Products of Biodegradation:

Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products may arise.

Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation: The product itself and its products of degradation are not toxic.

Special Remarks on the Products of Biodegradation: Not available.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal:

Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations.

Section 14: Transport Information

DOT Classification: Class 8: Corrosive material

Identification: : Sodium hydroxide, solid UNNA: 1823 PG: II

Special Provisions for Transport: Not available.

Section 15: Other Regulatory Information

Federal and State Regulations:

Illinois toxic substances disclosure to employee act: Sodium hydroxide Illinois chemical safety act: Sodium hydroxide New York release reporting list: Sodium hydroxide Rhode Island RTK hazardous substances: Sodium hydroxide Pennsylvania RTK: Sodium hydroxide Minnesota: Sodium hydroxide Massachusetts RTK: Sodium hydroxide New Jersey: Sodium hydroxide Louisiana spill reporting: Sodium hydroxide California Director's List of Hazardous Substances: Sodium hydroxide TSCA 8(b) inventory: Sodium hydroxide CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: Sodium hydroxide: 1000 lbs. (453.6 kg)

Other Regulations:

OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). EINECS: This product is on the European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

Other Classifications:

WHMIS (Canada): CLASS E: Corrosive solid.

DSCL (EEC).

R35- Causes severe burns. S26- In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice. S37/39- Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection. S45- In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).

HMIS (U.S.A.):

Health Hazard: 3

Fire Hazard: 0

Reactivity: 2

Personal Protection: j

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.):

Health: 3

Flammability: 0
Reactivity: 1

Specific hazard:

Protective Equipment:

Gloves. Synthetic apron. Vapor and dust respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Splash goggles.

Section 16: Other Information

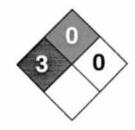
References: Not available.

Other Special Considerations: Not available.

Created: 10/09/2005 06:32 PM

Last Updated: 11/01/2010 12:00 PM

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Material Safety Data Sheet Cadmium chloride MSDS

Section 1: Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name: Cadmium chloride

Catalog Codes: SLC4060

CAS#: 7790-78-5

RTECS: EV0175000

TSCA: TSCA 8(b) inventory: Cadmium chloride

CI#: Not available.

Synonym:

Chemical Name: Not available.

Chemical Formula: CdCl2.2-1/2 H2O

Contact Information:

Sciencelab.com, Inc. 14025 Smith Rd. Houston, Texas 77396

US Sales: 1-800-901-7247

International Sales: 1-281-441-4400
Order Online: ScienceLab.com

CHEMTREC (24HR Emergency Telephone), call:

1-800-424-9300

International CHEMTREC, call: 1-703-527-3887

For non-emergency assistance, call: 1-281-441-4400

Section 2: Composition and Information on Ingredients

Composition:

Name CAS #

% by Weight

Cadmium chloride

7790-78-5

100

Toxicological Data on Ingredients: Cadmium chloride: ORAL (LD50): Acute: 88 mg/kg [Rat]. 63 mg/kg [Guinea pig].

Section 3: Hazards Identification

Potential Acute Health Effects:

Very hazardous in case of ingestion. Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of eye contact (irritant), of inhalation. Severe over-exposure can result in death.

Potential Chronic Health Effects:

Very hazardous in case of ingestion. Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of eye contact (irritant), of inhalation. CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified 2A (Probable for human.) by IARC, 2 (Reasonably anticipated.) by NTP. MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: PROVEN The substance is toxic to blood, kidneys, the reproductive system, liver, mucous membranes. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage. Repeated exposure to an highly toxic material may produce general deterioration of health by an accumulation in one or many human organs.

Section 4: First Aid Measures

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Cold water may be used.

Skin Contact:

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water. Gently and thoroughly wash the contaminated skin with running water and non-abrasive soap. Be particularly careful to clean folds, crevices, creases and groin. Cold water may be used. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.

Serious Skin Contact: Not available.

Inhalation: Allow the victim to rest in a well ventilated area. Seek immediate medical attention.

Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Seek medical attention.

Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting. Examine the lips and mouth to ascertain whether the tissues are damaged, a possible indication that the toxic material was ingested; the absence of such signs, however, is not conclusive. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Seek immediate medical attention.

Serious Ingestion: Not available.

Section 5: Fire and Explosion Data

Flammability of the Product: Non-flammable. Auto-Ignition Temperature: Not applicable.

Flash Points: Not applicable.

Flammable Limits: Not applicable.

Products of Combustion: Not available.

Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances: Not applicable.

Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances:

Risks of explosion of the product in presence of mechanical impact: Not available. Risks of explosion of the product in presence of static discharge: Not available.

Fire Fighting Media and Instructions: Not applicable.

Special Remarks on Fire Hazards: Not available.

Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards: Not available.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Small Spill: Use appropriate tools to put the spilled solid in a convenient waste disposal container.

Large Spill:

Use a shovel to put the material into a convenient waste disposal container. Be careful that the product is not present at a concentration level above TLV. Check TLV on the MSDS and with local authorities.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Precautions:

Keep locked up Do not ingest. Do not breathe dust. Wear suitable protective clothing If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label.

Storage:

Keep container tightly closed. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Highly toxic or infectious materials should be stored in a separate locked safety storage cabinet or room.

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls:

Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If user operations generate dust, fume or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit.

Personal Protection: Safety glasses. Lab coat. Dust respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Gloves.

Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill:

Splash goggles. Full suit. Dust respirator. Boots. Gloves. A self contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.

Exposure Limits: TWA: 0.05 STEL: 0.2 (mg/m3) from ACGIHConsult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical state and appearance: Solid. (Crystals solid.)

Odor: Odorless.

Taste: Not available.

Molecular Weight: 228.35 g/mole

Color: Colorless.

pH (1% soln/water): Not available.

Boiling Point: Not available.

Melting Point: Decomposes.

Critical Temperature: Not available. Specific Gravity: 3.327 (Water = 1)

Vapor Pressure: Not applicable.

Vapor Density: Not available.

Volatility: Not available.

Odor Threshold: Not available.

Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.: Not available. Ionicity (in Water): Not available.

Dispersion Properties: See solubility in water, acetone.

Solubility:

Easily soluble in cold water. Soluble in acetone.

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity Data

Stability: The product is stable.

Instability Temperature: Not available.

Conditions of Instability: Not available.

Incompatibility with various substances: Not available.

Corrosivity: Non-corrosive in presence of glass.

Special Remarks on Reactivity: Not available.

Special Remarks on Corrosivity: Not available.

Polymerization: No.

Section 11: Toxicological Information

Routes of Entry: Ingestion.

Toxicity to Animals: Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 63 mg/kg [Guinea pig].

Chronic Effects on Humans:

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified 2A (Probable for human.) by IARC, 2 (Reasonably anticipated.) by NTP.

DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: PROVEN The substance is toxic to blood, kidneys, the reproductive system, liver, mucous

membranes.

Other Toxic Effects on Humans:

Very hazardous in case of ingestion. Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of inhalation.

Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals: Not available.

Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans: Not available.

Special Remarks on other Toxic Effects on Humans: Not available.

Section 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: Not available.

BOD5 and COD: Not available.

Products of Biodegradation:

Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products may arise.

Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation: The products of degradation are more toxic.

Special Remarks on the Products of Biodegradation: Not available.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal:

Section 14: Transport Information

DOT Classification: CLASS 6.1: Poisonous material.

Identification: : Cadmium compound, n.o.s. (Cadmium chloride) : UN2570 PG: III

Special Provisions for Transport: Marine Pollutant

Section 15: Other Regulatory Information

Federal and State Regulations:

California prop. 65: This product contains the following ingredients for which the State of California has found to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, which would require a warning under the statute: Cadmium chloride California prop. 65: This product contains the following ingredients for which the State of California has found to cause cancer which would require a warning under the statute: Cadmium chloride TSCA 8(b) inventory: Cadmium chloride

Other Regulations: OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Other Classifications:

WHMIS (Canada):

CLASS D-1B: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (TOXIC). CLASS D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (VERY TOXIC).

DSCL (EEC):

R45- May cause cancer. R48/25- Toxic: danger of serious damage to health in case of prolonged exposure if swallowed.

HMIS (U.S.A.):

Health Hazard: 3
Fire Hazard: 0

Reactivity: 0

Personal Protection: E

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.):

Health: 3

Flammability: 0
Reactivity: 0
Specific hazard:

Protective Equipment:

Gloves. Lab coat. Dust respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Safety glasses.

Section 16: Other Information

References: Not available.

Other Special Considerations: Not available.

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Health	2
Fire	0
Reactivity	1
Personal Protection	E

Material Safety Data Sheet Sodium carbonate MSDS

Section 1: Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name: Sodium carbonate

Catalog Codes: SLS3481, SLS1264, SLS4105, SLS1894,

SLS3316

CAS#: 497-19-8

RTECS: VZ4050000

TSCA: TSCA 8(b) inventory: Sodium carbonate

CI#: Not available.

Svnonym: Crystal Carbonate, Disodium Carbonate, Sal

Soda, Soda Asha, Washing Soda

Chemical Name: Sodium Carbonate, Anhydrous

Chemical Formula: Na2-C-O3

Contact Information:

Sciencelab.com, Inc.

14025 Smith Rd.

Houston, Texas 77396

US Sales: 1-800-901-7247

International Sales: 1-281-441-4400

Order Online: ScienceLab.com

CHEMTREC (24HR Emergency Telephone), call:

1-800-424-9300

International CHEMTREC, call: 1-703-527-3887

For non-emergency assistance, call: 1-281-441-4400

Section 2: Composition and Information on Ingredients

Composition:

Name CAS # % by Weight

Sodium carbonate 497-19-8 100

Toxicological Data on Ingredients: Sodium carbonate: ORAL (LD50): Acute: 4090 mg/kg [Rat]. 6600 mg/kg [Mouse]. DUST (LC50): Acute: 2300 mg/m 2 hours [Rat]. 1200 mg/m 2 hours [Mouse].

Section 3: Hazards Identification

Potential Acute Health Effects: Hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of eye contact (irritant), of ingestion, of inhalation (lung irritant).

Potential Chronic Health Effects:

Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (sensitizer). CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Not available. The substance may be toxic to upper respiratory tract, skin, eyes. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage.

Section 4: First Aid Measures

Eye Contact:

Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Cold water may be used. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Cold water may be used. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention.

Serious Skin Contact:

Wash with a disinfectant soap and cover the contaminated skin with an anti-bacterial cream. Seek immediate medical attention.

Inhalation:

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

Serious Inhalation: Not available.

Ingestion:

Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention if symptoms appear.

Serious Ingestion: Not available.

Section 5: Fire and Explosion Data

Flammability of the Product: Non-flammable.

Auto-Ignition Temperature: Not applicable.

Flash Points: Not applicable.

Flammable Limits: Not applicable.

Products of Combustion: Emits Na2O fumes when heated to decompositon.

Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances: Not applicable.

Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances:

Risks of explosion of the product in presence of mechanical impact: Not available. Risks of explosion of the product in presence of static discharge: Not available.

Fire Fighting Media and Instructions: Not applicable.

Special Remarks on Fire Hazards:

Sodium carbonate can ignite and burn fiercely in contact with fluoride. Sodium Carbonate in contact with fluorine decomposed at ordinary temperature with incandescence.

Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards:

Reacts explosively with red-hot aluminum metal. Sodium carbonate + ammonia in arabic gum solution will explode.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Small Spill:

Use appropriate tools to put the spilled solid in a convenient waste disposal container. If necessary: Neutralize the residue with a dilute solution of acetic acid. Finish cleaning by spreading water on the contaminated surface and dispose of according to local and regional authority requirements.

Large Spill:

Use a shovel to put the material into a convenient waste disposal container. Neutralize the residue with a dilute solution of acetic acid. Finish cleaning by spreading water on the contaminated surface and allow to evacuate through the sanitary system.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Precautions:

Do not ingest. Do not breathe dust. Wear suitable protective clothing. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep away from incompatibles such as acids.

Storage:

Hygroscopic. Keep container tightly closed. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Do not store above 24°C (75.2°F). Hygroscopic

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls:

Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If user operations generate dust, fume or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit.

Personal Protection:

Splash goggles. Lab coat. Dust respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Gloves.

Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill:

Splash goggles. Full suit. Dust respirator. Boots. Gloves. A self contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.

Exposure Limits: Not available.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical state and appearance: Solid. (Solid powder.)

Odor: Odorless.

Taste: Alkaline.

Molecular Weight: 105.99 g/mole

Color: White.

pH (1% soln/water): 11.5 [Basic.]Boiling Point: Not available.Melting Point: 851°C (1563.8°F)

Critical Temperature: Not available.

Specific Gravity: Density: 2.532 (Water = 1)

Vapor Pressure: Not applicable.
Vapor Density: Not available.

Volatility: Not available.

Odor Threshold: Not available.

Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.: Not available.

Ionicity (in Water): Not available.

Dispersion Properties: See solubility in water.

Solubility:

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity Data

Stability: The product is stable.

Instability Temperature: Not available.

Conditions of Instability: Incompatible materials, moisture

Incompatibility with various substances:

Reactive with acids. Slightly reactive to reactive with moisture.

Corrosivity: Non-corrosive in presence of glass.

Special Remarks on Reactivity:

Hygroscopic. Combines with water with evolution of heat. Incompatible with phosphorus pentoxide, lithium, fluorine, fluoride, ammonia + silver nitrate, 2,4,6-trinitrotoluene, ammonia, acids, sodium sulfide + water, hydrogen peroxide, red hot alumium metal, sodium sulfide, zinc, calcium hydroxide. Sodium Carbonate is decomposed by acids with effervescence. Reacts violently with F2, Lithium, and 2,4,6-trinitrotoluene. Sodium begins to decompose at 400 C to evolve CO2.

Special Remarks on Corrosivity: Hot concentrated solutions of sodium carbonate are mildly corrosive to steel.

Polymerization: Will not occur.

Section 11: Toxicological Information

Routes of Entry: Inhalation. Ingestion.

Toxicity to Animals:

WARNING: THE LC50 VALUES HEREUNDER ARE ESTIMATED ON THE BASIS OF A 4-HOUR EXPOSURE. Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 4090 mg/kg [Rat]. Acute toxicity of the dust (LC50): 1200 mg/m3 2 hours [Mouse].

Chronic Effects on Humans: May cause damage to the following organs: upper respiratory tract, skin, eyes.

Other Toxic Effects on Humans: Hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of ingestion, of inhalation (lung irritant).

Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals: LDL (Lowest Published Lethal Dose) [Man] - Route: Oral; Dose: 714 mg/kg

Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans: May cause adverse reproductive effects based on animal test data

Special Remarks on other Toxic Effects on Humans:

Acute Potential Health Effects: Skin: Causes skin irritation with possible burns depending on the concentration, site (abraded or intact skin), and duration of exposure. Eyes: Causes eye irritation and possible burns. Concentrated solutions may cause permanent corneal injury (permanent corneal opacity). Ingestion: Sodium carbonate ingestion may cause irritation of the digestive tract resulting in nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, thirst, abdominal pain depending on concentration and amount ingested. May also affect the cardiovascular system. Inhalation: Dust may cause respiratory tract and mucous membrane irritation with coughing and shortness of breath (dyspnea), pulmonary edema. Chronic Potential Health Effects: Chronic inhalation may result in decreased pulmonary function, nasal congestion, nosebleeds, perforation of the nasal septum. Other effects of chronic exposure are skin (dermatitis and ulceration), and gastrointestinal complaints. However, the effects of chronic exposure seem to be reversible if exposure is decreased.

Section 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: Not available.

BOD5 and COD: Not available.

Products of Biodegradation:

Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products may arise.

Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation: The products of degradation are less toxic than the product itself.

Special Remarks on the Products of Biodegradation: Not available.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal:

Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations.

Section 14: Transport Information

DOT Classification: Not a DOT controlled material (United States).

Identification: Not applicable.

Special Provisions for Transport: Not applicable.

Section 15: Other Regulatory Information

Federal and State Regulations: TSCA 8(b) inventory: Sodium carbonate

Other Regulations: EINECS: This product is on the European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

Other Classifications:

WHMIS (Canada): CLASS D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (TOXIC).

DSCL (EEC):

R36/37/38- Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. S22- Do not breathe dust. S26- In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

HMIS (U.S.A.):

Health Hazard: 2

Fire Hazard: 0

Reactivity: 1

Personal Protection: E

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.):

Health: 2

Flammability: 0

Reactivity: 1

Specific hazard:

Protective Equipment:

Gloves. Lab coat. Dust respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Splash goggles.

Section 16: Other Information

References: Not available.

Other Special Considerations: Not available.

Created: 10/10/2005 08:26 PM

Last Updated: 11/01/2010 12:00 PM

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Monsanto Material Safety Data

POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS (PCBs)

Emergency Phone No. (Cail Collect) 314-694-1000

1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME:

POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS (PCBs)

Aroclor® Series 1016, 1221, 1232, 1242, 1248, 1254, 1260, 1262, 1268

Therminol® FR Series

MSDS Number: M00018515

Date: 12/95

Chemical Family:

Chlorinated Hydrocarbons Polychlorinated biphenyls

Chemical Name: Synonyms:

PCBs, Chlorodiphenyls, Chlorinated biphenyls

Trade Names/Common Names:

PYRANOL® and INERTEEN® are trade names for commonly used dielectric fluids that may have contained varying amounts of PCBs as well as other components including chlorinated benzenes.

ASKAREL is the generic name for a broad class of fire resistant synthetic chlorinated hydrocarbons and mixtures used as dielectric fluids that commonly contained about 30 - 70% PCBs. Some ASKAREL fluids contained 99% or greater PCBs and some contained no PCBs.

PYDRAUL® is the trade name for hydraulic fluids that, prior to 1972, may have contained varying amounts of PCBs and other components including phosphate esters.

The product names/trade names are representative of several commonly used Monsanto products (or products formulated with Monsanto products). Other trademarked PCB products were marketed by Monsanto and other manufacturers. PCBs were also manufactured and sold by several European and Japanese companies. Contact the manufacturer of the trademarked product, if not in this listing, to determine if the formulation contained PCBs.

In 1972, Monsanto restricted sales of PCBs to applications involving only closed electrical systems, (transformers and capacitors). In 1977, all manufacturing and sales were voluntarily terminated. In 1979, EPA restricted the manufacture, processing, use, and distribution of PCBs to specifically exempted and authorized activities.

MONSANTO COMPANY, 800 N. LINDBERGH BLVD., ST. LOUIS, MO 63167

FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY, SPILL, LEAK, FIRE, EXPOSURE, OR ACCIDENT Call CHEMTREC - Day or Night - 1-800-424-9300 Toll free in the continental U.S., Hawaii, Puerto Rico, Canada, Alaska, or Virgin Islands. For calls originating elsewhere: 202-483-7616 (collect calls accepted)

For additional nonemergency information, call: 314-694-3344.

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemically, commercial PCBs are defined as a series of technical mixtures, consisting of many isomers and compounds that vary from mobile, oily liquids to white crystalline solids and hard noncrystalline resins. Technical products vary in composition, in the degree of chlorination, and possibly according to batch.

The mixtures generally used contain an average of 3 atoms of chlorine per molecule (42% chlorine) to 5 atoms of chlorine per module (54% chlorine). They were used as components of dielectric fluids in transformers and capacitors. Prior to 1972, PCB applications included heat transfer media, hydraulic, and other industrial fluids, plasticizers, carbonless copy paper, paints, inks, and adhesives.

Component	CAS No.
chlorinated biphenyl	1336-36-3
Aroclor 1016	12674-11-2
Aroclor 1221	11104-28-2
Aroclor 1232	11141-16-5
Aroclor 1242	53469-21-9
Aroclor 1248	12672-29-6
Aroclor 1254	11097-69-1
Aroclor 1260	11096-82-5
Aroclor 1262	37324-23-5
Aroclor 1268	11100-14-4

There are also CAS Numbers for Individual PCB congeners and for mixtures of Aroclor® products.

PCBs are identified as hazardous chemicals under criteria of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR Part 1910.1200). PCBs have been listed in the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) Monographs (1987)-Group 2A and In the National Toxicology Program (NTP) Annual Report on Carcinogens (Seventh).

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Appearance and Odor: PCB mixtures range in form and color from clear to amber liquids to white crystalline solids.

They have a mild, distinctive odor and are not volatile at room temperature. Refer to Section

WARNING!

CAUSES EYE IRRITATION MAY CAUSE SKIN IRRITATION

PROCESSING AT ELEVATED TEMPERATURES MAY RELEASE VAPORS OR FUMES WHICH MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY TRACT IRRITATION

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Likely Routes

of Exposure: Skin contact and inhalation of heated vapors

Eye Contact: Causes moderate irritation based on worker experience.

Prolonged or repeated contact may result in redness, dry skin and defatting based on human experience. A potential exists for developing chloracne. PCBs can be absorbed through intact skin. Skin Contact:

Due to the low volatility of PCBs, exposure to this material in ambient conditions is not expected to Inhalation:

produce adverse health effects. However, at elevated processing temperatures, PCBs may produce

a vapor that may cause respiratory tract irritation if inhaled based on human experience.

No more than slightly toxic based on acute animal toxicity studies. Coughing, choking and shortness Ingestion:

of breath may occur if liquid material is accidentally drawn into the lungs during swallowing or

vomiting.

MSDS #: MOOO18515

Other:

Numerous epidemiological studies of humans, both occupationally exposed and nonworker environmentally exposed populations, have not demonstrated any causal relationship between PCB exposure and chronic human illnesses such as cancer or neurological or cardiovascular effects. PCBs at high dosage can cause skin symptoms; however, these subside upon removal of the exposure source.

Refer to Section 11 for toxicological information.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

IF IN EYES, immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention. Remove material from skin and clothing.

IF ON SKIN, immediately flush the area with plenty of water. Wash skin gently with soap as soon as it is available. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

IF INHALED. remove person to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, get medical attention.

IF SWALLOWED, do NOT Induce vomiting. Rinse mouth with water. Get medical attention. Contact a Poison Control Center. NEVER GIVE ANYTHING BY MOUTH TO AN UNCONSCIOUS PERSON.

NOTE TO PHYSICIANS: Hot PCBs may cause thermal burn. If electrical equipment arcs between conductors, PCBs or other chlorinated hydrocarbon dielectric flulds may decompose to produce hydrochloric acid (HCI), a respiratory irritant. If large amounts are swallowed, gastric lavage may be considered.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point:

284 degrees F (140 degrees C) or higher depending on the chlorination level of the Aroclor product

Fire Point:

349 degrees F (176 degrees C) or higher depending on the chlorination level of the Aroclor product

NOTE: Refer to Section 9 for individual flash points and fire points.

Extinguishing

Media:

Extinguish fire using agent suitable for surrounding fire. Use dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide or water spray. Water may be ineffective. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers or transformer cool.

PCBs are fire-resistant compounds. They may decompose to form CO, CO2, HCl, phenolics, aldehydes, and other toxic combustion products under severe conditions such as exposure to flame or hot surfaces.

Dielectric fluids having PCBs and chlorinated benzenes as components have been reported to produce polychlorinated dibenzo-p-dioxins (PCDDs) and furans (PCDFs) during fire situations involving electrical equipment. At temperatures in the range of 600-650 degrees C in the presence of excess oxygen, PCBs may form polychlorinated dibenzofurans (PCDFs). Laboratory studies under similar conditions have demonstrated that PCBs do not produce polychlorinated dibenzo-p-dioxins (PCDDs).

Federal regulations require all PCB transformers to be registered with fire response personnel.

If a PCB transformer is involved in a fire-related incident, the owner of the transformer may be required to report the incident. Consult and follow appropriate federal, state and local regulations.

Fire Fighting Equipment: Fire fighters and others exposed to products of combustion should wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Cleanup and disposal of liquid PCBs and other PCB items are strictly regulated by the federal government. The regulations are found at 40 CFR Part 761. Consult these regulations as well as applicable state and local regulations prior to any cleanup or disposal of PCBs, PCB items, or PCB contaminated items.

If PCBs leak or are spilled, the following steps should be taken immediately:

All nonessential personnel should leave the leak or spill area.

The area should be adequately ventilated to prevent the accumulation of vapors.

The spill/leak should be contained. Loss to sewer systems, navigable waterways, and streams should be prevented. Spills/leaks should be removed promptly by means of absorptive material, such as sawdust, vermiculite, dry sand, clay, dlrt or other similar materials, or trapped and removed by pumping or other suitable means (traps, drip-pans, trays, etc.).

Personnel entering the spill or leak area should be furnished with appropriate personal protective equipment and clothing as needed. Refer to Section 8 for personal protection equipment and clothing.

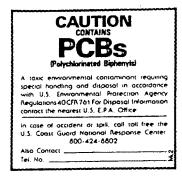
Personnel trained in emergency procedures and protected against attendant hazards should shut off sources of PCBs, clean up spills, control and repair leaks, and fight fires in PCB areas.

Refer to Section 13 for disposal Information and Sections 14 and 15 for information regarding reportable quantity, and Section 7 for marking information.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Care should be taken to prevent entry into the environment through spills, leakage, use vaporization, or disposal of liquid or containers. Avoid prolonged breathing of vapors or mists. Avoid contact with eyes or prolonged contact with skin. If skin contact occurs, remove by washing with soap and water. Following eye contact, flush with water. In case of spillage onto clothing, the clothing should be removed as soon as practical, skin washed, and clothing laundered. Comply with all federal, state, and local regulations.

Federal regulations under the Toxic Substances Control Act require PCBs, PCB items, storage areas, transformer vaults, and transport vehicles to be marked (check regulations, 40 CFR 761, for details).





Storage:

The storage of PCB items or equipment (those containing 50 ppm or greater PCBs) and PCB waste is strictly regulated by 40 CFR Part 761. The storage time is limited, the storage area must meet physical requirements, and the area must be labeled.

Avoid contact with eyes.
Wash thoroughly after handling.
Avoid breathing processing fumes or vapors.
Process using adequate ventilation.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Eye

Protection:

Wear chemical splash googles and have eye baths available where there is significant potential for

eve contact.

Skin

Protection:

Wear appropriate protective clothing and chemical resistant gloves to prevent skin contact. Consult glove manufacturer to determine the appropriate type glove for a given application. Wear chemical goggles, face shield, and chemical resistant clothing such as a rubber apron when splashing is likely. Wash immediately if skin is contacted. Remove contaminated clothing promptly and launder before reuse. Clean protective equipment before reuse. Provide a safety shower at any location where skin contact can occur. Wash thoroughly after handling.

ATTENTIONI Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause chloraone in some people.

Respiratory Protection:

Avoid breathing vapor, mist, or dust. Use NIOSH/MSHA approved equipment when airborne exposure ilmits are exceeded. Full facepiece equipment is recommended when airborne exposure limits are exceeded and, if used, replaces the need for face shield and/or chemical splash googles. Consult respirator manufacturer to determine the type of equipment for a given application. The respirator use limitations specified by NIOSH/MSHA or the manufacturer must be observed. High airborne concentrations may require use of self-contained breathing apparatus or supplied air respirator. Respiratory protection programs must be in compliance with 29 CFR Part 1910.134.

ATTENTIONI Repeated or prolonged inhalation may cause chloracne in some people.

Ventilation:

Provide natural or mechanical ventilation to control exposure levels below airborne exposure limits (see below). If practical, use local mechanical exhaust ventilation at sources of vapor or mist, such as open process equipment.

Airborne Exposure Limits:

Product:

Chlorodiphenyl (42% chlorine)

OSHA PEL:

1 mg/m3 8-hour time-weighted average - Skin*

ACGIH TLV:

1 mg/m3 8-hour time-weighted average - Skin*

Product:

Chlorodiphenyl (54% chlorine)

OSHA PEL:

0.5 mg/m3 8-hour time-weighted average - Skin*

ACGIH TLV:

0.5 mg/m3 8-hour time-weighted average - Skin*

^{*}For Skin notation see Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents and Biological Exposure Indices, American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists, 1995-1996.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

	PROPERTIES OF SELECTED AROCLORS						
PROPERTY	1016	1221	1232	1242	1248	1254	1260
Color (APHA)	40	100	100	100	100	100	150
Physical state	mobile oil	mobile oil	mobile oil	mobile oil	mobile oil	viscous liquid	sticky resin
Stability	inert	inert	inert	inert	inert	inert	inert
Density (lb/gal 25°C)	11.40	9.85	10.55	11.50	12.04	12.82	13.50
Specific gravity x/15.5°C	1.36-1.37 x-25°	1.18-1.19 x-25°	1.27-1.28 x-25°	1.30-1.39 x-25°	1.40-1.41 x-65°	1.49-1.50 x-65°	1.55-1.56 x-90°
Distillation range (°C)	323-356	275-320	290-325	325-366	340-375	365-390	385-420
Acidity mg KOH/g, maximum	.010	.014	.014	.015	.010	.010	.014
Fire point (°C)	none to boiling point	176	238	none to boiling point	none to boiling point	none to boiling point	none to boiling point
Flash point (°C)	170	141-150	152-154	176-180	193-196	none	none
Vapor pressure (mm Hg @ 100°F)	NA	NA	0.005	0.001	0.00037	0.00006	NA
Viscosity (Saybolt Univ. Sec. @ 100°F) (centistokes)	71-81 13-16	38-41 3.6-4.6	44-51 5.5-7.7	82-92 16-19	185-240 42-52	1800-2500 390-540	_

NA-Not Available

NOTE: These physical data are typical values based on material tested but may vary from sample to sample. Typical values should not be construed as a guaranteed analysis of any specific lot or as specifications for the product.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: PCBs are very stable, fire-resistant compounds. Materials to Avoid: None

Materials to Avoid: None Hazardous Decomposition

Products:

PCBs may decompose to form CO, CO₂, HCl, phenolics, aldehydes, and other toxic combustion

products under severe conditions such as exposure to flame or hot surface.

Hazardous Polymerization: Does not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Data from laboratory studies conducted by Monsanto and from the available scientific literature are summarized below. Single exposure (acute) studies indicate:

Oral - Slightly Toxic (Rat LD50 - 8.65 g/kg for 42% chlorinated; 11.9 g/kg for 54% chlorinated)

The liquid products and their vapors are moderately irritating to eye tissues. Animal experiments of varying duration and at different air concentrations show that for similar exposure conditions, the 54% chlorinated material produces more liver injury than the 42% chlorinated material.

There are literature reports that PCBs can impair reproductive functions in monkeys. The National Cancer Institute (NCI) performed a study in 1977 using Aroclor 1254 with both sexes of rats. NCI stated that the PCB, Aroclor 1254. was not carcinogenic under the conditions of their bloassay. There is sufficient evidence in the scientific literature to conclude that Aroclor 1260 can cause liver cancer when fed to rodents at high doses. Similar experiments with less chlorinated PCB products have produced negative or equivocal results.

The consistent finding In animal studies is that PCBs produce liver injury following prolonged and repeated exposure by any route, if the exposure is of sufficient degree and duration. Liver injury is produced first, and by exposures that are less than those reported to cause cancer in rodents. Therefore, exposure by all routes should be kept sufficiently low to prevent liver injury.

Numerous epidemiological studies of humans, both occupationally exposed and nonworker environmentally exposed population, have not demonstrated any causal relationship between PCB exposure and chronic human illnesses such as cancer or neurological or cardiovascular effects. PCBs at high dosage can cause skin symptoms; however, these subside upon removal of the exposure source.

PCBs have been listed in the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) Monographs (1987)-Group 2A and in the National Toxicology Program (NTP) Seventh Annual Report on Carcinogens.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Care should be taken to prevent entry of PCBs into the environment through spills, leakage, use, vaporization or disposal of liquid or solids. PCBs can accumulate in the environment and can adversely affect some animals and aquatic life. In general, PCBs have low solubility in water, are strongly bound to solls and sediments, and are slowly degraded by natural processes in the environment.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

The disposal of PCB items or equipment (those containing 50 ppm or greater PCBs) and PCB wastes is strictly regulated by 40 CFR Part 761. For example, all wastes and residues containing PCBs (wiping cloths, absorbent material, used disposable protective gloves and clothing, etc.) should be collected, placed in proper containers, marked and disposed of in the manner prescribed by EPA regulations (40 CFR Part 761) and applicable state and local regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The data provided in this section are for information only. Please apply the appropriate regulations to properly classify a shipment for transportation.

DOT Classification:

IF WEIGHT OF PCBs TO BE SHIPPED IS OVER ONE POUND, THE FOLLOWING CLASSIFICATION AND LABEL APPLY.

LIQUID:

Environmentally Hazardous Substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Contains PCB),

9. UN 3082, III

SOLID:

Environmentally Hazardous Substance, solid, n.o.s. (Contains PCB),

9. UN 3077, III

DOT Label:

DOT Label:

Class: 9

DOT Reportable Quantity:

One Pound

IMO Classification:

Polychlorinated Biphenyls, IMO Class 9, UN 2315, II

IMO Page 9034, EMS 6.1-02

IATA/ICAO

Classification:

Polychlorinated Biphenyls, 9, UN2315, II

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

For regulatory purposes, under the Toxic Substances Control Act, the term "PCBs" refers to a chemical substance limited to the biphenyl molecule that has been chlorinated to varying degrees or any combination of substances which contain such a substance (40 CFR Part 761).

TSCA Inventory: not listed.

Hazard Categories Under Criteria of SARA Title III Rules (40 CFR Part 370): Immediate, Delayed. SARA Section 313 Toxic Chemical(s): Listed-1993 (De Minimis concentration 0.1%.)

Reportable Quantity (RQ) under DOT (49 CFR) and CERCLA Regulations: 1 lb. (polychlorinated biphenyls) PCBs.

Release of more than 1 (one) pound of PCBs to the environment requires notification to the National Response Center (800-424-8802 or 202-426-2675).

Various state and local regulations may require immediate reporting of PCB spills and may also define spill cleanup levels. Consult your attorney or appropriate regulatory officials for information relating to spill reporting and spill cleanup.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Reason for revision: Conversion to the 16 section format. Supersedes MSDS dated 10/88.

Therminol®, Aroclor® and Pydraul® are registered trademarks of Monsanto Company Pyranol® is a registered trademark of General Electric Company Inerteen® is a registered trademark of Westinghouse Electric Corporation

FOR ADDITIONAL NONEMERGENCY INFORMATION, CONTACT:

Gary W. Mappes Manager, Product & Environmental Safety

Robert G. Kaley, II
Director, Environmental Affairs

Monsanto Company 800 North Lindbergh Boulevard St. Louis, MO 63167 (314) 694-3344

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Material Safety Data Sheet Mercury MSDS

Section 1: Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name: Mercury

Catalog Codes: SLM3505, SLM1363

CAS#: 7439-97-6

RTECS: OV4550000

TSCA: TSCA 8(b) inventory: Mercury

CI#: Not applicable.

Synonym: Quick Silver; Colloidal Mercury; Metallic

Mercury; Liquid Silver; Hydragyrum

Chemical Name: Mercury
Chemical Formula: Hg

Contact Information:

Sciencelab.com, Inc. 14025 Smith Rd. Houston, Texas 77396

US Sales: 1-800-901-7247

International Sales: 1-281-441-4400

Order Online: ScienceLab.com

CHEMTREC (24HR Emergency Telephone), call:

1-800-424-9300

International CHEMTREC, cail: 1-703-527-3887

For non-emergency assistance, call: 1-281-441-4400

Section 2: Composition and Information on Ingredients Composition: Name CAS # % by Weight Mercury 7439-97-6 100

Toxicological Data on Ingredients: Mercury LD50: Not available. LC50: Not available.

Section 3: Hazards Identification

Potential Acute Health Effects:

Very hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of eye contact (irritant), of ingestion, of inhalation. Hazardous in case of skin contact (corrosive, permeator). Liquid or spray mist may produce tissue damage particularly on mucous membranes of eyes, mouth and respiratory tract. Skin contact may produce burns. Inhalation of the spray mist may produce severe irritation of respiratory tract, characterized by coughing, choking, or shortness of breath. Severe over-exposure can result in death. Inflammation of the eye is characterized by redness, watering, and itching. Skin inflammation is characterized by itching, scaling, reddening, or, occasionally, blistering.

Potential Chronic Health Effects:

Hazardous in case of skin contact (permeator). CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified A5 (Not suspected for human.) by ACGIH. 3 (Not classifiable for human.) by IARC. MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Not available. The substance may be toxic to blood, kidneys, liver, brain, peripheral nervous system, central nervous system (CNS). Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage. Repeated or prolonged contact with spray mist may produce chronic eye irritation and severe skin irritation.

Repeated or prolonged exposure to spray mist may produce respiratory tract irritation leading to frequent attacks of bronchial infection. Repeated exposure to a highly toxic material may produce general deterioration of health by an accumulation in one or many human organs.

Section 4: First Aid Measures

Eve Contact:

Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Cold water may be used. WARM water MUST be used. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin Contact:

In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

Serious Skin Contact:

Wash with a disinfectant soap and cover the contaminated skin with an anti-bacterial cream. Seek immediate medical attention.

Inhalation:

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.

Serious Inhalation:

Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. WARNING: It may be hazardous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation when the inhaled material is toxic, infectious or corrosive. Seek immediate medical attention.

Ingestion:

Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If large quantities of this material are swallowed, call a physician immediately. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Serious Ingestion: Not available.

Section 5: Fire and Explosion Data

Flammability of the Product: Non-flammable.

Auto-Ignition Temperature: Not applicable.

Flash Points: Not applicable.

Flammable Limits: Not applicable.

Products of Combustion: Not available.

Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances: Not applicable.

Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances:

Risks of explosion of the product in presence of mechanical impact: Not available. Risks of explosion of the product in presence of static discharge: Not available.

Fire Fighting Media and Instructions: Not applicable.

Special Remarks on Fire Hazards:

When thrown into mercury vapor, boron phosphodiiodide ignites at once. Flame forms with chlorine jet over mercury surface at 200 deg to 300 deg C. Mercury undergoes hazardous reactions in the presence of heat and sparks or ignition.

Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards:

A violent exothermic reaction or possible explosion occurs when mercury comes in contact with lithium and rubidium. CHLORINE DIOXIDE & LIQUID HG, WHEN MIXED, EXPLODE VIOLENTLY. Mercury and Ammonia can produce an

explosive compound. A mixture of the dry carbonyl and oxygen will explode on vigorous shaking with mercury. Methyl azide in the presence of mercury was shown to be potentially explosive.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Small Spill: Absorb with an inert material and put the spilled material in an appropriate waste disposal.

Large Spill:

Corrosive liquid. Poisonous liquid. Stop leak if without risk. Absorb with DRY earth, sand or other non-combustible material. Do not get water inside container. Do not touch spilled material. Use water spray curtain to divert vapor drift. Use water spray to reduce vapors. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed. Call for assistance on disposal. Be careful that the product is not present at a concentration level above TLV. Check TLV on the MSDS and with local authorities.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Precautions:

Keep locked up.. Keep container dry. Do not ingest. Do not breathe gas/fumes/ vapor/spray. Never add water to this product. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep away from incompatibles such as oxidizing agents, metals.

Storage: Keep container tightly closed. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Do not store above 25°C (77°F).

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls:

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station location.

Personal Protection:

Face shield. Full suit. Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Gloves. Boots.

Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill:

Splash goggles. Full suit. Vapor respirator. Boots. Gloves. A self contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.

Exposure Limits:

TWA: 0.025 from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] SKIN TWA: 0.05 CEIL: 0.1 (mg/m3) from OSHA (PEL) [United States] Inhalation TWA: 0.025 (mg/m3) [United Kingdom (UK)] Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical state and appearance: Liquid. (Heavy liquid)

Odor: Odorless.

Taste: Not available.

Molecular Weight: 200.59 g/mole

Color: Silver-white

pH (1% soln/water): Not available. Boiling Point: 356.73°C (674.1°F)

Melting Point: -38.87°C (-38°F)

Critical Temperature: 1462°C (2663.6°F)

Specific Gravity: 13.55 (Water = 1)

Vapor Pressure: Not available. Vapor Density: 6.93 (Air = 1)

Volatility: Not available.

Odor Threshold: Not available.

Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.: Not available.
Ionicity (in Water): Not available.
Dispersion Properties: Not available.

Solubility: Very slightly soluble in cold water.

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity Data

Stability: The product is stable.

Instability Temperature: Not available.

Conditions of Instability: Incompatible materials

Incompatibility with various substances: Reactive with oxidizing agents, metals.

Corrosivity: Non-corrosive in presence of glass.

Special Remarks on Reactivity:

Ground mixtures of sodium carbide and mercury, aluminum, lead, or iron can react vigorously. A violent exothermic reaction or possible explosion occurs when mercury comes in contact with lithium and rubidium. Incompatible with boron diiodophosphide; ethylene oxide; metal oxides, metals(aluminum, potassium, lithium, sodium, rubidium); methyl azide; methylsilane, oxygen; oxidants(bromine, peroxyformic acid, chlorine dioxide, nitric acid, tetracarbonynickel, nitromethane, silver perchlorate, chlorates, sulfuric acid, nitrates,); tetracarbonylnickel, oxygen, acetylinic compounds, ammonia, ethylene oxide, methylsiliane, calcium,

Special Remarks on Corrosivity:

The high mobility and tendency to dispersion exhibited by mercury, and the ease with which it forms alloys (amalga) with many laboratory and electrical contact metals, can cause severe corrosion problems in laboratories. Special precautions: Mercury can attack copper and copper alloy materials.

Polymerization: Will not occur.

Section 11: Toxicological Information

Routes of Entry: Absorbed through skin. Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Toxicity to Animals:

LD50: Not available. LC50: Not available.

Chronic Effects on Humans:

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified A5 (Not suspected for human.) by ACGIH. 3 (Not classifiable for human.) by IARC. May cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, liver, brain, peripheral nervous system, central nervous system (CNS).

Other Toxic Effects on Humans:

Very hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of ingestion, of inhalation. Hazardous in case of skin contact (corrosive, permeator).

Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals: Not available.

Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans:

May affect genetic material. May cause cancer based on animal data. Passes through the placental barrier in animal. May cause adverse reproductive effects(paternal effects- spermatogenesis; effects on fertility - fetotoxicity, post-implantation mortality), and birth defects.

Special Remarks on other Toxic Effects on Humans:

Section 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: Not available.

BOD5 and COD: Not available.

Products of Biodegradation:

Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products may arise.

Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation: The products of degradation are less toxic than the product itself.

Special Remarks on the Products of Biodegradation: Not available.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal:

Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations.

Section 14: Transport Information

DOT Classification: Class 8: Corrosive material **Identification:** : Mercury UNNA: 2809 PG: III **Special Provisions for Transport:** Not available.

Section 15: Other Regulatory Information

Federal and State Regulations:

California prop. 65: This product contains the following ingredients for which the State of California has found to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, which would require a warning under the statute: Mercury California prop. 65: This product contains the following ingredients for which the State of California has found to cause birth defects which would require a warning under the statute: Mercury Connecticut hazardous material survey.: Mercury Illinois toxic substances disclosure to employee act: Mercury Illinois chemical safety act: Mercury New York acutely hazardous substances: Mercury Rhode Island RTK hazardous substances: Mercury Pennsylvania RTK: Mercury Minnesota: Mercury Massachusetts RTK: Mercury New Jersey: Mercury New Jersey spill list: Mercury Louisiana spill reporting: Mercury California Director's List of Hazardous Substances.: Mercury TSCA 8(b) inventory: Mercury SARA 313 toxic chemical notification and release reporting: Mercury CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: Mercury: 1 lbs. (0.4536 kg)

Other Regulations:

OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). EINECS: This product is on the European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

Other Classifications:

WHMIS (Canada):

CLASS D-1A: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (VERY TOXIC). CLASS D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (VERY TOXIC). CLASS E: Corrosive liquid.

DSCL (EEC):

R23- Toxic by inhalation. R33- Danger of cumulative effects. R38- Irritating to skin. R41- Risk of serious damage to eyes. R50/53- Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. S2- Keep out of the

reach of children. S7- Keep container tightly closed. S26- In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice. S39- Wear eye/face protection. S45- In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible). S46- If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. S60- This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. S61- Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/Safety data sheets.

HMIS (U.S.A.):

Health Hazard: 3

Fire Hazard: 0

Reactivity: 0

Personal Protection:

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.):

Health: 3

Flammability: 0
Reactivity: 0

Specific hazard:

Protective Equipment:

Gloves. Full suit. Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Face shield.

Section 16: Other Information

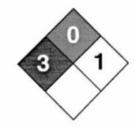
References: Not available.

Other Special Considerations: Not available.

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Health	3
Fire	0
Reactivity	2
Personal Protection	J

Material Safety Data Sheet Calcium hypochlorite MSDS

Section 1: Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name: Calcium hypochlorite

Catalog Codes: SLC3310, SLC5098, SLC5099

CAS#: 7778-54-3 RTECS: NH3485000

TSCA: TSCA 8(b) inventory: Calcium hypochlorite

CI#: Not available.

Synonym:

Chemical Name: Not available.

Chemical Formula: Ca(OCI)2

Contact Information:

Sciencelab.com, Inc. 14025 Smith Rd. Houston, Texas 77396

US Sales: 1-800-901-7247

International Sales: 1-281-441-4400

Order Online: ScienceLab.com

CHEMTREC (24HR Emergency Telephone), call:

1-800-424-9300

International CHEMTREC, call: 1-703-527-3887

For non-emergency assistance, call: 1-281-441-4400

Section 2: Composition and Information on Ingredients

Composition:

NameCAS #% by WeightCalcium hypochlorite7778-54-3100

Toxicological Data on Ingredients: Calcium hypochlorite: ORAL (LD50): Acute: 850 mg/kg [Rat].

Section 3: Hazards Identification

Potential Acute Health Effects:

Very hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of eye contact (irritant), of ingestion, of inhalation. Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (permeator). Corrosive to eyes and skin. The amount of tissue damage depends on length of contact. Eye contact can result in corneal damage or blindness. Skin contact can produce inflammation and blistering. Inhalation of dust will produce irritation to gastro-intestinal or respiratory tract, characterized by burning, sneezing and coughing. Severe overexposure can produce lung damage, choking, unconsciousness or death. Prolonged exposure may result in skin burns and ulcerations. Over-exposure by inhalation may cause respiratory irritation. Inflammation of the eye is characterized by redness, watering, and itching. Skin inflammation is characterized by itching, scaling, reddening, or, occasionally, blistering.

Potential Chronic Health Effects:

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Not available. The substance is toxic to lungs, mucous membranes. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage. Repeated exposure of the eyes to a low level of dust can produce eye irritation. Repeated skin exposure can produce local skin destruction, or dermatitis. Repeated inhalation of dust can produce varying degree of respiratory irritation or lung damage.

Section 4: First Aid Measures

Eye Contact:

Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Cold water may be used. Do not use an eye ointment. Seek medical attention.

Skin Contact:

If the chemical got onto the clothed portion of the body, remove the contaminated clothes as quickly as possible, protecting your own hands and body. Place the victim under a deluge shower. If the chemical got on the victim's exposed skin, such as the hands: Gently and thoroughly wash the contaminated skin with running water and non-abrasive soap. Be particularly careful to clean folds, crevices, creases and groin. Cold water may be used. If irritation persists, seek medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing.

Serious Skin Contact:

Wash with a disinfectant soap and cover the contaminated skin with an anti-bacterial cream. Seek immediate medical attention.

Inhalation: Allow the victim to rest in a well ventilated area. Seek immediate medical attention.

Serious Inhalation:

Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. WARNING: It may be hazardous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation when the inhaled material is toxic, infectious or corrosive. Seek immediate medical attention.

Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting. Examine the lips and mouth to ascertain whether the tissues are damaged, a possible indication that the toxic material was ingested; the absence of such signs, however, is not conclusive. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Seek immediate medical attention.

Serious Ingestion: Not available.

Section 5: Fire and Explosion Data

Flammability of the Product: Non-flammable.

Auto-Ignition Temperature: Not applicable.

Flash Points: Not applicable.

Flammable Limits: Not applicable.

Products of Combustion: Not available.

Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances: Not applicable.

Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances:

Risks of explosion of the product in presence of mechanical impact: Not available. Risks of explosion of the product in presence of static discharge: Not available.

Fire Fighting Media and Instructions: Not applicable.

Special Remarks on Fire Hazards: Not available.

Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards: Not available.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Small Spill: Use appropriate tools to put the spilled solid in a convenient waste disposal container.

Large Spill:

Oxidizing material. Corrosive solid. Stop leak if without risk. Do not get water inside container. Avoid contact with a combustible material (wood, paper, oil, clothing...). Keep substance damp using water spray. Do not touch spilled material.

Clean up spills in a manner that does not disperse dust into the air. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed. Call for assistance on disposal.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Precautions:

Keep container dry. Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Keep away from combustible material Do not ingest. Do not breathe dust. Never add water to this product In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Avoid contact with skin and eyes Keep away from incompatibles such as reducing agents, combustible materials, organic materials, acids, moisture.

Storage:

May corrode metallic surfaces. Store in a metallic or coated fiberboard drum using a strong polyethylene inner package. Corrosive materials should be stored in a separate safety storage cabinet or room.

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls:

Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If user operations generate dust, fume or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit.

Personal Protection:

Splash goggles. Lab coat. Vapor and dust respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Gloves.

Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill:

Splash goggles. Full suit. Vapor and dust respirator. Boots. Gloves. A self contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.

Exposure Limits: Not available.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical state and appearance: Solid.

Odor: Not available.

Taste: Not available.

Molecular Weight: 142.99 g/mole

Color: Not available.

pH (1% soln/water): Not available.

Boiling Point: Decomposes.

Melting Point: 100°C (212°F)

Critical Temperature: Not available.

Specific Gravity: Not available.

Vapor Pressure: Not applicable.

Vapor Density: Not available.

Volatility: Not available.

Odor Threshold: Not available.

Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.: Not available. lonicity (in Water): Not available.

Dispersion Properties: See solubility in water. **Solubility:** Soluble in cold water, hot water.

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity Data

Stability: The product is stable.

Instability Temperature: Not available.

Conditions of Instability: Not available.

Incompatibility with various substances: Reactive with reducing agents, combustible materials, organic materials, acids,

moisture.

Corrosivity:

Extremely corrosive in presence of aluminum, of zinc. Corrosive in presence of steel, of copper. Slightly corrosive to corrosive in presence of glass, of stainless steel(304), of stainless steel(316).

Special Remarks on Reactivity: Not available.

Special Remarks on Corrosivity: Not available.

Polymerization: No.

Section 11: Toxicological Information

Routes of Entry: Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Toxicity to Animals: Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 850 mg/kg [Rat].

Chronic Effects on Humans: The substance is toxic to lungs, mucous membranes.

Other Toxic Effects on Humans:

Very hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of ingestion, of inhalation. Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (permeator)

(permeator).

Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals: Not available.

Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans: Not available.

Special Remarks on other Toxic Effects on Humans: Not available.

Section 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: Not available.

BOD5 and COD: Not available.

Products of Biodegradation:

Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products may arise.

Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation: The products of degradation are more toxic.

Special Remarks on the Products of Biodegradation: Not available.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal:

Section 14: Transport Information

DOT Classification: CLASS 5.1: Oxidizing material.

Identification: : Calcium hypochlorite, dry : UN1748 PG: II

Special Provisions for Transport: Not available.

Section 15: Other Regulatory Information

Federal and State Regulations:

Pennsylvania RTK: Calcium hypochlorite Massachusetts RTK: Calcium hypochlorite TSCA 8(b) inventory: Calcium hypochlorite CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: Calcium hypochlorite

Other Regulations: OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Other Classifications:

WHMIS (Canada):

CLASS C: Oxidizing material. CLASS E: Corrosive solid.

DSCL (EEC):

R22- Harmful if swallowed. R38- Irritating to skin. R41- Risk of serious damage to eyes.

HMIS (U.S.A.):

Health Hazard: 3

Fire Hazard: 0

Reactivity: 2

Personal Protection: i

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.):

Health: 3

Flammability: 0

Reactivity: 1

Specific hazard:

Protective Equipment:

Gloves. Lab coat. Vapor and dust respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Splash goggles.

Section 16: Other Information

References: Not available.

Other Special Considerations: Not available.

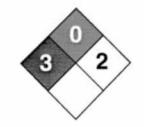
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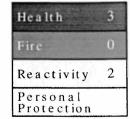
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Material Safety Data Sheet Sulfuric acid MSDS

Section 1: Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name: Sulfuric acid

Catalog Codes: SLS2539, SLS1741, SLS3166, SLS2371,

SLS3793

CAS#: 7664-93-9

RTECS: WS5600000

TSCA: TSCA 8(b) inventory: Sulfuric acid

CI#: Not applicable.

Synonym: Oil of Vitriol; Sulfuric Acid **Chemical Name:** Hydrogen sulfate

Chemical Formula: H2-SO4

Contact Information:

Sciencelab.com, Inc. 14025 Smith Rd. Houston, Texas 77396

US Sales: 1-800-901-7247

International Sales: 1-281-441-4400
Order Online: ScienceLab.com

CHEMTREC (24HR Emergency Telephone), call:

1-800-424-9300

International CHEMTREC, call: 1-703-527-3887

For non-emergency assistance, call: 1-281-441-4400

Section 2: Composition and Information on Ingredients

Composition:

Name CAS # % by Weight

Sulfuric acid 7664-93-9 95 - 98

Toxicological Data on Ingredients: Sulfuric acid: ORAL (LD50): Acute: 2140 mg/kg [Rat.]. VAPOR (LC50): Acute: 510 mg/m 2 hours [Rat]. 320 mg/m 2 hours [Mouse].

Section 3: Hazards Identification

Potential Acute Health Effects:

Very hazardous in case of skin contact (corrosive, irritant, permeator), of eye contact (irritant, corrosive), of ingestion, of inhalation. Liquid or spray mist may produce tissue damage particularly on mucous membranes of eyes, mouth and respiratory tract. Skin contact may produce burns. Inhalation of the spray mist may produce severe irritation of respiratory tract, characterized by coughing, choking, or shortness of breath. Severe over-exposure can result in death. Inflammation of the eye is characterized by redness, watering, and itching. Skin inflammation is characterized by itching, scaling, reddening, or, occasionally, blistering.

Potential Chronic Health Effects:

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified 1 (Proven for human.) by IARC, + (Proven.) by OSHA. Classified A2 (Suspected for human.) by ACGIH. MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Not available. The substance may be toxic to kidneys, lungs, heart, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, eyes, teeth. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage. Repeated or prolonged

contact with spray mist may produce chronic eye irritation and severe skin irritation. Repeated or prolonged exposure to spray mist may produce respiratory tract irritation leading to frequent attacks of bronchial infection. Repeated exposure to a highly toxic material may produce general deterioration of health by an accumulation in one or many human organs.

Section 4: First Aid Measures

Eye Contact:

Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Cold water may be used. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin Contact:

In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. Cold water may be used. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

Serious Skin Contact:

Wash with a disinfectant soap and cover the contaminated skin with an anti-bacterial cream. Seek immediate medical attention.

Inhalation:

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.

Serious Inhalation:

Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. WARNING: It may be hazardous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation when the inhaled material is toxic, infectious or corrosive. Seek immediate medical attention.

Ingestion:

Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention if symptoms appear.

Serious Ingestion: Not available.

Section 5: Fire and Explosion Data

Flammability of the Product: Non-flammable.

Auto-Ignition Temperature: Not applicable.

Flash Points: Not applicable.

Flammable Limits: Not applicable.

Products of Combustion:

Products of combustion are not available since material is non-flammable. However, products of decompostion include fumes of oxides of sulfur. Will react with water or steam to produce toxic and corrosive fumes. Reacts with carbonates to generate carbon dioxide gas. Reacts with cyanides and sulfides to form poisonous hydrogen cyanide and hydrogen sulfide respectively.

Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances: Combustible materials

Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances:

Risks of explosion of the product in presence of mechanical impact: Not available. Risks of explosion of the product in presence of static discharge: Not available. Slightly explosive in presence of oxidizing materials.

Fire Fighting Media and Instructions: Not applicable.

Special Remarks on Fire Hazards:

Metal acetylides (Monocesium and Monorubidium), and carbides ignite with concentrated sulfuric acid. White Phosphorous + boiling Sulfuric acid or its vapor ignites on contact. May ignite other combustible materials. May cause fire when sulfuric acid is mixed with Cyclopentadiene, cyclopentanone oxime, nitroaryl amines, hexalithium disilicide, phorphorous (III) oxide, and oxidizing agents such as chlorates, halogens, permanganates.

Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards:

Mixturesofsulfuricacidandanyofthefollowingcanexplode:p-nitrotoluene,pentasilvertrihydroxydiaminophosphate, perchlorates, alcohols with strong hydrogen peroxide, ammonium tetraperoxychromate, mercuric nitrite, potassium chlorate, potassium permanganate with potassium chloride, carbides, nitro compounds, nitrates, carbides, phosphorous, iodides, picratres, fulminats, dienes, alcohols (when heated) Nitramide decomposes explosively on contact with concentrated sulfuric acid. 1,3,5-Trinitrosohexahydro-1,3,5-triazine + sulfuric acid causes explosive decompositon.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Small Spill:

Dilute with water and mop up, or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. If necessary: Neutralize the residue with a dilute solution of sodium carbonate.

Large Spill:

Corrosive liquid. Poisonous liquid. Stop leak if without risk. Absorb with DRY earth, sand or other non-combustible material. Do not get water inside container. Do not touch spilled material. Use water spray curtain to divert vapor drift. Use water spray to reduce vapors. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed. Call for assistance on disposal. Neutralize the residue with a dilute solution of sodium carbonate. Be careful that the product is not present at a concentration level above TLV. Check TLV on the MSDS and with local authorities.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Precautions:

Keep locked up.. Keep container dry. Do not ingest. Do not breathe gas/fumes/ vapor/spray. Never add water to this product. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep away from incompatibles such as oxidizing agents, reducing agents, combustible materials, organic materials, metals, acids, alkalis, moisture. May corrode metallic surfaces. Store in a metallic or coated fiberboard drum using a strong polyethylene inner package.

Storage:

Hygroscopic. Reacts. violently with water. Keep container tightly closed. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Do not store above 23°C (73.4°F).

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls:

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station location.

Personal Protection:

Face shield. Full suit. Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Gloves. Boots.

Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill:

Splash goggles. Full suit. Vapor respirator. Boots. Gloves. A self contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.

Exposure Limits:

TWA: 1 STEL: 3 (mg/m3) [Australia] Inhalation TWA: 1 (mg/m3) from OSHA (PEL) [United States] Inhalation TWA: 1 STEL: 3 (mg/m3) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] [1999] Inhalation TWA: 1 (mg/m3) from NIOSH [United States] Inhalation TWA: 1 (mg/m3) [United Kingdom (UK)]Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical state and appearance: Liquid. (Thick oily liquid.)

Odor: Odorless, but has a choking odor when hot.

Taste: Marked acid taste. (Strong.) **Molecular Weight:** 98.08 g/mole

Color: Colorless.

pH (1% soln/water): Acidic.

Boiling Point:

270°C (518°F) - 340 deg. C Decomposes at 340 deg. C

Melting Point: -35°C (-31°F) to 10.36 deg. C (93% to 100% purity)

Critical Temperature: Not available.

Specific Gravity: 1.84 (Water = 1)

Vapor Pressure: Not available.

Vapor Density: 3.4 (Air = 1)

Volatility: Not available.

Odor Threshold: Not available.

Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.: Not available.

Ionicity (in Water): Not available.

Dispersion Properties: See solubility in water.

Solubility:

Easily soluble in cold water. Sulfuric is soluble in water with liberation of much heat. Soluble in ethyl alcohol.

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity Data

Stability: The product is stable.

Instability Temperature: Not available.

Conditions of Instability:

Conditions to Avoid: Incompatible materials, excess heat, combustible materials materials, organic materials, exposure to moist air or water, oxidizers, amines, bases. Always add the acid to water, never the reverse.

Incompatibility with various substances:

Reactive with oxidizing agents, reducing agents, combustible materials, organic materials, metals, acids, alkalis, moisture.

Corrosivity:

Extremely corrosive in presence of aluminum, of copper, of stainless steel(316). Highly corrosive in presence of stainless steel(304). Non-corrosive in presence of glass.

Special Remarks on Reactivity:

Hygroscopic. Strong oxidizer. Reacts violently with water and alcohol especially when water is added to the product. Incompatible (can react explosively or dangerously) with the following: ACETIC ACID, ACRYLIC ACID, AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE, CRESOL, CUMENE, DICHLOROETHYL ETHER, ETHYLENE CYANOHYDRIN, ETHYLENEIMINE, NITRIC ACID, 2-NITROPROPANE, PROPYLENE OXIDE, SULFOLANE, VINYLIDENE CHLORIDE, DIETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER, ETHYL ACETATE, ETHYLENE CYANOHYDRIN, ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOETHYL ETHER ACETATE, GLYOXAL, METHYL ETHYL KETONE, dehydrating agents, organic materials, moisture (water), Acetic anhydride, Acetone, cyanohydrin, Acetone+nitric acid, Acetone + potassium dichromate, Acetonitrile, Acrolein, Acrylonitrile +water, Alcohols + hydrogen peroxide, ally compounds such as Allyl alcohol, and Allyl Chloride, 2-Aminoethanol, Ammonium hydroxide, Ammonium triperchromate, Aniline, Bromate + metals, Bromine pentafluoride, n-Butyraldehyde, Carbides, Cesium acetylene carbide, Chlorates, Cyclopentanone oxime, chlorinates, Chlorates + metals, Chlorine trifluoride, Chlorosulfonic acid, 2-cyano-4-nitrobenzenediazonium hydrogen sulfate, Cuprous nitride, p-chloronitrobenzene, 1,5-Dinitronaphthlene +

sulfur, Diisobutylene, p-dimethylaminobenzaldehyde, 1,3-Diazidobenzene, Dimethylbenzylcarbinol + hydrogen peroxide, Epichlorohydrin, Ethyl alcohol + hydrogen peroxide, Ethylene diamine, Ethylene glycol and other glycols, , Ethylenimine, Fulminates, hydrogen peroxide, Hydrochloric acid, Hydrofluoric acid, lodine heptafluoride, Indane + nitric acid, Iron, Isoprene, Lithium silicide, Mercuric nitride, Mesityl oxide, Mercury nitride, Metals (powdered), Nitromethane, Nitric acid + glycerides, p-Nitrotoluene, Pentasilver trihydroxydiaminophosphate, Perchlorates, Perchloric acid, Permanganates + benzene, 1-Phenyl-2-methylpropyl alcohol + hydrogen peroxide, Phosphorus, Phosphorus isocyanate, Picrates, Potassium tert-butoxide, Potassium chlorate, Potassium Permanganate and other permanganates, halogens, amines, Potassium Permanganate + Potassium chloride, Potassium Permanganate + water, Propiolactone (beta)-, Pyridine, Rubidium aceteylene carbide, Silver permanganate, Sodium, Sodium carbonate, sodium hydroxide, Steel, styrene monomer, toluene + nitric acid, Vinyl acetate, Thalium (I) azidodithiocarbonate, Zinc chlorate, Zinc lodide, azides, carbonates, cyanides, sulfides, sulfites, alkali hydrides, carboxylic acid anhydrides, nitriles, olefinic organics, aqueous acids, cyclopentadiene, cyano-alcohols, metal acetylides, Hydrogen gas is generated by the action of the acid on most metals (i.e. lead, copper, tin, zinc, aluminum, etc.). Concentrated sulfuric acid oxidizes, dehydrates, or sulfonates most organic compounds.

Special Remarks on Corrosivity:

Non-corrosive to lead and mild steel, but dillute acid attacks most metals. Attacks many metals releasing hydrogen. Minor corrosive effect on bronze. No corrosion data on brass or zinc.

Polymerization: Will not occur.

Section 11: Toxicological Information

Routes of Entry: Absorbed through skin. Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Toxicity to Animals:

WARNING: THE LC50 VALUES HEREUNDER ARE ESTIMATED ON THE BASIS OF A 4-HOUR EXPOSURE. Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 2140 mg/kg [Rat.]. Acute toxicity of the vapor (LC50): 320 mg/m3 2 hours [Mouse].

Chronic Effects on Humans:

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified 1 (Proven for human.) by IARC, + (Proven.) by OSHA. Classified A2 (Suspected for human.) by ACGIH. May cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, heart, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, eyes, teeth.

Other Toxic Effects on Humans:

Extremely hazardous in case of inhalation (lung corrosive). Very hazardous in case of skin contact (corrosive, irritant, permeator), of eye contact (corrosive), of ingestion, .

Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals: Not available.

Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans:

Mutagenicity: Cytogenetic Analysis: Hamster, ovary = 4mmol/L Reproductive effects: May cause adverse reproductive effects based on animal data. Developmental abnormalities (musculoskeletal) in rabbits at a dose of 20 mg/m3 for 7 hrs.(RTECS) Teratogenecity: neither embryotoxic, fetoxic, nor teratogenetic in mice or rabbits at inhaled doses producing some maternal toxicity

Special Remarks on other Toxic Effects on Humans:

Acute Potential Health Effects: Skin: Causes severe skin irritation and burns. Continued contact can cause tissue necrosis. Eye: Causes severe eye irritation and burns. May cause irreversible eye injury. Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed. May cause permanent damage to the digestive tract. Causes gastrointestial tract burns. May cause perforation of the stomach, GI bleeding, edema of the glottis, necrosis and scarring, and sudden circulatory collapse(similar to acute inhalation). It may also cause systemic toxicity with acidosis. Inhalation: May cause severe irritation of the respiratory tract and mucous membranes with sore throat, coughing, shortness of breath, and delayed lung edema. Causes chemical burns to the repiratory tract. Inhalation may be fatal as a result of spasm, inflammation, edema of the larynx and bronchi, chemical pneumonitis, and pulmonary edema. Cause corrosive action on mucous membranes. May affect cardiovascular system (hypotension, depressed cardiac output, bradycardia). Circulatory collapse with clammy skin, weak and rapid pulse, shallow respiration, and scanty urine may follow. Circulatory shock is often the immediate cause of death. May also affect teeth(changes in teeth and supporting structures - erosion, discoloration). Chronic Potential Health Effects: Inhalation: Prolonged or repeated inhalation may affect behavior (muscle contraction or spasticity), urinary system (kidney damage), and cardiovascular system, heart (ischemic heart leisons), and respiratory system/lungs(pulmonary edema, lung damage), teeth (dental discoloration, erosion). Skin: Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause dermatitis, an allergic skin reaction.

Section 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: Ecotoxicity in water (LC50): 49 mg/l 48 hours [bluegill/sunfish].

BOD5 and COD: Not available.

Products of Biodegradation:

Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products may arise.

Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation: The products of degradation are less toxic than the product itself.

Special Remarks on the Products of Biodegradation: Not available.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal:

Sulfuric acid may be placed in sealed container or absorbed in vermiculite, dry sand, earth, or a similar material. It may also be diluted and neutralized. Be sure to consult with local or regional authorities (waste regulators) prior to any disposal. Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations.

Section 14: Transport Information

DOT Classification: Class 8: Corrosive material **Identification:** : Sulfuric acid UNNA: 1830 PG: II **Special Provisions for Transport:** Not available.

Section 15: Other Regulatory Information

Federal and State Regulations:

Illinois toxic substances disclosure to employee act: Sulfuric acid New York release reporting list: Sulfuric acid Rhode Island RTK hazardous substances: Sulfuric acid Pennsylvania RTK: Sulfuric acid Minnesota: Sulfuric acid Massachusetts RTK: Sulfuric acid New Jersey: Sulfuric acid California Director's List of Hazardous Substances (8 CCR 339): Sulfuric acid Tennessee RTK: Sulfuric acid TSCA 8(b) inventory: Sulfuric acid SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: Sulfuric acid SARA 313 toxic chemical notification and release reporting: Sulfuric acid CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: Sulfuric acid: 1000 lbs. (453.6 kg)

Other Regulations:

OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). EINECS: This product is on the European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

Other Classifications:

WHMIS (Canada):

CLASS D-1A: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (VERY TOXIC). CLASS E: Corrosive liquid.

DSCL (EEC):

R35- Causes severe burns. S2- Keep out of the reach of children. S26- In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice. S30- Never add water to this product. S45- In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).

HMIS (U.S.A.):

Health Hazard: 3 Fire Hazard: 0 Reactivity: 2 **Personal Protection:**

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.):

Health: 3

Flammability: 0

Reactivity: 2

Specific hazard:

Protective Equipment:

Gloves. Full suit. Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Face shield.

Section 16: Other Information

References:

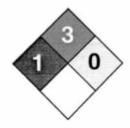
-Material safety data sheet emitted by: la Commission de la Santé et de la Sécurité du Travail du Québec. -The Sigma-Aldrich Library of Chemical Safety Data, Edition II. -Hawley, G.G.. The Condensed Chemical Dictionary, 11e ed., New York N.Y., Van Nostrand Reinold, 1987.

Other Special Considerations: Not available.

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Material Safety Data Sheet Acetone MSDS

Section 1: Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name: Acetone

Catalog Codes: SLA3502, SLA1645, SLA3151, SLA3808

CAS#: 67-64-1

RTECS: AL3150000

TSCA: TSCA 8(b) inventory: Acetone

CI#: Not applicable.

Synonym: 2-propanone; Dimethyl Ketone; Dimethylformaldehyde; Pyroacetic Acid

Chemical Name: Acetone

Chemical Formula: C3-H6-O

Contact Information:

Sciencelab.com, Inc. 14025 Smith Rd. Houston, Texas 77396

US Sales: 1-800-901-7247

International Sales: 1-281-441-4400

Order Online: ScienceLab.com

CHEMTREC (24HR Emergency Telephone), call:

1-800-424-9300

International CHEMTREC, call: 1-703-527-3887

For non-emergency assistance, call: 1-281-441-4400

Section 2: Composition and Information on Ingredients

Composition:

Name CAS # % by Weight

Acetone 67-64-1 100

Toxicological Data on Ingredients: Acetone: ORAL (LD50): Acute: 5800 mg/kg [Rat]. 3000 mg/kg [Mouse]. 5340 mg/kg [Rabbit]. VAPOR (LC50): Acute: 50100 mg/m 8 hours [Rat]. 44000 mg/m 4 hours [Mouse].

Section 3: Hazards Identification

Potential Acute Health Effects:

Hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of eye contact (irritant), of ingestion, of inhalation. Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (permeator).

Potential Chronic Health Effects:

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: A4 (Not classifiable for human or animal.) by ACGIH. MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Classified Reproductive system/toxin/female, Reproductive system/toxin/male [SUSPECTED]. The substance is toxic to central nervous system (CNS). The substance may be toxic to kidneys, the reproductive system, liver, skin. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage.

Section 4: First Aid Measures

Eve Contact:

Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Cold water may be used. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Cold water may be used. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention.

Serious Skin Contact:

Wash with a disinfectant soap and cover the contaminated skin with an anti-bacterial cream. Seek medical attention.

Inhalation:

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention if symptoms appear.

Serious Inhalation:

Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Seek medical attention.

Ingestion:

Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention if symptoms appear.

Serious Ingestion: Not available.

Section 5: Fire and Explosion Data

Flammability of the Product: Flammable.

Auto-Ignition Temperature: 465°C (869°F)

Flash Points: CLOSED CUP: -20°C (-4°F). OPEN CUP: -9°C (15.8°F) (Cleveland).

Flammable Limits: LOWER: 2.6% UPPER: 12.8%

Products of Combustion: These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO2).

Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances: Highly flammable in presence of open flames and sparks, of heat.

Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances:

Risks of explosion of the product in presence of mechanical impact: Not available. Slightly explosive in presence of open flames and sparks, of oxidizing materials, of acids.

Fire Fighting Media and Instructions:

Flammable liquid, soluble or dispersed in water. SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemical powder. LARGE FIRE: Use alcohol foam, water spray or fog.

Special Remarks on Fire Hazards: Vapor may travel considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back.

Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards:

Forms explosive mixtures with hydrogen peroxide, acetic acid, nitric acid, nitric acid + sulfuric acid, chromic anydride, chromyl chloride, nitrosyl chloride, hexachloromelamine, nitrosyl perchlorate, nitryl perchlorate, permonosulfuric acid, thiodiglycol + hydrogen peroxide, potassium ter-butoxide, sulfur dichloride, 1-methyl-1,3-butadiene, bromoform, carbon, air, chloroform, thitriazylperchlorate.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Small Spill:

Dilute with water and mop up, or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container.

Large Spill:

Flammable liquid. Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Stop leak if without risk. Absorb with DRY earth, sand or other non-combustible material. Do not touch spilled material. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed. Be careful that the product is not present at a concentration level above TLV. Check TLV on the MSDS and with local authorities.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Precautions:

Keep locked up.. Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Ground all equipment containing material. Do not ingest. Do not breathe gas/fumes/ vapor/spray. Wear suitable protective clothing. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep away from incompatibles such as oxidizing agents, reducing agents, acids, alkalis.

Storage:

Store in a segregated and approved area (flammables area). Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Keep away from direct sunlight and heat and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls:

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station location.

Personal Protection:

Splash goggles. Lab coat. Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Gloves.

Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill:

Splash goggles. Full suit. Vapor respirator. Boots. Gloves. A self contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.

Exposure Limits:

TWA: 500 STEL: 750 (ppm) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] TWA: 750 STEL: 1000 (ppm) from OSHA (PEL) [United States] TWA: 500 STEL: 1000 [Austalia] TWA: 1185 STEL: 2375 (mg/m3) [Australia] TWA: 750 STEL: 1500 (ppm) [United Kingdom (UK)] TWA: 1810 STEL: 3620 (mg/m3) [United Kingdom (UK)] TWA: 1800 STEL: 2400 from OSHA (PEL) [United States]Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical state and appearance: Liquid.

Odor: Fruity. Mint-like. Fragrant. Ethereal

Taste: Pungent, Sweetish

Molecular Weight: 58.08 g/mole

Color: Colorless. Clear

pH (1% soln/water): Not available. Boiling Point: 56.2°C (133.2°F) Melting Point: -95.35 (-139.6°F)

Critical Temperature: 235°C (455°F) Specific Gravity: 0.79 (Water = 1) Vapor Pressure: 24 kPa (@ 20°C)

Vapor Density: 2 (Air = 1)
Volatility: Not available.
Odor Threshold: 62 ppm

Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.: The product is more soluble in water; log(oil/water) = -0.2

Ionicity (in Water): Not available.

Dispersion Properties: See solubility in water. **Solubility:** Easily soluble in cold water, hot water.

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity Data

Stability: The product is stable.

Instability Temperature: Not available.

Conditions of Instability: Excess heat, ignition sources, exposure to moisture, air, or water, incompatible materials.

Incompatibility with various substances: Reactive with oxidizing agents, reducing agents, acids, alkalis.

Corrosivity: Non-corrosive in presence of glass.

Special Remarks on Reactivity: Not available.

Special Remarks on Corrosivity: Not available.

Polymerization: Will not occur.

Section 11: Toxicological Information

Routes of Entry: Absorbed through skin. Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation.

Toxicity to Animals:

WARNING: THE LC50 VALUES HEREUNDER ARE ESTIMATED ON THE BASIS OF A 4-HOUR EXPOSURE. Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 3000 mg/kg [Mouse]. Acute toxicity of the vapor (LC50): 44000 mg/m3 4 hours [Mouse].

Chronic Effects on Humans:

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: A4 (Not classifiable for human or animal.) by ACGIH. DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Classified Reproductive system/toxin/female, Reproductive system/toxin/male [SUSPECTED]. Causes damage to the following organs: central nervous system (CNS). May cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, the reproductive system, liver, skin.

Other Toxic Effects on Humans:

Hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of ingestion, of inhalation. Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (permeator).

Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals: Not available.

Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans:

May affect genetic material (mutagenicity) based on studies with yeast (S. cerevisiae), bacteria, and hamster fibroblast cells. May cause reproductive effects (fertility) based upon animal studies. May contain trace amounts of benzene and formaldehyde which may cancer and birth defects. Human: passes the placental barrier.

Special Remarks on other Toxic Effects on Humans:

Acute Potential Health Effects: Skin: May cause skin irritation. May be harmful if absorbed through the skin. Eyes: Causes eye irritation, characterized by a burning sensation, redness, tearing, inflammation, and possible corneal injury. Inhalation: Inhalation at high concentrations affects the sense organs, brain and causes respiratory tract irritation. It also may affect the Central Nervous System (behavior) characterized by dizzness, drowsiness, confusion, headache, muscle weakeness, and possibly motor incoordination, speech abnormalities, narcotic effects and coma. Inhalation may also affect the gastrointestinal tract (nausea, vomiting). Ingestion: May cause irritation of the digestive (gastrointestinal) tract (nausea, vomiting). It may also

affect the Central Nevous System (behavior), characterized by depression, fatigue, excitement, stupor, coma, headache, altered sleep time, ataxia, tremors as well at the blood, liver, and urinary system (kidney, bladder, ureter) and endocrine system. May also have musculoskeletal effects. Chronic Potential Health Effects: Skin: May cause dermatitis. Eyes: Eye irritation.

Section 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity:

Ecotoxicity in water (LC50): 5540 mg/l 96 hours [Trout]. 8300 mg/l 96 hours [Bluegill]. 7500 mg/l 96 hours [Fatthead Minnow]. 0.1 ppm any hours [Water flea].

BOD5 and COD: Not available.

Products of Biodegradation:

Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products may arise.

Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation: The product itself and its products of degradation are not toxic.

Special Remarks on the Products of Biodegradation: Not available.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal:

Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations.

Section 14: Transport Information

DOT Classification: CLASS 3: Flammable liquid. **Identification:** : Acetone UNNA: 1090 PG: II **Special Provisions for Transport:** Not available.

Section 15: Other Regulatory Information

Federal and State Regulations:

California prop. 65: This product contains the following ingredients for which the State of California has found to cause reproductive harm (male) which would require a warning under the statute: Benzene California prop. 65: This product contains the following ingredients for which the State of California has found to cause birth defects which would require a warning under the statute: Benzene California prop. 65: This product contains the following ingredients for which the State of California has found to cause cancer which would require a warning under the statute: Benzene, Formaldehyde Connecticut hazardous material survey.: Acetone Illinois toxic substances disclosure to employee act: Acetone Illinois chemical safety act: Acetone New York release reporting list: Acetone Rhode Island RTK hazardous substances: Acetone Pennsylvania RTK: Acetone Florida: Acetone Minnesota: Acetone Massachusetts RTK: Acetone Massachusetts spill list: Acetone New Jersey: Acetone New Jersey spill list: Acetone Louisiana spill reporting: Acetone California List of Hazardous Substances (8 CCR 339): Acetone TSCA 8(b) inventory: Acetone TSCA 4(a) final test rules: Acetone TSCA 8(a) IUR: Acetone

Other Regulations:

OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). EINECS: This product is on the European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

Other Classifications:

WHMIS (Canada):

CLASS B-2: Flammable liquid with a flash point lower than 37.8°C (100°F). CLASS D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (TOXIC).

DSCL (EEC):

R11- Highly flammable. R36- Irritating to eyes. S9- Keep container in a well-ventilated place. S16- Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. S26- In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

HMIS (U.S.A.):

Health Hazard: 2

Fire Hazard: 3

Reactivity: 0

Personal Protection: h

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.):

Health: 1

Flammability: 3
Reactivity: 0

Specific hazard:

Protective Equipment:

Gloves. Lab coat. Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Splash goggles.

Section 16: Other Information

References:

-Material safety data sheet issued by: la Commission de la Santé et de la Sécurité du Travail du Québec. -The Sigma-Aldrich Library of Chemical Safety Data, Edition II. -Hawley, G.G.. The Condensed Chemical Dictionary, 11e ed., New York N.Y., Van Nostrand Reinold, 1987. LOLI, RTECS, HSDB databases. Other MSDSs

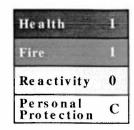
Other Special Considerations: Not available.

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Material Safety Data Sheet Ethylene glycol MSDS

Section 1: Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name: Ethylene glycol

Catalog Codes: SLE1072

CAS#: 107-21-1

RTECS: KW2975000

TSCA: TSCA 8(b) inventory: Ethylene glycol

CI#: Not available.

Synonym: 1,2-Dihydroxyethane; 1,2-Ethanediol; 1,2-Ethandiol; Ethylene dihydrate; Glycol alcohol;

Monoethylene glycol; Tescol

Chemical Name: Ethylene Glycol
Chemical Formula: HOCH2CH2OH

Contact Information:

Sciencelab.com, Inc. 14025 Smith Rd. Houston, Texas 77396 US Sales: 1-800-901-7247

International Sales: 1-281-441-4400
Order Online: ScienceLab.com

CHEMTREC (24HR Emergency Telephone), call:

1-800-424-9300

International CHEMTREC, call: 1-703-527-3887

For non-emergency assistance, call: 1-281-441-4400

Section 2: Composition and Information on Ingredients

Composition:

Name	CAS#	% by Weight
Ethylene glycol	107-21-1	100

Toxicological Data on Ingredients: Ethylene glycol: ORAL (LD50): Acute: 4700 mg/kg [Rat]. 5500 mg/kg [Mouse]. 6610 mg/kg [Guinea pig]. VAPOR (LC50): Acute: &qt;200 mg/m 4 hours [Rat].

Section 3: Hazards Identification

Potential Acute Health Effects:

Hazardous in case of ingestion. Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant, permeator), of eye contact (irritant), of inhalation. Severe over-exposure can result in death.

Potential Chronic Health Effects:

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: A4 (Not classifiable for human or animal.) by ACGIH. MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Mutagenic for mammalian somatic cells. Non-mutagenic for bacteria and/or yeast. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Not available. The substance may be toxic to kidneys, liver, central nervous system (CNS). Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage. Repeated exposure to a highly toxic material may produce general deterioration of health by an accumulation in one or many human organs.

Section 4: First Aid Measures

Eye Contact:

Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Cold water may be used. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Skin Contact:

Wash with soap and water. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. Get medical attention if irritation develops. Cold water may be used.

Serious Skin Contact: Not available.

Inhalation:

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.

Serious Inhalation: Not available.

Ingestion:

Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If large quantities of this material are swallowed, call a physician immediately. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Serious Ingestion:

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: Persons with pre-existing kidney, respiratory, eye, or neurological problems might be more sensitive to Ethylene Glycol. Notes to Physician: 1. Support vital functions, correct for dehydration and shock, and manage fluid balance. 2. The currently recommended medical management of Ethylene Glycol poisoning includes elimination of Ethylene Glycol and metabolites. Elimination of Ethylene Glycol may be achieved by the following methods: a. Emptying the stomach by gastric lavage. It is useful if initiated within < 1 of ingestion. b. Correct metabolic acidosis with intravenous administration of sodium bicarbonate, adjusting the administration rate according to repeated and frequent measurement of acid/base status. c. Administer ethanol (orally or by IV (intravenously)) or fomepizole (4-methylpyrazole or Antizol)) therapy by IV as an antidote to inhibit the ormation of toxic metabolites. d. If patients are diagnosed and treated early in the course with the above methods, hemodialysis may be avoided if fomepizole or ethanol therapy is effective and has corrected the metabolic acidosis, and no renal failure is present. However, once severe acidosis and renal failure occured, however, hemodialysis is necessary. It is effective in removing Ethylene Glycol and toxic metabolites, and correcting metabolic acidosis.

Section 5: Fire and Explosion Data

Flammability of the Product: May be combustible at high temperature.

Auto-Ignition Temperature: 398°C (748.4°F)

Flash Points: CLOSED CUP: 111°C (231.8°F). (Tagliabue.)

Flammable Limits: LOWER: 3.2%

Products of Combustion: These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO2).

Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances:

Slightly flammable to flammable in presence of open flames and sparks, of heat. Non-flammable in presence of shocks.

Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances:

Risks of explosion of the product in presence of mechanical impact: Not available. Risks of explosion of the product in presence of static discharge: Not available.

Fire Fighting Media and Instructions:

SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemical powder. LARGE FIRE: Use water spray, fog or foam. Do not use water jet.

Special Remarks on Fire Hazards: Not available.

Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards:

Explosive decomposition may occur if combined with strong acids or strong bases and subjected to elevated temperatures.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Small Spill:

Dilute with water and mop up, or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Finish cleaning by spreading water on the contaminated surface and dispose of according to local and regional authority requirements.

Large Spill:

Stop leak if without risk. Do not get water inside container. Do not touch spilled material. Use water spray to reduce vapors. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed. Eliminate all ignition sources. Call for assistance on disposal. Finish cleaning by spreading water on the contaminated surface and allow to evacuate through the sanitary system. Be careful that the product is not present at a concentration level above TLV. Check TLV on the MSDS and with local authorities.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Precautions:

Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Empty containers pose a fire risk, evaporate the residue under a fume hood. Ground all equipment containing material. Do not ingest. Do not breathe gas/fumes/ vapor/spray. Wear suitable protective clothing. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Keep away from incompatibles such as oxidizing agents, acids, alkalis.

Storage: Keep container tightly closed. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Hygroscopic

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls:

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station location.

Personal Protection:

Safety glasses. Synthetic apron. Gloves (impervious). For most conditions, no respiratory protection should be needed. However, if material is heated or sprayed and if atmospheric levels exceed exposure guidelines, use an approved vapor (air purifying) respirator.

Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill:

Splash goggles. Full suit. Boots. Gloves. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.

Exposure Limits:

STEL: 120 (mg/m3) [Australia] TWA: 100 (mg/m3) from ACGIH (TLV) [United States] CEIL: 125 (mg/m3) from OSHA (PEL) [United States] CEIL: 50 (ppm) from OSHA (PEL) [United States] TWA: 52 STEL: 104 (mg/m3) [United Kingdom (UK)] Inhalation TWA: 10 (mg/m3) [United Kingdom (UK)] SKIN3 Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical state and appearance: Liquid. (syrupy)

Odor: Odorless.

Taste: Mild sweet

Molecular Weight: 62.07 g/mole

Color: Clear Colorless.

pH (1% soln/water): Not available. Boiling Point: 197.6°C (387.7°F) Melting Point: -13°C (8.6°F) Critical Temperature: Not available.

Specific Gravity: 1.1088 (Water = 1)

Vapor Pressure: .06 mmHg @ 20 C; .092 mmHg at 25 C

Vapor Density: 2.14 (Air = 1)

Volatility: Not available.

Odor Threshold: Not available.

Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.: The product is more soluble in water; log(oil/water) = -1.4

Ionicity (in Water): Not available.

Dispersion Properties: See solubility in water, acetone.

Solubility:

Soluble in cold water, hot water, acetone. Slightly soluble in diethyl ether. Miscible with lower aliphatic alcohols, glycerol, acetic acid, acetone and similar ketones, aldehydes, pyridine, similar coal tar bases. Practically insoluble in benzene and its homologs, chlorinated hydrocarbons, petroleum ether.

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity Data

Stability: The product is stable.

Instability Temperature: Not available.

Conditions of Instability: Excess heat, incompatible materials.

Incompatibility with various substances: Reactive with oxidizing agents, acids, alkalis.

Corrosivity: Non-corrosive in presence of glass.

Special Remarks on Reactivity:

Hygroscopic. Absorbs moisture from the air. Avoid contamination with materials with hydroxyl compounds. Also incompatible with aliphatic amines, isocyanates, chlorosulfonic acid, and oleum

Special Remarks on Corrosivity: Not available.

Polymerization: Will not occur.

Section 11: Toxicological Information

Routes of Entry: Absorbed through skin. Ingestion.

Toxicity to Animals:

Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 4700 mg/kg [Rat]. Acute toxicity of the vapor (LC50): >200 mg/m3 4 hours [Rat].

Chronic Effects on Humans:

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: A4 (Not classifiable for human or animal.) by ACGIH. MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Mutagenic for mammalian somatic cells. Non-mutagenic for bacteria and/or yeast. May cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, liver, central nervous system (CNS).

Other Toxic Effects on Humans:

Hazardous in case of ingestion. Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant, permeator), of inhalation.

Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals:

Lowest Published Toxic Dose/Conc: TDL [Man] - Route: oral; Dose: 15gm/kg Lethal Dose/Conc 50% Kill LD50 [Rabbit] - Route: dermal; Dose: 9530 ul/kg

Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans:

May cause adverse reproductive effects and birth defects (teratogenic) based on animal test data. No human data has been reported at this time. May affect genetic material (mutagenic)

Special Remarks on other Toxic Effects on Humans:

Acute Potential Health Effects: Skin: May cause skin irritation. May cause more severe response if skin is abraded. A single prolonged exposure is not likely to result in material being absorbed through skin in harmful amounts. Massive contact with damaged skin may result in absorption of potentially harmful amounts Eyes: Vapors or mist may cause temporary eye irritation (mild temporary conjunctival inflammation) and lacrimation. Corneal injury is unlikely or insignificant.. Ingestion: It is rapidly absorbed from the gastrointestinal tract. Oral toxicity is expected to be moderate in humans due to Ethylene Glycol even though tests with animals show a lower degree of toxicity. Excessive exposure (swallowing large amounts) may cause gastrointestinal tract irritation with nausea, vomiting, abdominal discomfort, diarrhea. It can affect behavior/central nervous system within 0.5 to 12 hours after ingestion. A transient inebriation with excitement, stupor, headache, slurred speech, ataxia, somnolence, and euphoria, similar to ethanol intoxication, can occur within the first several hours. As sthe Ethylene Glycol is metabolized, metabolic acidosis and further central nervous system depression (convulsions, muscle weakness) develop. Serious intoxication may develop to coma associated with hypotonia, hyporeflexia, and less commonly seizures, and meningismus. 12 to 24 hours

Section 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity:

Ecotoxicity in water (LC50): 41000 mg/l 96 hours [Fish (Trout)]. 46300 mg/l 48 hours [water flea]. 34250 mg/l 96 hours [Fish (bluegill fish)]. 34250 mg/l 72 hours [Fish (Goldfish)].

BOD5 and COD: Not available.

Products of Biodegradation:

Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products may arise.

Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation: The products of degradation are less toxic than the product itself.

Special Remarks on the Products of Biodegradation: Not available.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal:

Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations.

Section 14: Transport Information

DOT Classification: Not a DOT controlled material (United States).

Identification: Not applicable.

Special Provisions for Transport: Not applicable.

Section 15: Other Regulatory Information

Federal and State Regulations:

Illinois toxic substances disclosure to employee act: Ethylene glycol Illinois chemical safety act: Ethylene glycol New York release reporting list: Ethylene glycol Rhode Island RTK hazardous substances: Ethylene glycol Pennsylvania RTK: Ethylene glycol Minnesota: Ethylene glycol Massachusetts RTK: Ethylene glycol Massachusetts spill list: Ethylene glycol New Jersey: Ethylene glycol Louisiana spill reporting: Ethylene glycol TSCA 8(b) inventory: Ethylene glycol TSCA 4(a) proposed test rules: Ethylene glycol SARA 313 toxic chemical notification and release reporting: Ethylene glycol CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: Ethylene glycol: 5000 lbs. (2268 kg)

Other Regulations:

OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). EINECS: This product is on the European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

Other Classifications:

WHMIS (Canada): CLASS D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (VERY TOXIC).

DSCL (EEC):

R22- Harmful if swallowed. S46- If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.

HMIS (U.S.A.):

Health Hazard: 1

Fire Hazard: 1

Reactivity: 0

Personal Protection: C

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.):

Health: 1

Flammability: 1
Reactivity: 0

Specific hazard:

Protective Equipment:

Gloves. Lab coat. Not applicable. Safety glasses.

Section 16: Other Information

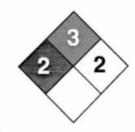
References: Not available.

Other Special Considerations: Not available.

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Last Updated: 11/01/2010 12:00 PM

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Health	2
Fire	3
Reactivity	0
Personal Protection	Н

Material Safety Data Sheet Styrene (monomer) MSDS

Section 1: Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name: Styrene (monomer)
Catalog Codes: SLS2512, SLU1027

CAS#: 100-42-5

RTECS: WL3675000

TSCA: TSCA 8(b) inventory: Styrene (monomer)

CI#: Not available.

Synonym: Vinylbenzene

Chemical Formula: C8H8

Contact Information:

Sciencelab.com, Inc. 14025 Smith Rd. Houston, Texas 77396

US Sales: 1-800-901-7247

International Sales: 1-281-441-4400

Order Online: ScienceLab.com

CHEMTREC (24HR Emergency Telephone), call:

1-800-424-9300

International CHEMTREC, call: 1-703-527-3887

For non-emergency assistance, call: 1-281-441-4400

Section 2: Composition and Information on Ingredients

Composition:

Name

CAS#

% by Weight

Styrene (monomer)

100-42-5

100

Toxicological Data on Ingredients: Styrene (monomer): ORAL (LD50): Acute: 2650 mg/kg [Rat]. 316 mg/kg [Mouse]. VAPOR (LC50): Acute: 12000 ppm 4 hour(s) [Rat]. 9500 ppm 4 hour(s) [Mouse].

Section 3: Hazards Identification

Potential Acute Health Effects:

Very hazardous in case of eye contact (irritant). Hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant, permeator), of ingestion, of inhalation. Inflammation of the eye is characterized by redness, watering, and itching.

Potential Chronic Health Effects:

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified + (PROVEN) by OSHA. Classified 2B (Possible for human.) by IARC. A4 (Not classifiable for human or animal.) by ACGIH. MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Not available. The substance is toxic to the nervous system, upper respiratory tract. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage.

Section 4: First Aid Measures

Eye Contact:

Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Cold water may be used. Do not use an eye ointment. Seek medical attention.

Skin Contact:

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water. Gently and thoroughly wash the contaminated skin with running water and non-abrasive soap. Be particularly careful to clean folds, crevices, creases and groin. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. If irritation persists, seek medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing.

Serious Skin Contact:

Wash with a disinfectant soap and cover the contaminated skin with an anti-bacterial cream. Seek immediate medical attention.

Inhalation: Allow the victim to rest in a well ventilated area. Seek immediate medical attention.

Serious Inhalation: Not available.

Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting. Examine the lips and mouth to ascertain whether the tissues are damaged, a possible indication that the toxic material was ingested; the absence of such signs, however, is not conclusive. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Seek immediate medical attention.

Serious Ingestion: Not available.

Section 5: Fire and Explosion Data

Flammability of the Product: Flammable.

Auto-Ignition Temperature: 490°C (914°F)

Flash Points: CLOSED CUP: 31.1°C (88°F). (Cleveland) OPEN CUP: 36.7°C (98.1°F) (TAG).

Flammable Limits: LOWER: 1.1% UPPER: 6.1%

Products of Combustion: These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO2).

Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances:

Flammable in presence of open flames and sparks. Slightly flammable to flammable in presence of heat.

Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances:

Risks of explosion of the product in presence of mechanical impact: Not available. Risks of explosion of the product in presence of static discharge: Not available.

Fire Fighting Media and Instructions:

Flammable liquid, soluble or dispersed in water. SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemical powder. LARGE FIRE: Use alcohol foam, water spray or fog. Cool containing vessels with water jet in order to prevent pressure build-up, autoignition or explosion.

Special Remarks on Fire Hazards: Not available.

Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards: Not available.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Small Spill: Absorb with an inert material and put the spilled material in an appropriate waste disposal.

Large Spill:

Flammable liquid. Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Stop leak if without risk. Absorb with DRY earth, sand or other non-combustible material. Do not touch spilled material. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed. Eliminate all ignition sources. Be careful that the product is not present at a concentration level above TLV. Check TLV on the MSDS and with local authorities.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Precautions:

Keep locked up Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Ground all equipment containing material. Do not ingest. Do not breathe gas/fumes/ vapour/spray. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Avoid contact with skin and eyes

Storage:

Flammable materials should be stored in a separate safety storage cabinet or room. Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Keep container tightly closed. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Ground all equipment containing material. A refrigerated room would be preferable for materials with a flash point lower than 37.8°C (100°F).

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls:

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station location.

Personal Protection:

Splash goggles. Lab coat. Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Gloves.

Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill:

Splash goggles. Full suit. Vapor respirator. Boots. Gloves. A self contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.

Exposure Limits:

TWA: 50 STEL: 100 (ppm) TWA: 213 STEL: 426 (mg/m3) Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical state and appearance: Liquid. (Clear viscous liquid.)

Odor: Sweetish. Aromatic.

Taste: Not available.

Molecular Weight: 104.14 g/mole

Color: Colorless.

pH (1% soln/water): Not available.

Boiling Point: 145.2°C (293.4°F)

Melting Point: -30.6°C (-23.1°F)

Critical Temperature: Not available.

Specific Gravity: 0.906 (Water = 1)

Vapor Pressure: 4.5 mm of Hg (@ 20°C)

Vapor Density: 3.59 (Air = 1)

Volatility: Not available. **Odor Threshold:** 0.1 ppm

Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.: The product is equally soluble in oil and water; log(oil/water) = 0

Ionicity (in Water): Not available.

Dispersion Properties: Not available.

Solubility: Very slightly soluble in cold water.

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity Data

Stability: The product is stable.

Instability Temperature: Not available. **Conditions of Instability:** Not available.

Incompatibility with various substances: Not available.

Corrosivity: Non-corrosive in presence of glass.

Special Remarks on Reactivity: Not available.

Special Remarks on Corrosivity: Not available.

Polymerization: No.

Section 11: Toxicological Information

Routes of Entry: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Toxicity to Animals:

WARNING: THE LC50 VALUES HEREUNDER ARE ESTIMATED ON THE BASIS OF A 4-HOUR EXPOSURE. Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 316 mg/kg [Mouse]. Acute toxicity of the vapor (LC50): 9500 ppm 4 hour(s) [Mouse].

Chronic Effects on Humans:

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified + (PROVEN) by OSHA. Classified 2B (Possible for human.) by IARC. A4 (Not classifiable for human or animal.) by ACGIH. The substance is toxic to the nervous system, upper respiratory tract.

Other Toxic Effects on Humans: Hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant, permeator), of ingestion, of inhalation.

Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals: Not available.

Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans:

Animal embryotoxic. Postnatal development injury in animal. Menstrual disorders in human. Human: passes the placental barrier, detected in maternal milk.

Special Remarks on other Toxic Effects on Humans: Not available.

Section 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: Not available.

BOD5 and COD: Not available.

Products of Biodegradation:

Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products may arise.

Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation: The products of degradation are more toxic.

Special Remarks on the Products of Biodegradation: Not available.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal:

Section 14: Transport Information

DOT Classification: Class 3: Flammable liquid.

Identification: : Styrene monomer, inhibited : UN2055 PG: III

Special Provisions for Transport: Marine Pollutant

Section 15: Other Regulatory Information

Federal and State Regulations:

Pennsylvania RTK: Styrene (monomer) Florida: Styrene (monomer) Minnesota: Styrene (monomer) Massachusetts RTK: Styrene (monomer) New Jersey: Styrene (monomer) TSCA 8(b) inventory: Styrene (monomer) SARA 313 toxic chemical notification and release reporting: Styrene (monomer) CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: Styrene (monomer)

Other Regulations: OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Other Classifications:

WHMIS (Canada):

CLASS B-2: Flammable liquid with a flash point lower than 37.8°C (100°F). CLASS D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (VERY TOXIC).

DSCL (EEC):

R10- Flammable. R38- Irritating to skin. R41- Risk of serious damage to eyes. R45- May cause cancer.

HMIS (U.S.A.):

Health Hazard: 2

Fire Hazard: 3

Reactivity: 0

Personal Protection: h

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.):

Health: 2

Flammability: 3

Reactivity: 2

Specific hazard:

Protective Equipment:

Gloves. Lab coat. Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Splash goggles.

Section 16: Other Information

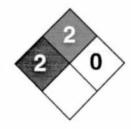
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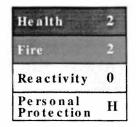
Other Special Considerations: Not available.

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Last Updated: 11/01/2010 12:00 PM

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Material Safety Data Sheet Stoddard solvent MSDS

Section 1: Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name: Stoddard solvent

Catalog Codes: SLS3688

CAS#: 8052-41-3

RTECS: WJ8925000

TSCA: TSCA 8(b) inventory: Stoddard solvent

CI#: Not available.

Synonym:

Chemical Name: Not available.

Chemical Formula: Not available.

Contact Information:

Sciencelab.com, Inc. 14025 Smith Rd. Houston, Texas 77396

US Sales: 1-800-901-7247

International Sales: 1-281-441-4400

Order Online: ScienceLab.com

CHEMTREC (24HR Emergency Telephone), call:

1-800-424-9300

International CHEMTREC, call: 1-703-527-3887

For non-emergency assistance, call: 1-281-441-4400

Section 2: Composition and Information on Ingredients

Composition:

Name

CAS#

% by Weight

Stoddard solvent

8052-41-3

100

Toxicological Data on Ingredients: Stoddard solvent LD50: Not available. LC50: Not available.

Section 3: Hazards Identification

Potential Acute Health Effects:

Very hazardous in case of ingestion. Hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of eye contact (irritant), of inhalation.

Potential Chronic Health Effects:

Very hazardous in case of ingestion. Hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of eye contact (irritant), of inhalation. CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Not available. The substance is toxic to lungs, the nervous system, mucous membranes. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage.

Section 4: First Aid Measures

Eye Contact: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Do not use an eye ointment. Seek medical attention.

Skin Contact:

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water. Gently and thoroughly wash the contaminated skin with running water and non-abrasive soap. Be particularly careful to clean folds, crevices, creases and groin. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. If irritation persists, seek medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing.

Serious Skin Contact:

Wash with a disinfectant soap and cover the contaminated skin with an anti-bacterial cream. Seek medical attention.

Inhalation: Allow the victim to rest in a well ventilated area. Seek immediate medical attention.

Serious Inhalation:

Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Seek medical attention.

Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Seek immediate medical attention.

Serious Ingestion: Not available.

Section 5: Fire and Explosion Data

Flammability of the Product: Flammable.

Auto-Ignition Temperature: 210°C (410°F)

Flash Points: CLOSED CUP: 38°C (100.4°F).

Flammable Limits: LOWER: 0.8% UPPER: 5%

Products of Combustion: Not available.

Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances: Slightly flammable to flammable in presence of oxidizing materials.

Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances:

Risks of explosion of the product in presence of mechanical impact: Not available. Risks of explosion of the product in presence of static discharge: Not available. Slightly explosive to explosive in presence of oxidizing materials.

Fire Fighting Media and Instructions:

Flammable liquid, insoluble in water. SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemical powder. LARGE FIRE: Use water spray or fog. Cool containing vessels with water jet in order to prevent pressure build-up, autoignition or explosion.

Special Remarks on Fire Hazards: Not available.

Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards: Not available.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Small Spill: Absorb with an inert material and put the spilled material in an appropriate waste disposal.

Large Spill:

Flammable liquid, insoluble in water. Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Stop leak if without risk. Absorb with DRY earth, sand or other non-combustible material. Do not get water inside container. Do not touch spilled material. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed. Eliminate all ignition sources. Call for assistance on disposal. Be careful that the product is not present at a concentration level above TLV. Check TLV on the MSDS and with local authorities.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Precautions:

Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Ground all equipment containing material. Do not breathe gas/fumes/ vapour/spray. Wear suitable protective clothing In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment If you feel unwell, seek medical attention and show the label when possible. Avoid contact with skin and eyes

Storage:

Flammable materials should be stored in a separate safety storage cabinet or room. Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Keep container tightly closed. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Ground all equipment containing material. Keep container dry. Keep in a cool place.

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls:

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station location.

Personal Protection:

Splash goggles, Lab coat. Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Gloves.

Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill:

Splash goggles. Full suit. Vapor respirator. Boots. Gloves. A self contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.

Exposure Limits:

TWA: 100 (ppm) from ACGIH (TLV) TWA: 525 (mg/m3) from ACGIHConsult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical state and appearance: Liquid.

Odor: Not available.

Taste: Not available.

Molecular Weight: Not available.

Color: Clear Colorless.

pH (1% soln/water): Not applicable.

Boiling Point: Not available. **Melting Point:** Not available.

Critical Temperature: Not available. **Specific Gravity:** 0.78 (Water = 1)

Vapor Pressure: 2 mm of Hg (@ 20°C)

Vapor Density: 5 (Air = 1)
Volatility: Not available.
Odor Threshold: 1 ppm

Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.: Not available.
Ionicity (in Water): Not available.
Dispersion Properties: Not available.

Solubility: Insoluble in cold water.

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity Data

Stability: The product is stable.

Instability Temperature: Not available. **Conditions of Instability:** Not available.

Incompatibility with various substances: Not available.

Corrosivity: Non-corrosive in presence of glass.

Special Remarks on Reactivity: Not available.

Special Remarks on Corrosivity: Not available.

Polymerization: No.

Section 11: Toxicological Information

Routes of Entry: Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Toxicity to Animals:

LD50: Not available. LC50: Not available.

Chronic Effects on Humans: The substance is toxic to lungs, the nervous system, mucous membranes.

Other Toxic Effects on Humans:

Very hazardous in case of ingestion. Hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of inhalation.

Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals: Not available.

Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans: Not available.

Special Remarks on other Toxic Effects on Humans: Not available.

Section 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: Not available.

BOD5 and COD: Not available. Products of Biodegradation:

Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products may arise.

Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation: The products of degradation are more toxic.

Special Remarks on the Products of Biodegradation: Not available.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal:

Section 14: Transport Information

DOT Classification: Class 3: Flammable liquid.

Identification: : Petroleum distillate, n.o.s. (Stoddard solvent) : UN1268 PG: III

Special Provisions for Transport: Not available.

Section 15: Other Regulatory Information

Federal and State Regulations:

Pennsylvania RTK: Stoddard solvent Massachusetts RTK: Stoddard solvent TSCA 8(b) inventory: Stoddard solvent

Other Regulations: OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Other Classifications:

WHMIS (Canada):

CLASS B-3: Combustible liquid with a flash point between 37.8°C (100°F) and 93.3°C (200°F).

DSCL (EEC):

R10- Flammable. R36/38- Irritating to eyes and skin.

HMIS (U.S.A.):

Health Hazard: 2

Fire Hazard: 2

Reactivity: 0

Personal Protection: h

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.):

Health: 2

Flammability: 2

Reactivity: 0

Specific hazard:

Protective Equipment:

Gloves. Lab coat. Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Splash goggles.

Section 16: Other Information

References: Not available.

Other Special Considerations: Not available.

Created: 10/11/2005 12:40 PM

Last Updated: 11/01/2010 12:00 PM

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Material Safety Data Sheet Barium oxide MSDS

Section 1: Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name: Barium oxide

Catalog Codes: SLB4825

CAS#: 1304-28-5

RTECS: CQ9800000

TSCA: TSCA 8(b) inventory: Barium oxide

CI#: Not available.

Synonym:

Chemical Formula: BaO

Contact Information:

Sciencelab.com, Inc. 14025 Smith Rd. Houston, Texas 77396

US Sales: 1-800-901-7247

International Sales: 1-281-441-4400

Order Online: ScienceLab.com

CHEMTREC (24HR Emergency Telephone), call:

1-800-424-9300

International CHEMTREC, call: 1-703-527-3887

For non-emergency assistance, call: 1-281-441-4400

Section 2: Composition and Information on Ingredients

Composition:

Name CAS #

% by Weight

Barium oxide

1304-28-5

100

Toxicological Data on Ingredients: Barium oxide LD50: Not available. LC50: Not available.

Section 3: Hazards Identification

Potential Acute Health Effects:

Extremely hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of eye contact (irritant), of ingestion. Very hazardous in case of skin contact (corrosive), of inhalation. The amount of tissue damage depends on length of contact. Eye contact can result in corneal damage or blindness. Skin contact can produce inflammation and blistering. Inhalation of dust will produce irritation to gastro-intestinal or respiratory tract, characterized by burning, sneezing and coughing. Severe over-exposure can produce lung damage, choking, unconsciousness or death. Inflammation of the eye is characterized by redness, watering, and itching. Skin inflammation is characterized by itching, scaling, reddening, or, occasionally, blistering.

Potential Chronic Health Effects:

Extremely hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of eye contact (irritant), of ingestion. Very hazardous in case of skin contact (corrosive), of inhalation. CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Not available. The substance is toxic to lungs, mucous membranes. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage. Repeated exposure of the eyes to a low level of dust can produce eye irritation. Repeated skin exposure can produce local skin destruction, or dermatitis. Repeated inhalation of dust can produce varying degree of respiratory irritation or lung damage.

Repeated exposure to a highly toxic material may produce general deterioration of health by an accumulation in one or many human organs. Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation.

Section 4: First Aid Measures

Eye Contact:

Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Cold water may be used. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin Contact:

In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. Cold water may be used. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

Serious Skin Contact:

Wash with a disinfectant soap and cover the contaminated skin with an anti-bacterial cream. Seek immediate medical attention.

Inhalation:

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.

Serious Inhalation:

Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. WARNING: It may be hazardous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation when the inhaled material is toxic, infectious or corrosive. Seek immediate medical attention.

Ingestion:

If swallowed, do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.

Serious Ingestion: Not available.

Section 5: Fire and Explosion Data

Flammability of the Product: Non-flammable.

Auto-Ignition Temperature: Not applicable.

Flash Points: Not applicable.

Flammable Limits: Not applicable.

Products of Combustion: Not available.

Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances: Not applicable.

Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances:

Risks of explosion of the product in presence of mechanical impact: Not available. Risks of explosion of the product in presence of static discharge: Not available.

Fire Fighting Media and Instructions: Not applicable.

Special Remarks on Fire Hazards: Not available.

Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards: Not available.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Small Spill: Use appropriate tools to put the spilled solid in a convenient waste disposal container.

Large Spill:

Corrosive solid. Poisonous solid. Stop leak if without risk. Do not get water inside container. Do not touch spilled material. Use water spray to reduce vapors. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed. Call for assistance on disposal. Be careful that the product is not present at a concentration level above TLV. Check TLV on the MSDS and with local authorities.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Precautions:

Keep locked up.. Keep container dry. Do not ingest. Do not breathe dust. Never add water to this product. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep away from incompatibles such as acids, moisture.

Storage: Keep container tightly closed. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area.

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls:

Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If user operations generate dust, fume or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit.

Personal Protection:

Splash goggles. Synthetic apron. Vapor and dust respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Gloves.

Personal Protection in Case of a Large Spill:

Splash goggles. Full suit. Vapor and dust respirator. Boots. Gloves. A self contained breathing apparatus should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.

Exposure Limits:

TWA: 0.5 Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical state and appearance: Solid. (Powdered solid.)

Odor: Odorless.

Taste: Not available.

Molecular Weight: 153.36 g/mole

Color: White to yellowish.

pH (1% soln/water): Not available.

Boiling Point: 2000°C (3632°F)

Melting Point: 1918°C (3484.4°F)

Critical Temperature: Not available.

Specific Gravity: 5.72 (Water = 1) Vapor Pressure: Not applicable.

Vapor Density: Not available.

Volatility: Not available.

Odor Threshold: Not available.

Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.: Not available. Ionicity (in Water): Not available.

Dispersion Properties: See solubility in water, methanol.

Solubility: Partially soluble in cold water, methanol.

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity Data

Stability: The product is stable.

Instability Temperature: Not available.

Conditions of Instability: Not available.

Incompatibility with various substances:

Highly reactive with acids. Reactive with moisture.

Corrosivity: Non-corrosive in presence of glass.

Special Remarks on Reactivity: Not available.

Special Remarks on Corrosivity: Not available.

Polymerization: Will not occur.

Section 11: Toxicological Information

Routes of Entry: Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Toxicity to Animals:

LD50: Not available. LC50: Not available.

Chronic Effects on Humans: Causes damage to the following organs: lungs, mucous membranes.

Other Toxic Effects on Humans:

Extremely hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of ingestion. Very hazardous in case of skin contact (corrosive), . Hazardous in case of eye contact (corrosive), of inhalation (lung corrosive).

Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals: Not available.

Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans: Excreted in maternal milk in animal. Passes through the placental barrier in human.

Special Remarks on other Toxic Effects on Humans: Not available.

Section 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: Not available.

BOD5 and COD: Not available.

Products of Biodegradation:

Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products may arise.

Toxicity of the Products of Biodegradation: The products of degradation are as toxic as the original product.

Special Remarks on the Products of Biodegradation: Not available.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal:

Section 14: Transport Information

DOT Classification: CLASS 6.1: Poisonous material. **Identification:** : Barium Oxide UNNA: UN1884 PG: III **Special Provisions for Transport:** Marine Pollutant

Section 15: Other Regulatory Information

Federal and State Regulations:

Pennsylvania RTK: Barium oxide Massachusetts RTK: Barium oxide TSCA 8(b) inventory: Barium oxide SARA 313 toxic chemical notification and release reporting: Barium oxide

Other Regulations: OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Other Classifications:

WHMIS (Canada):

CLASS D-1B: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (TOXIC). CLASS D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (TOXIC).

DSCL (EEC): R34- Causes burns.

HMIS (U.S.A.):

Health Hazard: 3

Fire Hazard: 0

Reactivity: 2

Personal Protection: i

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.):

Health: 3

Flammability: 0

Reactivity: 2

Specific hazard:

Protective Equipment:

Gloves. Synthetic apron. Vapor and dust respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Splash goggles.

Section 16: Other Information

References: Not available.

Other Special Considerations: Not available.

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MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

81300 02 00 DATE OF PREPARATION

Apr 28, 2011

SECTION 1 — PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NUMBER

81300

PRODUCT NAME

DURA SEAL® Polyurethane, Gloss

MANUFACTURER'S NAME

MINWAX Company

10 Mountainview Road

Upper Saddle River, NJ 07458

Telephone Numbers and Websites

Product Information	(800) 364-1359
Regulatory Information	(216) 566-2902
	www.paintdocs.com
Medical Emergency	(216) 566-2917
Transportation Emergency*	(800) 424-9300
for Chemical Emergency ONLY (spill, lea	ak, fire, exposure, or accident)

SECTION 2 — COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

-	% by Weight	CAS Number	Ingredient	Units	Vapor Pressure
	56	64742-88-7	Mineral Spirits		
			ACGIH TLV	100 PPM	2 mm
			OSHA PEL	100 PPM	

SECTION 3 — HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

INHALATION of vapor or spray mist.

EYE or SKIN contact with the product, vapor or spray mist.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

EYES: Irritation.

SKIN: Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause irritation.

INHALATION: Irritation of the upper respiratory system.

May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.

Prolonged overexposure to hazardous ingredients in Section 2 may cause adverse chronic effects to the following organs or systems:

The charge the Entered Section (

- the liver
- the urinary system

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists.

Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None generally recognized.

CANCER INFORMATION

For complete discussion of toxicology data refer to Section 11.

SECTION 4 — FIRST AID MEASURES

EYES: Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

SKIN: Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water.

Remove contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.

INHALATION: If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm and quiet.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

SECTION 5 — FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

page 1 of 4

HMIS Codes

Health 2

Reactivity 0

Flammability

FLASH POINT LEL UEL FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION

103 °F PMCC 1.0 6.0 Combustible, Flash above 99 and below 200 °F

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat.

Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions.

During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used.

Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

SECTION 6 — ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area.

Remove with inert absorbent.

SECTION 7 — HANDLING AND STORAGE

STORAGE CATEGORY

DOL Storage Class II

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Contents are COMBUSTIBLE. Keep away from heat and open flame.

Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures.

Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

To minimize the possibility of spontaneous combustion: control the accumulation of overspray; soak wiping rags and waste immediately after use in a water-filled, closed metal container; air dry filters outside, far from any combustible material and separated by bricks or other non-combustible spacers; dispose of all contaminated materials and waste properly. Consult OSHA 29 CFR 1910.107(b)(5) and NFPA 33, Chapter 8 (8-9) for the proper procedures.

SECTION 8 — EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist.

Wash hands after using.

This coating may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg/m3 (total dust), 3 mg/m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg/m3 (total dust), 5 mg/m3 (respirable fraction).

VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES

Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section 2.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

SECTION 9 — PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PRODUCT WEIGHT 7.24 lb/gal 867 g/l

SPECIFIC GRAVITY 0.87

BOILING POINT 300 - 395 °F 148 - 201 °C

MELTING POINT Not Available VOLATILE VOLUME 63%

EVAPORATION RATE Slower than ether VAPOR DENSITY Heavier than air

SOLUBILITY IN WATER N.A

VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical - As Packaged)

4.09 lb/gal 490 g/l Less Water and Federally Exempt Solvents

4.09 lb/gal 490 g/l Emitted VOC

SECTION 10 — STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY — Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID

None known.

INCOMPATIBILITY

None known.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION

Will not occur

SECTION 11 — TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS

No ingredient in this product is an IARC, NTP or OSHA listed carcinogen.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

TOXICOLOGY DATA

CAS No. Ingredient Name

64742-88-7 Mineral Spirits

LC50 RAT 4HR Not Available LD50 RAT Not Available

SECTION 12 — ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No data available.

SECTION 13 — DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from this product may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261.

Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the applicable EPA hazardous waste numbers.

Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

SECTION 14 — TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (ocean, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport.

US Ground (DOT)

May be Classed as a Combustible Liquid for U.S. Ground.

UN1263, PAINT, 3, PG III, (ERG#128)

Bulk Containers may be Shipped as:

UN1263, PAINT, COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID, PG III, (ERG#128)

Canada (TDG)

May be Classed as a Combustible Liquid for Canadian Ground.

UN1263, PAINT, CLASS 3, PG III, (ERG#128)

IMO

5 Liters (1.3 Gallons) and Less may be Shipped as Limited Quantity.

UN1263, PAINT, CLASS 3, PG III, (39 C c.c.), EmS F-E, S-E, ADR (D/E)

IATA/ICAO

UN1263, PAINT, 3, PG III

SECTION 15 — REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION

CAS No. CHEMICAL/COMPOUND % by WT % Element

No ingredients in this product are subject to SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) Supplier Notification.

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

TSCA CERTIFICATION

All chemicals in this product are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

SECTION 16 — OTHER INFORMATION

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Canadian Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

The above information pertains to this product as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to this product may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Penetone® Corporation, 700 Gotham Parkway, Carlstadt, NJ 07072

PENSOLV™ L805

Page: 1 of 4

Date Prepared: July 2, 2007 MSDS No.: 4765-707A

SECTION 1 PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION & EMERGENCY INFORMATION

PRODUCT NAME: PENSOLV L805

GENERAL USE: Degreaser

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION: Solvent/solvent blend

GENERIC INGREDIENTS: Aliphatic hydrocarbons, d'limonene

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS: PENETONE 201-567-3000

CHEMTREC 800-424-9300

SECTION 2 HAZARDOUS INGREDIENT SECTION

This product is hazardous as defined in 29 CFR 1910.1200.

OSHA HAZARD: COMBUSTIBLE

OSHA HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

EXPOSURE LIMITS 8 hrs. TWA (ppm)

Aliphatic hydrocarbons 64742-88-7 not established ----

SECTION 3 HEALTH INFORMATION & PROTECTION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW:

Clear water white liquid with citrus odor.

Combustible. Can be irritating to eyes, skin, and respiratory tract.

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS:

EYE CONTACT:

Slightly irritating but does not injure eye tissue.

SKIN CONTACT:

Frequent or prolonged contact may irritate or dry the skin or cause dermatitis. Skin contact may aggravate an existing dermatitis condition.

INHALATION:

High vapor/aerosol concentrations (greater than the TLV) are irritating to the respiratory tract, may cause headaches, dizziness, anesthesia, drowsiness, unconsciousness, and other central nervous system effects.

INGESTION:

Small amounts of this liquid may be drawn into the lungs by either swallowing or vomiting. This may cause severe and delayed health effects such as inflammation of the lungs and infection of the bronchi. Ingestion may cause irritation of the digestive tract and diarrhea.

Page: 2 of 4

Date Prepared: July 2, 2007 MSDS No.: 4765-707A

CHRONIC:

Ingestion of large amounts of d'limonene has caused kidney and liver damage in male rats but not in female rats or mice of both species.

FIRST AID MEASURES:

EYE CONTACT:

Flush eyes with large amounts of water. See physician immediately.

SKIN CONTACT:

Flush skin with large amounts of water. Use soap if available. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. If skin irritation develops or persists, consult physician.

INHALATION:

Remove person to fresh air. Administer oxygen or artificial respiration as needed. Call a physician immediately.

INGESTION:

If swallowed, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Use a stomach pump. Call a physician immediately.

WORKPLACE EXPOSURE CONTROLS:

PERSONAL PROTECTION:

Safety glasses are recommended for all workplace conditions. Solvent resistant gloves are recommended where prolonged skin exposure is expected. Other protective gear, including splash proof goggles or face shield, rubber boots, aprons, gauntlets, or rain gear should be worn depending on how the product is used.

VENTILATION:

None needed under normal use conditions. For enclosed areas, or where large amounts of the product are being used, the use of fans or other mechanical ventilation is recommended. An organic vapor mask should be used if the TLV is exceeded and a particle mask if the product is sprayed. DO NOT MIST THIS PRODUCT. Use coarse spray only.

SECTION 4 FIRE & EXPLOSION HAZARDS

FLASH POINT: 105°F TCC

FLAMMABLE LIMITS: about 1% LEL, about 7.0% UEL AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: not available

GENERAL HAZARD:

Combustible liquid. Can form combustible mixtures at or above the flash point.

Containers can rupture and explode under fire conditions due to pressure and vapor buildup.

FIRE FIGHTING:

Either allow fire to burn out under controlled conditions or extinguish with water, foam, or dry chemical.

Cool exposed containers with water spray.

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS:

Smoke, fumes, and oxides of carbon.

SECTION 5 SPILL CONTROL MEASURES

LAND SPILL:

Eliminate sources of ignition. For small spills, use absorbent material such as towels or absorbent powders. Put all material into proper waste disposal container with lid tightly covered. **Solvent soaked materials may spontaneously combust.** For larger spills, dike spill, recover free liquid, and use absorbent material to dry area. Put all material into appropriate waste containers.

WATER SPILL:

Remove product from water surface by skimming or with suitable absorbents. If allowed by local environmental regulatory agencies, you may use a suitable dispersant. Check with local environmental regulatory agencies for reporting requirements.

PENSOLV L805

Page: 3 of 4

Date Prepared: July 2, 2007 MSDS No.: 4765-707A

SECTION 6 HANDLING & STORAGE

STORAGE TEMPERATURE, °F: ambient. DO NOT STORE ABOVE 120 Deg. F.

GENERAL: Keep away from heat sources, open flames, and other ignition sources. Do not store near strong oxidants.

SECTION 7 TYPICAL PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

BOILING POINT, °F:

W-104F

EVAPORATION RATE, n-butyl acetate = 1:

0.1

SOLUBILITY IN WATER:

insoluble

SPECIFIC GRAVITY at 75°F:

0.78

ODOR AND APPEARANCE:

clear water-white liquid, citrus odor

VAPOR PRESSURE, mm Hg at 20°C:

less than 5

VAPOR DENSITY (Air = 1):

about 4

WT% ORGANIC VOLATILES:

100 **pH:**

not applicable

SECTION 8 REACTIVITY DATA

GENERAL:

This product is stable and hazardous polymerization will not occur.

INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO AVOID:

Strong oxidizing agents.

SECTION 9 REGULATORY INFORMATION

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (DOT):

PROPER SHIPPING NAME:

FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains petroleum distillates)

HAZARD CLASS: 3

IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: UN 1993

PACKING GROUP: III

LABEL: FLAMMABLE

FLASH POINT: 105°F pH: not applicable

TSCA: The ingredients in this product are listed on the TSCA inventory.

CERCLA:

This product contains no reportable CERCLA materials. Contact local authorities to determine if there may be other local reporting requirements.

RCRA HAZARD CLASS:

D001 Ignitable hazardous waste

PENSOLV L805

Page: 4 of 4

Date Prepared: July 2, 2007 MSDS No.: 4765-707A

SARA TITLE III:

311/312 HAZARD CATEGORIES:

Acute health, Fire

313 REPORTABLE INGREDIENTS:

None

NEW JERSEY RIGHT-TO-KNOW INFORMATION:

This product contains aliphatic hydrocarbons (CAS# 64742-88-7) and d'limonene (CAS# 5989-27-5).

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 INFORMATION:

This product does not contain any chemicals recognized by the state of California to cause cancer and/or birth defects or reproductive harm.

SCAQMD INFORMATION:

Is there a photochemically reactive material present? Yes

What is the % by volume of photochemically reactive material? about 15

What is the VOC content? 780 g/L

What is the vapor pressure of VOC's? less than 5 mm Hg

SECTION 10 NOTES

HAZARD RATING SYSTEMS:

	HMIS	NFPA	KEY
HEALTH	1	1	4 = Severe
FLAMMABILITY	2	2	3 = Serious
REACTIVITY	0	0	2 = Moderate
			1 = Slight
			0 = Minimal

REVISION SUMMARY:

Change in Section 9

SUPERSEDES ISSUE DATE:

February 26, 2004

FOR ADDITIONAL PRODUCT INFORMATION, CONTACT YOUR SALES ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL HEALTH/SAFETY INFORMATION, CALL 201-567-3000

THE INFORMATION PRESENTED HEREIN HAS BEEN COMPILED FROM SOURCES CONSIDERED TO BE DEPENDABLE AND ACCURATE TO THE BEST OF PENETONE'S KNOWLEDGE. THE INFORMATION RELATES TO THIS SPECIFIC MATERIAL. IT MAY NOT BE VALID FOR THIS MATERIAL IF USED IN COMBINATION WITH ANY OTHER MATERIALS OR IN ANY PROCESS. IT IS THE USER'S RESPONSIBILITY TO SATISFY ONESELF AS TO THE SUITABILITY AND COMPLETENESS OF THIS INFORMATION FOR HIS OWN PARTICULAR USE.

Oakite® 61 B

An Inhibited alkaline tank immersion cleaner for aluminum and aluminum alloys approved under Boeing Specification BAC 5749.

PRIMARY APPLICATION

Oakite 61 B is an inhibited, alkaline tank immersion cleaner for aluminum and aluminum alloy castings, forgings and sheet. It is especially designed to remove stenciled identification inks (even baked-on inks), oils and shop soils with no attack on the base metal. After rinsing, it provides a chemically clean, water-break free surface. The material is free-rinsing and may be air-agitated if desired.

Oakite 61 B may also be used for soak tank cleaning of aluminum cake pans, meat molds and freezer pans in food plants. It contains ingredients acceptable to the FDA and is authorized by the USDA for use in federally inspected meat and poultry plants.

CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS

	surfactants and alkaline salts, including silicates
physical form	
	as used: colorless solution
odor	none
bulk density	7.5 lb/gal at 68°F
viscosity	
flash point	
hygroscopic tendency	moderate
foaming tendency	moderate
recommended diluents	water
maximum solubility	. 37.5 g/ℓ at 21°C (5 oz/gal at 70°F)
behavior in hard water	sequesters
rinsability	good
biodegradable surfactants	yes
phosphate-free	
normal working temperatures	.71° to 88°C (160° to 190°F)
normal working concentrations	. 22.5 to 60 g/ℓ (3 to 8 oz/gal)
pH at working concentrations	
effect of prolonged boiling	. none

effect of working solutions on metals......rate of metal loss from 6-hour static immersion in Oakite 61 B, 30 g/ ℓ (4 oz/gal) at 88°C (190°F), projected for one year, is as follows:

metal (alloy)	mm/yr	in/yr
aluminum (1100, 2024)	0.00	0.000
steel	0.00	0.000
stainless steel	0.00	0.000
brass	0.46	0.018
copper	0.43	0.017
magnesium	0.00	0.000
zinc	1.98	0.078

APPLICATION PROCEDURE

For Removing Stencil Inks, Oils, Light Films, Shop Soils

Use 61 B at 22.5 to 60 g/ ℓ (3 to 8 oz/gal) of cold water (depending upon the soils). Heat to between 71°C and 88°C (160° to 190°F) and immerse parts for 5 to 10 minutes. Air agitation may be used to improve cleaning. Follow this stage with a rinse.

For Removing Food Residues from Meat Molds, Cake and Fryer Pans

Apply 61 B at 30 to 60 g/ ℓ (4 to 8 oz/gal) of water (depending upon the soils) and heat to 88°C (190°F). Immerse as necessary to assure thorough soil removal. Rinse. (Air agitation is helpful.)

Solution Control:

Concentrations are titrated using Gardotest Procedure 122. Sample Size: 2.0 mls Factor: 6.0

For free and total alkali, use Gardotest Procedure 123. (See Procedure)

EQUIPMENT

Chemical Dispensing: The Chemetall Oakite Slurry Feed System can be used to premix powdered products with water allowing them to become slurries. The slurries can then be fed into the process automatically with a process controller and/or the proper chemical feed pump. The system includes a slurry tank, tank stand, mixer and chemical feed pump. Please contact the Chemetall Oakite Process Equipment and Engineering Department for specific recommendations.

NOTES ON USE (See Material Safety Data Sheet)

Safety and Handling Precautions: Oakite 61 B is a moderately alkaline industrial product containing biodegradable surfactants. May cause burns to eyes. Causes skin irritation. Harmful if swallowed. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wear rubber gloves, safety goggles or face shield, and suitable protective clothing when handling dry powder or solutions. Wash thoroughly after using. Do not take internally.

First Aid in Case of Contact: Flush skin or eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. For **eyes**, get medical attention. If **swallowed**, give several glasses of water or milk to drink followed by dilute vinegar, lemon juice or other citrus fruit juice. Contact a physician.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

DISPOSAL (See Material Safety Data Sheet)

Dispose of according to all federal, state and local regulations.

PACKAGING

Packaged in nonreturnable fiber drums with poly bags as follows:

large drum: 400 lb/385 lb net small drum: 170 lb/162 lb net

SHIPMENT

May be shipped by any common carrier. Freight classification is "Cleaning Compound, NOI, Powder". Product Code: 0612.

STORAGE

Suitable for general indoor storage. Keep container closed when not in use.

Oakse Products, Inc. warrants that the product or products described berein will conform with its published specifications. The products supplied by Oakse and information related to them are necessary industrial skill and knowledge. Buyers should undertake sufficient verification and using to determine the suitability of the Oakse undertake for their purpose. Since buyer's conditions of use of products are beyond Oakse's control, Oaksie does not warrant any recommendations and information for the use of such purpose. Oakse and all Other Warranties including the insent of such purpose in CONNECTION WITH THE USE OF ITS PRODUCTS.





ISO 9001:200 FM 93653 -0

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

S4007 ZINC CHROMATE PRIMER (AEROSOL) TT-P-1757A Sales Order: {SalesOrd}

MSDS Revision No:

MSDS Revision Date:

11/23/2004



Akzo Nobel Coatings

Awlgrip North America

2270 Morris Avenue

P. O. Box 386

Union, NJ 07083

EMERGENCY NUMBERS:

(800) 424-9300

(703) 527-3887

CHEMTREC (Intl)
Poison Control

(800) 854-6813

Center

CUSTOMER SERVICE:

(888) 355-3090

(Non-Emergency) AWLGRIP (Phone)

CHEMTREC (USA)

(908) 686-1752

AWLGRIP (Fax)

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Product Identity:

S4007 ZINC CHROMATE PRIMER (AEROSOL) TT-P-1757A

Bulk Sales Reference No: OS4007

IMPORTANT: Read this MSDS before handling or disposing of this product, and provide this information to the employee, customers, and users of this product. PLEASE NOTE THE MSDS REVISION NUMBER AT THE TOP OF THIS PAGE. If the MSDS Revision Number posted at the top of this page does not match the MSDS Revision Number on the product label, please contact Customer Service at the phone number included above for the correct MSDS. This product is covered by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard and this document has been prepared in accordance with requirements of this standard.

NOTICE: OSHA hazardous chemicals are listed in Section 2 if present at 1% or more. Carcinogens and extraordinarily/special hazardous chemicals are listed in Section 2 if present at .1% or more. Additional regulatory information for specific chemical categories is included in Section 15.

2. HAZARDOUS INGREDIENT INFORMATION

CAS No.	Ingredient Name & %	Source	Exposure Data
		OSHA:	1000 ppm TWA; 2400 mg/m3 TWA1000 ppm STEL; 2400 mg/m3 STEL (The acetone STEL does not apply to the cellulose acetate fiber
		ACGIH:	500 ppm TWA750 ppm STEL

3 300 10000 - 20 300 0000			
		NIOSH:	250 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA2500 ppm IDLH
		Supplier:	No Data Available
		OHSA, CAN:	500 ppm TWAEV750 ppm STEV
Acetone 25 - 50% by Weight		Mexico:	1000 ppm TWA; 2400 mg/m3 TWA1260 ppm STEL; 3000 mg m3 STEL
	23 - 30 % by Weight	Brazil:	780 ppm TWA; 1870 mg/m3 TWA
		Source	Health Data
		NIOSH:	Narcosis; CNS depression; eye nose
		Source	Carcinogen Data
		OSHA:	Select Carcinogen: No
		NTP:	Known Carcinogen: No; Suspected Carcinogen: No
		IARC:	Group 1: No; Group 2A: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No
CAS No.	Ingredient Name & %	Source	Exposure Data
		OSHA:	1000 ppm TWA; 1800 mg/m3 TWA
	ACGIH:	2500 ppm TWA	
	NIOSH:	1000 ppm TWA; 1800 mg/m3 TWA2100 ppm IDLH	
		Supplier:	No Data Available
		OHSA, CAN:	2500 ppm TWAEV
	D	Mexico:	No Data Available
000074-98-6	Propane 10 - 25% by Weight	Brazil:	No Data Available
		Source	Health Data
		NIOSH:	Asphyxiation
		Source	Carcinogen Data
		OSHA:	Select Carcinogen: No
		NTP:	Known Carcinogen: No; Suspected Carcinogen: No
		IARC:	Group 1: No; Group 2A: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No
CAS No.	Ingredient Name & %	Source	Exposure Data
	OSHA:	100 ppm TWA; 300 mg/m3 TWA	
		OSIIA.	100 ppm 1 1111, 500 mg/ms 1 1111
		ACGIH:	50 ppm TWA

		Supplier: OHSA,	No Data Available 50 ppm TWAEV; 150 mg/m3 TWAEV
		CAN: Mexico:	50 ppm TWA; 150 mg/m3 TWA75 ppm STEL; 225 mg/m3 STEL
000078-83-1	Isobutyl alcohol 1.0 - 10% by Weight	Brazil:	40 ppm TWA; 115 mg/m3 TWA
		Source	Health Data
		NIOSH:	Narcotic effects; mild irritation of the skin eyes
		Source	Carcinogen Data
		OSHA:	Select Carcinogen: No
		NTP:	Known Carcinogen: No; Suspected Carcinogen: No
		IARC:	Group 1: No; Group 2A: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No
CAS No.	Ingredient Name & %	Source	Exposure Data
		OSHA:	150 ppm STEL; 540 mg/m3 STEL
		ACGIH:	100 ppm TWA150 ppm STEL
		NIOSH:	100 ppm TWA; 360 mg/m3 TWA150 ppm STEL; 540 mg/m3 STEL
		Supplier:	No Data Available
		OHSA, CAN:	100 ppm TWAEV; 365 mg/m3 TWAEV150 ppm STEV; 550 mg/m3 STEV
	Propylene glycol monomethyl	Mexico:	No Data Available
000107-98-2	ether	Brazil:	No Data Available
	1.0 - 10% by Weight	Source	Health Data
		NIOSH:	Eye nose
		Source	Carcinogen Data
		OSHA:	Select Carcinogen: No
		NTP:	Known Carcinogen: No; Suspected Carcinogen: No
		IARC:	Group 1: No; Group 2A: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No
CAS No.	Ingredient Name & %	Source	Exposure Data
		OSHA:	100 ppm TWA; 410 mg/m3 TWA75 ppm STEL; 300 mg/m3 STEL
		ACGIH:	50 ppm TWA75 ppm STEL
		NIOSH:	50 ppm TWA; 205 mg/m3 TWA75 ppm STEL; 300 mg/m3 STEL500 ppm IDLH

	Supplier:	No Data Available	
	OHSA,	50 ppm TWAEV; 205 mg/m3 TWAEV75 ppm STEV; 305 mg/	
		CAN:	m3 STEV 50 ppm TWA; 203 mg/m3 TWA75 ppm STEL; 307 mg/m3
000100 10 1	Methylisobutyl ketone	Mexico:	STEL.
000108-10-1	10 - 25% by Weight	Brazil:	No Data Available
		Source	Health Data
		NIOSH:	Irritation liver
		Source	Carcinogen Data
	OSHA:	Select Carcinogen: No	
		NTP:	Known Carcinogen: No; Suspected Carcinogen: No
		IARC:	Group 1: No; Group 2A: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No
CAS No.	Ingredient Name & %	Source	Exposure Data
		OSHA:	150 ppm TWA; 700 mg/m3 TWA
		ACGIH:	150 ppm TWA
		NIOSH:	150 ppm TWA; 700 mg/m3 TWA1300 ppm IDLH
		Supplier:	No Data Available
		OHSA, CAN:	150 ppm TWAEV; 710 mg/m3 TWAEV187 ppm STEV; 887 mg m3 STEV
			150 ppm TWA; 700 mg/m3 TWA187 ppm STEL; 875 mg/m3
	Isobutyl acetate	Mexico:	STEL
000110-19-0	1.0 - 10% by Weight	Brazil:	No Data Available
		Source	Health Data
		NIOSH:	Eye and nose irritation narcosis
		Source	Carcinogen Data
		OSHA:	Select Carcinogen: No
		NTP:	Known Carcinogen: No; Suspected Carcinogen: No
		IARC:	Group 1: No; Group 2A: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No
CAS No.	Ingredient Name & %	Source	Exposure Data
		OSHA:	No Data Available
		ACGIH:	No Data Available
		NIOSH:	No Data Available

		Supplier:	No Data Available
		OHSA, CAN:	No Data Available
000115-10-6 Dimethyl ether 10 - 25% by Weight	•	Mexico:	No Data Available
	Brazil:	No Data Available	
		Source	Health Data
		NIOSH:	No Data Available
	Source	Carcinogen Data	
	OSHA:	Select Carcinogen: No	
	NTP:	Known Carcinogen: No; Suspected Carcinogen: No	
		IARC:	Group 1: No; Group 2A: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No
CAS No.	Ingredient Name & %	Source	Exposure Data
		OSHA:	500 ppm TWA; 2000 mg/m3 TWA500 ppm STEL; 2000 mg/m3 STEL
		ACGIH:	400 ppm TWA500 ppm STEL
		NIOSH:	85 ppm TWA; 350 mg/m3 TWA440 ppm Ceiling (15 minute); 1800 mg/m3 Ceiling (15 minute)750 ppm IDLH
		Supplier:	No Data Available
		OHSA, CAN:	400 ppm TWAEV; 1635 mg/m3 TWAEV500 ppm STEV; 2045 mg/m3 STEV
	Heptane (n-)	Mexico:	400 ppm TWA; 1600 mg/m3 TWA500 ppm STEL; 2000 mg/m3 STEL
000142-82-5	1.0 - 10% by Weight	Brazil:	No Data Available
		Source	Health Data
		NIOSH:	Skin and nervous system effects (Listed under 'Alkanes (C5-C8)')
		Source	Carcinogen Data
		OSHA:	Select Carcinogen: No
		NTP:	Known Carcinogen: No; Suspected Carcinogen: No
	A .	IARC:	Group 1: No; Group 2A: No; Group 4: No
CAS No.	Ingredient Name & %	Source	Exposure Data
		OSHA:	1 mg/m3 TWA
		ACGIH:	0.5 mg/m3 TWA
		NIOSH:	0.5 mg/m3 TWA250 mg/m3 IDLH

		Supplier:	No Data Available
		OHSA, CAN:	0.5 mg/m3 TWAEV
	Chromium	Mexico:	0.5 mg/m3 TWA
007440-47-3	1.0 - 10% by Weight	Brazil:	No Data Available
		Source	Health Data
		NIOSH:	Pulmonary effects
		Source	Carcinogen Data
		OSHA:	Select Carcinogen: No
		NTP:	Known Carcinogen: No; Suspected Carcinogen: No
		IARC:	Group 1: No; Group 2A: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: Yes; Group 4: No
CAS No.	Ingredient Name & %	Source	Exposure Data
	OSHA:	No Data Available	
	ACGIH:	No Data Available	
	NIOSH:	No Data Available	
		Supplier:	No Data Available
		OHSA, CAN:	No Data Available
		Mexico:	No Data Available
007440-66-6	Zinc 1.0 - 10% by Weight	Brazil:	No Data Available
	1.0 = 10 % by Weight	Source	Health Data
		NIOSH:	No Data Available
		Source	Carcinogen Data
		OSHA:	Select Carcinogen: No
		NTP:	Known Carcinogen: No; Suspected Carcinogen: No
		IARC:	Group 1: No; Group 2A: No; Group 4: No
CAS No.	Ingredient Name & %	Source	Exposure Data
		OSHA:	No Data Available
		ACGIH:	No Data Available
		NIOSH:	No Data Available
	Supplier:	No Data Available	

		OHSA, CAN:	No Data Available
	Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	Mexico:	No Data Available
64742-88-7	medium aliphatic 1.0 - 10% by Weight	Brazil:	No Data Available
	Source	Health Data	
	NIOSH:	No Data Available	
	Source	Carcinogen Data	
		OSHA:	Select Carcinogen: No
		NTP:	Known Carcinogen: No; Suspected Carcinogen: No
	IARC:	Group 1: No; Group 2A: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No	

CAS No.	Ingredient Name & %	Source	Exposure Data	
064742-89-8	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliphatic 1.0 - 10% by Weight	OSHA:	No Data Available	
		ACGIH:	No Data Available	
		NIOSH:	No Data Available	
		Supplier:	No Data Available	
		OHSA, CAN:	No Data Available	
		Mexico:	No Data Available	
		Brazil:	No Data Available	
		Source	Health Data	
		NIOSH:	No Data Available	
		Source	Carcinogen Data	
		OSHA:	Select Carcinogen: No	
		NTP:	Known Carcinogen: No; Suspected Carcinogen: No	
		IARC:	Group 1: No; Group 2A: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No	

3. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Overview:	Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.	
Inhalation:	Harmful if inhaled. Causes nose and throat irritation.	
Eyes:	Causes severe eye irritation. Do not get in eyes.	

Chronic Effects:

Respiratory:

Eyes:

Skin/Hand:

Skin: Causes skin irritation. May be harmful if absorbed through the skin.

Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed. May cause abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, or drowsiness.

Contains an ingredient which can cause organ damage (See Section 2 and Section 15 for each ingredient). Birth defect hazard. Contains an ingredient which can cause birth defects (See Section 2 and Section 15 for

each ingredient). Cancer hazard. Contains an ingredient which can cause cancer (See Section 2 and Section

15 for each ingredient). Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

HMIS Rating: Health: Unknown Flammability: Unknown Reactivity: Unknown

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention immediately. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean or destroy contaminated shoes.

Inhalation: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give

oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.

Eyes: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention

immediately.

Skin: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion: If swallowed, immediately contact Poison Control Center at 1-800-854-6813. DO NOT induce vomiting unless instructed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

5. PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND CONTROL MEASURES

Select equipment to provide protection from the ingredients listed in Section 2 of this document. Ensure fresh air entry during application and drying. If you experience eye watering, headache or dizziness or if air monitoring demonstrates dust, vapor, or mist levels are above applicable limits, wear an appropriate, properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) during and after application. Follow respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use. FOR USERS OF 3M RESPIRATORY PROTECTION ONLY: For information and assistance on 3M occupational health and safety products, call OH&ESD

Technical Service toll free in U.S.A. 1-800-243-4630, in Canada call 1-800-267-4414. Please do not contact these numbers regarding other manufacturer's respiratory protection products. 3M does not

endorse the accuracy of the information contained in this Material Safety Data Sheet.

Do not get in eyes. Protective equipment should be selected to provide protection from exposure to the chemicals listed in Section 2 of this document. Depending on the site-specific conditions of use, safety glasses, chemical goggles, and/or head and face protection may be required to prevent contact. The

equipment must be thoroughly cleaned, or discarded after each use.

Protective equipment should be selected to provide protection from exposure to the chemicals listed in Section 2 of this document. Depending on the site-specific conditions of use, protective gloves, apron, boots, head and face protection may be required to prevent contact. The equipment must be thoroughly

cleaned, or discarded after each use.

Engineering
Controls:

Depending on the site-specific conditions of use, provide adequate ventilation.

Other Work Practices: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, using toilet facilities, etc. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash clothing thoroughly before reuse. Shower after work using plenty of soap and water.

6. FIRE AND EXPLOSION INFORMATION

Flash Point.

F: 0

C: -18

Lower Explosive Limit

Fire and Explosion Hazards:

Fire Fighting Procedures:

(LEL):

0.9 (%vol in air) at Normal Atmospheric Temp and Pressure

Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors may cause flash fire. FLAMMABLE/

COMBUSTIBLE MATERIALS: Will be easily ignited by heat, sparks or flames. Vapors may

form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Most vapors are heavier than air. They will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas

(sewers, basements, tanks) creating a vapor explosion hazard. Runoff to sewers may create fire or

explosion hazard. Containers may explode when heated.

CAUTION: This product has a very low flashpoint. Use of water spray when fighting fire may be

inefficient. SMALL FIRES: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray or alcohol-resistant foam.

LARGE FIRES: Use water spray, fog, or alcohol-resistant foam. Do not use straight streams.

Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Runoff from fire control may cause

pollution. Dike fire control water for later disposal. Do not scatter the material.

Also Reference Emergency Response Guide Number: 127

7. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State:

No Information Provided

pH:

?

Specific Gravity:

0.785

Boiling Point (F):

10.6 ERROR!!!

Vapor Density:

Heavier than air

VOC Content (lbs):

Refer to the Technical Data Sheet for this product.

Evaporation Rate:

Slower than ether

8. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY DATA

General:

This product is stable and hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Incompatible

Materials:

Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decompostion: May produce hazardous furnes when heated to decomposition as in welding. Furnes may produce

Carbon Dioxide and Carbon Monoxide.

9. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Storage Temperature:

Store between 32 and 120 F

Handling and Storage

Precautions:

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not smoke. Extinguish all flames and pilot lights, and turn off stoves, heaters, electric motors and other sources of ignition during use and until all vapors are gone. Vapors may cause flash fire or ignite explosively. Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing. Close container after each use. Wash thoroughly after handling.

TOXICOLOGICAL DATA 10.

General:

No additional information provided for this product. See Section 2 for chemical specific data.

ECOLOGICAL DATA 11.

General:

No additional information provided for this product. See Section 2 for chemical specific data.

12. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spill Response Procedures:

ELIMINATE ALL IGNITION SOURCES (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Use only non-sparking equipment to handle spilled material and absorbent. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand, or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers. Use non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material.

Public Safety:

CALL CHEMTREC at (800)-424-9300 for emergency response. Isolate spill or leak area immediately for at least 25 to 50 meters (80 to 160 feet) in all directions. Keep unauthorized personnel away. Stay upwind. Keep out of low areas. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. LARGE SPILLS: Consider initial downwind evacuation for at least 300 meters (1000 feet).

Also, Reference Emergency Response Guide Number: 127

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION

Waste Disposal:

Dispose of in accordance with local, state and federal regulations. (Also reference RCRA information in Section 15 if listed).

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

DOT (Domesti	ic Surface Transportation)	IMO / IMDG (Ocean Transportation)	
DOT Proper Shipping Na	ame:	IMDG Proper Shipping Name:	
PAINT		PAINT	
DOT I	3	IMDG Hazard	3.2 - Intermediate flashpoint flammable
DOT Hazard Class:		Class:	liquids
UN / NA Number:	UN 1263	UN Number:	UN 1263
		IMDG Packing	n .
DOT Packing Group:	II	Group:	
CERCI A MORINO	2050 1 / 20000 11	System Reference	20
CERCLA/DOT RQ:	3059 gal. / 20000 lbs.	Code:	38

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The regulatory data in Section 15 is not intended to be allinclusive, only selected regulations are represented. All
ingredients of this product are listed on the TSCA (Toxic
Substance Control Act) Inventory or are not required to be
listed on the TSCA Inventory.

Note: Any chemical ingredients listed in Section 15, that
do not also appear in Section 2, are contained in the
product at a concentration below the applicable OSHA
threshold level of 1% or 0.1%.

WHMIS Classification:

Not Determined

Regulatory List

Product Ingredients on List

DOT Marine Pollutants

(10%):

(No Product

Ingredients Listed)

DOT Severe Marine

Pollutants (1%):

(No Product

Ingredients Listed)

EPCRA 311/312 Chemicals and ROs (>.1%): 000067-64-1 Acetone: 5000 lb final RQ; 2270 kg final RQ Chromium: 5000 lb final RQ (no reporting of releases of 007440-47-3 this hazardous substance is required if the diame Isobutyl acetate: 5000 lb final RQ (Listed under Butyl 000110-19-0 acetate); 2270 kg final RO (Listed under Butyl acetate) Isobutyl alcohol: 5000 lb final RO; 2270 kg final RO 000078-83-1 Methylisobutyl ketone: 5000 lb final RQ; 2270 kg final 000108-10-1 RO Zinc: 1000 lb final RQ (no reporting of releases of this 007440-66-6 hazardous substance is required if the diame **EPCRA 302 Extremely** Hazardous (>.1%): (No Product **Ingredients Listed**) **EPCRA 313 Toxic Chemicals (>.1%):** 007440-47-3 Chromium 000108-10-1 Methylisobutyl ketone 000107-98-2 Propylene glycol monomethyl ether 007440-66-6 Zinc Mass RTK Substances (>1%): 000067-64-1 Acetone 007440-47-3 Chromium 000115-10-6 Dimethyl ether 000142-82-5 Heptane (n-) 000110-19-0 Isobutyl acetate Isobutyl alcohol 000078-83-1 Methylisobutyl ketone 000108-10-1 000074-98-6 Propane 000107-98-2 Propylene glycol monomethyl ether 007440-66-6 Zinc Mass Extraordinarily Haz Sub (>.01%): 007440-47-3 Chromium Penn RTK Substances (>1%): 000067-64-1 Acetone 007440-47-3 Chromium 000115-10-6 Dimethyl ether 000142-82-5 Heptane (n-) 000110-19-0 Isobutyl acetate 000078-83-1 Isobutyl alcohol Methylisobutyl ketone 000108-10-1 000074-98-6 Propane 000107-98-2 Propylene glycol monomethyl ether 007440-66-6 Zinc Penn Special Hazardous

Chromium

Substances (>.01%): 007440-47-3

Rhode Island Hazardous Substances (>.1%): 000067-64-1 Acetone 007440-47-3 Chromium 000115-10-6 Dimethyl ether 000142-82-5 Heptane (n-) 000110-19-0 Isobutyl acetate 000078-83-1 Isobutyl alcohol 000108-10-1 Methylisobutyl ketone 000074-98-6 Propane 000107-98-2 Propylene glycol monomethyl ether 007440-66-6 Zinc **RCRA Status** (>.01%): Chromium: 5.0 mg/L regulatory level; waste number 007440-47-3 D007 N.J. RTK Substances (>1%): 000067-64-1 Acetone 007440-47-3 Chromium 000115-10-6 Dimethyl ether 000142-82-5 Heptane (n-) 000110-19-0 Isobutyl acetate 000078-83-1 Isobutyl alcohol 000108-10-1 Methylisobutyl ketone 000074-98-6 Propane 000107-98-2 Propylene glycol monomethyl ether 007440-66-6 Zinc N.J. Special Hazardous **Substances** (>.01%): 000067-64-1 Acetone 007440-47-3 Chromium 000115-10-6 Dimethyl ether 000142-82-5 Heptane (n-) 000110-19-0 Isobutyl acetate 000078-83-1 Isobutyl alcohol 000108-10-1 Methylisobutyl ketone 000074-98-6 Propane 000107-98-2 Propylene glycol monomethyl ether N.J. Env. Hazardous Substances (>.1%): 007440-47-3 Chromium 000115-10-6 Dimethyl ether 000108-10-1 Methylisobutyl ketone 000074-98-6 Propane 000107-98-2 Propylene glycol monomethyl ether 007440-66-6 Zinc Proposition 65 -Carcinogens (>0%): (No Product **Ingredients Listed**) **Proposition 65 - Female** Repro Toxins (>0%): (No Product

Ingredients Listed)

Proposition 65 - Male Repro Toxins (>0%): (No Product Ingredients Listed) Proposition 65 -Developmental Toxins (>0%): (No Product Ingredients Listed)

16. OTHER INFORMATION

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, is made with respect to the information contained herein. We accept no responsibility and disclaim all liability for any harmful effects which may be caused by exposure to our products. Customers/users of this product must comply with all applicable health and safety laws, regulations, and orders.

End Of Document

DeMarco, Robert

From: Norman, Pamela

Sent: Wednesday, July 11, 2012 2:49 PM

To: DeMarco, Robert

Subject: RE: FW: Coast Guard Hazardous waste records

Mr. Demarco,

Your inquiry was forwarded to me by NARA. Other than those environmental records created by the National Pollution Fund Center, USCG hasn't scheduled environmental records. The current policy is to retain them indefinitely. There should be guidance/direction in the COMDT Instructions/Manuals 16475 series; we are working with the program managers for those directives, on developing and published specific records guidance.

I suggest you call the responsible office here at USCG headquarters for additional clarification.

v/r

Pamela J. Norman COMMANDANT (CG-61) US COAST GUARD Records Officer ph. (202) 475-3534

----Original Message-----From: <u>Erin.Cayce@nara.gov</u>

Sent: Thursday, June 28, 2012 11:35 AM

To: Norman, Pamela

Subject: Re: FW: Coast Guard Schedule

Good morning Pamela,

I also wanted to let you know that I received a call from a Bob DeMarco who is at a CG facility in Baltimore, MD, looking for records of trash manifests, waste disposal manifests, etc. He says he has received a 104e letter from the EPA alerting him that there's a new issue with a hazardous waste dump, and he's looking to see how such things are handled across your agency. I thought I ought to send you his question rather than jump into the middle of that before you have heard of it. His contact is 410-636-7070.

Thanks so much, and happy Fourth, Erin

Erin M. Cayce Archives Specialist Archives II 8601 Adelphi Road College Park, MD 20740-6001 301-837-1907

DeMarco, Robert

From: DeMarco, Robert

Sent: Thursday, June 14, 2012 3:15 PM

To: Davis, Jerry

Cc: Barresi, John CDR; Weidel, Ruth Ann

Subject: EPA 104e Letter

Attachments: 104e Letter 4-23-12.PDF

Mr. Davis,

This is written to follow up on our conversation of this morning. Please see attached 104e letter from the US Environmental Protection Agency. EPA requires detailed information from the CG Yard on past waste disposal practices for the period 1960 to 1990. As you may expect, many of the employees having knowledge of our waste practices during that time period are now retired. By interviewing current long time employees at the Yard we have created a list of retired individuals who likely have some knowledge of the requested information. I was going to provide the addresses for these retired employees that we have on file upon their retirement. Ms. Weidel, the CG Attorney for this effort has requested their current addresses since undoubtedly many have moved since their retirement.

The names and DOB for the retired employees is below. This is to request you forward our request to the appropriate office or person.

Walter C. Dorsch Jr.

Retired: Date unknown

Stanley P. Patro Jr.

Retired: Date unknown

William Brown

Retired: November 2011

Everett C. Warble Jr.

Retired: June 2005

Joseph E. Botts

Retired: Date unknown.

Ursula Yeo

Retired: Date unknown

Richard W. Doherty Retired: Date unknown

Frank Garriques

Retired: Date unknown

William Brown

Retired: November 2011

Thank you, I am available to answer any questions.

Respectfully,

Robert A. DeMarco Yard Environmental Engineer Mail Stop #10, Building #4 2401 Hawkins Point Road Baltimore, MD 21226

Desk (410) 636-7070 Cell (410) 336-8637

DeMarco, Robert

From: DeMarco, Robert

Sent: Wednesday, June 06, 2012 6:06 AM

To: Borman, Denise

Subject: RE: Contact Information for Former Employees

Thanks Denise.

----Original Message----

From: Borman, Denise

Sent: Tuesday, June 05, 2012 3:41 PM

To: DeMarco, Robert

Subject: RE: Contact Information for Former Employees

Found Doherty-

Richard W. Doherty



And these addresses are not current, these are last known when employed here.

----Original Message----

From: DeMarco, Robert

Sent: Wednesday, May 30, 2012 3:08 PM

To: Borman, Denise

Subject: RE: Contact Information for Former Employees

Denise,

No rush on this. It is William Brown who retired in 2011 from the Electric Shop. Ordinarily I would ask Paloma about military but she is out. Do you know a contact person for military?

Thanks, Bob

----Original Message----

From: Borman, Denise

Sent: Wednesday, May 30, 2012 3:05 PM

To: DeMarco, Robert

Subject: RE: Contact Information for Former Employees

Bob FYI - I would only have last known address (when they worked here), not a current

address.

Ursula was a Yard employee, I remember her well.

I would not have any military addresses, therefore I would not have an address (former or current) for Capt Payne. Maybe Military Personnel could help you with that one?

Do you have any additional information on William Brown. The Yard had a William Brown who retired in 2011 from the Electric Shop, the ELC had a William Brown who left in 2010 from the Warehouse, could it be one of them or someone completely different?

I'll get this info for the others asap.

----Original Message----

From: DeMarco, Robert

Sent: Wednesday, May 30, 2012 2:40 PM

To: Borman, Denise Cc: Barresi, John CDR

Subject: Contact Information for Former Employees

Denise,

In order to fulfill a request by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) we are requesting contact information for the following list of former CG employees. EPA has requested current addresses and dates of birth for former employees knowledgeable of past Yard waste management practices. It is my understanding that Ursula Yeo was a ELC employee, the rest were Yard employees.

Everett Warble Ursula Yeo Joseph E. Botts CAPT J. M. Payne William Brown

Thanks, Bob

DeMarco, Robert

From: DeMarco, Robert

Sent: Wednesday, August 22, 2012 1:35 PM

To: DeMarco, Robert

Subject: FW: EPA Seeking Information From Retired Coast Guard Civilians

From: Misiorek, Walter

Sent: Wednesday, July 18, 2012 8:18 AM

To: DeLuca, Laura

Cc: Davis, Jerry; Weidel, Ruth Ann

Subject: EPA Seeking Information From Retired Coast Guard Civilians

Good morning Laura. As we discussed last week, we have been ordered to comply with a request from the EPA. See below...

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is seeking information concerning a release, or the threat of a release, of hazardous substances into the environment at the Sauer Dump Site in Baltimore County, MD from 1960 – 1990. Pursuant to the authority of Section 104(e) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, as amended (CERCLA), 42 U.S.C. Section 9604(e), the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has required the U.S. Coast Guard to furnish all information and documentation in our possession, custody or control, related to our use of the Sauer Dump Site from 1960 – 1990. Many of our employees having knowledge of our waste practices during that time period are now retired. We have come up with a list of retired civilian employees that may have information to share. As you know, federal agencies do not maintain records on retired civilians. Would you please forward our request to the appropriate official at the Office of Personnel Management, so that we can comply with the EPA request at your earliest convenience?

We would like the current addresses for the following retirees:

Walter C. Dorsch Jr.

Stanley P. Patro Jr.

William Brown

, retired November 2011

Everett C. Warble Jr.

, retired June 2005

Joseph E. Botts

Ursula Yeo

Richard Doherty DOB unknown

Frank Garriques DOB unknown Thank you in advance for your help.

V/r

Walt Misiorek

Chief, Retirement and Benefits Service Center U.S. Coast Guard Office of Civilian Human Resources

CG-1213 2100 2nd St., SW CG-1213, Room 8-0824 Washington, DC 20593-7801

Office: 202-475-5325, Fax: 202-475-5924

http://www.uscg.mil/civilianhr/

How's my service? Let us know at: http://www.uscg.mil/civilianhr/survey

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DeMarco, Robert

From: Fennell, Sean PERS4

Sent: Tuesday, July 24, 2012 2:22 PM

To: DeMarco, Robert Cc: Barresi, John CDR

Subject: RE: EPA Information Request

Good Afternoon,

We have exhausted all avenues of research. They are not anywhere in DEERS, nor in active records at PPC Topeka. This tells me that they are no longer among the living. Not positive, but seems likely. Sorry.

v/r/ CWO FEnnell

----Original Message----

From: DeMarco, Robert

Sent: Thursday, July 05, 2012 7:51 AM

To: Fennell, Sean PERS4 Cc: Barresi, John CDR

Subject: EPA Information Request

Mr. Fennell,

The CG Yard has been named as a Potential Responsible Party at a Superfund Site in Baltimore County, Maryland. In order to fulfill an information request by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) we are requesting contact information for the following two former CG officers. EPA has requested current addresses (or past addresses if current addresses are not known) and dates of birth for former officers believed to be knowledgeable of past Yard waste management practices. We do not know exactly when they were at the Yard but believe it was in the mid to late 1980s.

CAPT J.M. Payne

Designated Health and Safety Official, Manager, Industrial Ops

CAPT R.A. Walsh, Safety and Health Official

Please advise if you have any questions, thanks, Bob

Robert A. DeMarco Yard Environmental Engineer Mail Stop #10, Building #4 2401 Hawkins Point Road Baltimore, MD 21226

Desk (410) 636-7070 Cell (410) 336-8637